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TODAY'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: Overcast. Temp. 73-59 (23-15). Tomorrow cloudy, with showers. Yesterday's temp. 73-59 (23-15). LONDON: Variable. Temp. 75-55 (24-13). Tomorrow same. Yesterday's temp. 77-57 (25-14). CHANNEL: Slight. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 86-57 (30-14). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 85-70 (29-21). Yesterday's temp. 90-65 (32-18).
ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

Austria	8 S.	Lebanon	90 P.
Belgium	14 B.Fr.	Luxembourg	14 L.Fr.
Denmark	2.25 D.Kr.	Morocco	1.50 Dr.
Eire (Inc. tax)	11 P.	Netherlands	1 Flor.
Finland	1.40 F.M.	Nigeria	2/6
France	1.30 Fr.	Norway	2.25 N.Kr.
Germany	1 D.M.	Portugal	8 Esc.
Great Britain	10 P.	Spain	10 Ptas.
Greece	12 Drs.	Sweden	1.75 S.Kr.
India	Rs. 3.75	Switzerland	1.20 S.Fr.
Iran	25 Rials	Turkey	T.£5
Italy	200 Lire	U.S. Military (Eur.)	30.25
Israel	1.£1.40	Yugoslavia	6 D.

Blaze Kills 46 On Isle of Man Resort; Arson Seen Involved

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man, Aug. 3 (AP).—An overnight fire turned a summer hotel and recreation center here into a smoldering, blackened skeleton today, leaving at least 46 persons dead, six missing and dozens injured.

"Bodies are still being taken from the building," the island's police chief, Frank Weedon, said tonight. "Many are so charred they are unrecognizable. Some appear to be children."

"We think the death toll is approximately 50," Chief Weedon said, but he conceded that it could be higher. He said that police had reports of 50 missing and that 46 bodies had been found.

Police said tonight that the blaze was probably started deliberately. They said they were looking for three youths who "were seen furtively leaving the area" when the fire broke out in a hut near the mini-golf course inside the resort.

The fire started late yesterday in Summerland, a $5-million entertainment installation that included a hotel, restaurant, bars, ballrooms, movie theaters, swimming pools, skating rinks and sauna baths, all under one acrylic-plastic dome designed to give visitors a suntan in any weather. The dome was large enough to shelter 10,000 persons. The acrylic fiber had been tested as fire-resistant.

But a British architect said it was "absolutely scandalous" that such material had been sanctioned for the huge tourist complex. London Fire Brigade experts said that, even if fire-resistant, the acrylic could burn quickly, become extremely hot and give off huge amounts of smoke.

Witnesses told how the fire turned Summerland into an inferno.

"The emergency doors were locked and people started smashing the glass to get out," Arthur Peters said. "It was sheer pandemonium." Mr. Peters, his wife and five children escaped by breaking a window.

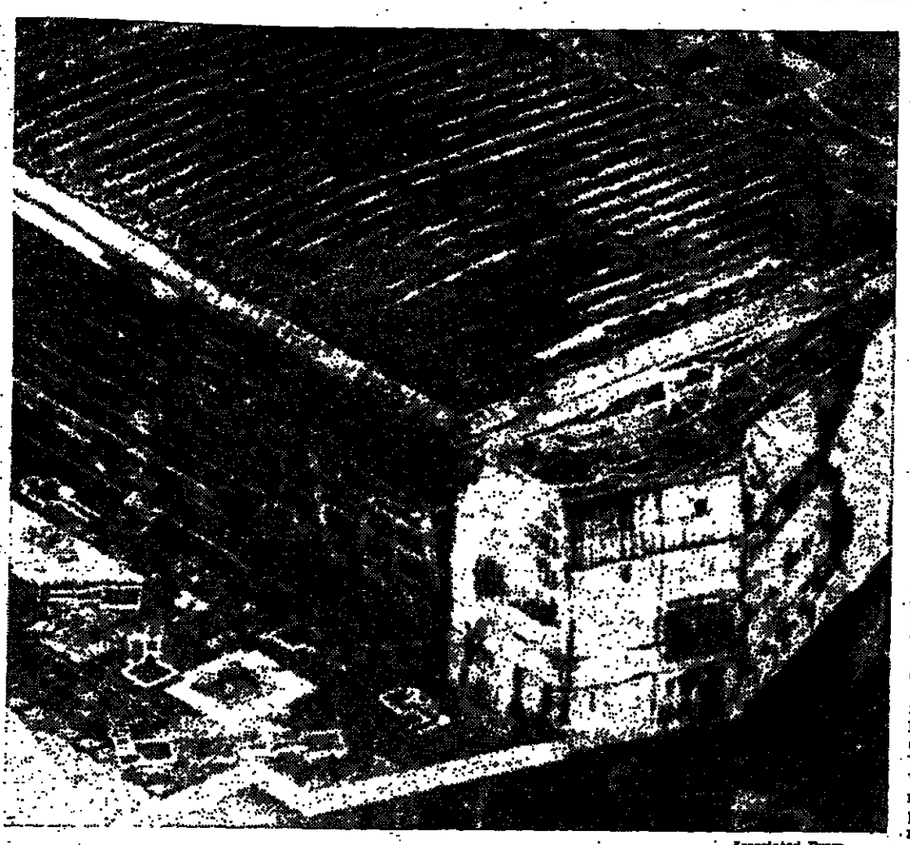
Judith Quale, 18, who got out the same way, said: "People were jumping from a burning stairway—some of them into a mass of flames."

Many on the upper floors of the seven-story hotel never had a chance.

Taxi driver George Pyatt said: "I was traveling toward the leisure center. I saw a small flame and some smoke coming from the top corner of the building. It didn't look like anything. But before I had gone 200 yards, the place suddenly went up like a matchbox.

"It was completely engulfed in flames. I rushed over but could not get near the building. It was a ball of fire, terrible. I made about eight trips to the hospital with victims, many of them

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)



Associated Press.
AFTER THE BLAZE—Aerial view of Summerland amusement center gutted by giant fire.

By White House Staff

Gray Says He Warned Nixon Of Attempts to 'Use' FBI, CIA

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (AP).—L. Patrick Gray 3d testified today that he warned President Nixon, less than three weeks after the Watergate burglary, that "people on your staff are trying to mortally wound you by using the CIA and the FBI."

But Mr. Gray said he himself did not know the full details about efforts by persons on the White House staff to draw the two agencies into a cover-up plan.

The former acting FBI director said Mr. Nixon replied: "Pat, you just continue to conduct your aggressive and thorough investigation."

Mr. Gray said he had no trouble after that.

Mr. Gray's account differed in many details from that of Army Lt. Gen. Vernon A. Walters, deputy director of the CIA. Gen. Walters testified to the Senate Watergate committee during the morning, and Mr. Gray read a prepared statement at his afternoon appearance.

Gen. Walters said he felt White House counsel John W. Dean 3d was acting improperly by asking him if the CIA could furnish bail money and salaries for the Watergate burglars. Mr. Gray said he had not known about that incident and other aspects of the cover-up but was confused by conflicting information he was receiving from several sides.

Walters Backs Helms

Gen. Walters said he, Mr. Gray and former CIA director Richard Helms resisted White House efforts to draw their agencies into the cover-up. Mr. Gray said he maintained consistently that the FBI's investigation could not be deflected without news of the cover-up leaking out.

Gen. Walters' confirmed testimony given the previous day by his former boss, Mr. Helms. He said presidential chief of staff H.R. Haldeman had ordered him June 23, 1972, six days after the burglary, to tell Mr. Gray that the FBI's Watergate investigation in Mexico might uncover some CIA assets.

He said presidential domestic adviser John D. Ehrlichman sat in on that meeting, but said little. Gen. Walters, like Mr. Helms, said he knew of no CIA secrets that could be uncovered in Mexico but thought Mr. Haldeman might know something they did not. Actually, no CIA secrets were in danger, he said.



Associated Press.
Lt. Gen. Vernon A. Walters, deputy director of CIA, being sworn in to testify before the Senate committee.

What the FBI was investigating in Mexico were Nixon campaign checks that linked the wiretappers financially to the President's re-election campaign. They had passed through a Mexican bank on their way to the Miami bank account of one of the burglars.

On June 28, Mr. Dean and Mr. Ehrlichman gave him documents from the safe of E. Howard Hunt jr., one of the Watergate conspirators, Mr. Gray said. He said he was not ordered in so many words to destroy them, but "there was, and is, no doubt in my mind that destruction was intended."

Burned Papers

Months later, around Christmastime at his Stonington, Conn., home, Mr. Gray said, he burned the papers with some household trash. He read one of the papers, a forged State Department cable implicating President John F. Kennedy in the slaying of the Diem brothers, in South Vietnam. Mr. Gray said he thought the cable was the real thing, and he was shaken.

Within days after the June 28 meeting, Mr. Dean asked Gen. Walters about bail money and salaries, Gen. Walters said. He said he refused to go along with the suggestion and threatened to resign.

Gen. Walters finally told Mr. Gray that, actually, there were no CIA secrets that the FBI would uncover in its Watergate investigation. That was July 6.

"I was confused, uncertain and uneasy," Mr. Gray said. "I was concerned enough to believe that the President should be informed."

He said he talked by telephone to the President the same day, telling Mr. Nixon: "Mr. President, there is something I want to speak to you about. Dick Walters and I feel that people

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

earing Held on Anti-War Plea

ustice Douglas Vows to Rule n Cambodia Bombing Halt

AKIMA, Wash., Aug. 3 (AP). upreme Court Justice William Douglas heard arguments to- on whether he should re- ate an order by a federal ge that the bombing of mbodia be halted.

he U.S. District Court ruling, ich ordered that the bomb- be halted on July 27, was ed by the U.S. 2d Circuit rt of Appeals on the day it to take effect after the U.S. ernment appealed the ruling.

After hearing the arguments ay, Justice Douglas returned his mountain retreat to con- er the case. He said he prob- y would issue a decision on nday through the high court Washington, D.C. "I will not the question become moot," said. "I will make a ruling." ustice Douglas is the second preme Court member to con- er the case this week. On dnesday, Justice Thurgood rshall refused to reinstate the er, he said, because with the e-man Supreme Court on mmer recess, "I would exceed legal authority were I, act- alone, to grant this applica- n." He said he was not ruling the case on its merits and phasized that he was acting the 2d Circuit surrogate for Supreme Court in an area which the high court has ruled.

The July 25 District Court ing in Brooklyn, N.Y., was de by Judge Orrin G. Judd. o held that the bombing of mbodia was unconstitutional. e suit against the bombing was ught by Rep. Elizabeth Holtzn, D., N.Y., and four U.S. Air rce officers. After the stay, group took the case to Jus- e Marshall and, after he re- ed to act, to Justice Douglas. e Holtzman group, the legal vices for which are provided the American Civil Liberties on, has the right to appeal all of the nine justices for uling.

An Aug. 15 cutoff date for a mbing halt has been legislated Congress in a compromise h President Nixon. The 2d cuit Court scheduled hearings the case for Aug. 13, two ys before the cutoff, and the e could not reach the Supreme rt in time for a ruling if the ltzman group did not appeal ectly to the high court. It s this that Justice Douglas s referring to when he said at he would not let the ques- n become moot.

ACLU attorney Burt Neuborne today told Justice Douglas: "The effect of the stay is to get judicial authority to continue to do something the judiciary said in the first place the President has no right to do."

U.S. Attorney Dean C. Smith told Justice Douglas that the decision essentially was a political one and Congress already had made it in the compromise to cut off all Indochina military activity Aug. 15.

"Congress and the President agreed on this compromise to avoid this constitutional confrontation," Mr. Smith said.



William O. Douglas

Battle Rages 3 Miles From Phnom Penh

PHNOM PENH, Aug. 3 (AP).—A major new thrust toward Phnom Penh gathered momentum today as insurgent forces battled government troops only three miles from the capital.

Field reports said an estimated 500 of the Communist-led rebels cut Highway 1 close to the village of Veal Sbau, southeast of the city. It was the closest the insurgents have come to Phnom Penh in such strength.

Several government battalions were reported cut off 12 miles southeast of the city. Troops dispatched from the city were fighting to open an escape route for the soldiers.

The front-line village of Deyeth reportedly was abandoned after a two-day battle, but government forces found their retreat blocked by Communist units that slipped in behind them.

American fighter-bombers hammered constantly at the advancing insurgents, and a haze of black smoke hung over the lush fruit-growing country southeast of Phnom Penh.

A spokesman for the military command also reported fighting southwest of Phnom Penh, where a government counterattack has

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Nixon Assails Congress Cutoff As 'Abandonment of a Friend'

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (AP).—President Nixon today accused Congress of "abandonment of a friend" by cutting off funds for U.S. bombing in Cambodia by Aug. 15.

In a letter to Congress, the President said he wanted Cambodia to know "we will continue to provide all possible support permitted under the law."

"North Vietnam would be making a very dangerous error if it mistook the cessation of bombing in Cambodia for an invitation to fresh aggression or further violations of the Paris [cease-fire] agreements," Mr. Nixon's letter said.

"The American people would respond to such aggression with appropriate action," it said.

Meanwhile, the Defense Department announced today that unarmed reconnaissance flights over Laos and Cambodia would continue after the bombing halt on Aug. 15. All other military activity is ruled out, the Pentagon said in a statement.

During the Indochina war, the United States periodically has justified bombing by saying that Communist gunners fired on unarmed reconnaissance planes. But Pentagon officials said today that even if reconnaissance planes or unmanned drones flying over Cambodia or Laos were fired upon, there would be no U.S. retaliation.

The bill which authorized the bombing cutoff date was passed by Congress on June 29. When it was reported to the House, Rep. Gerald R. Ford of Michigan, the House Republican leader, said it was a compromise that the President would accept, and that, if Mr. Nixon sought to gain an extension for the bombing, he would go through Congress.

The President's letter today, however, attempted to put the responsibility for the bombing halt solely on the legislators. The President signed the bombing cutoff bill on July 1.

The President's letter today said: "I can only hope that the North Vietnamese will not draw the erroneous conclusion from this congressional action that they are free to launch a military offensive in other areas of Indochina."

The President's letter said the bombing halt had undermined his efforts to negotiate a cease-fire in Cambodia.

"And I want the Congress to be fully aware of the consequences of its action," the President's letter said.

Nixon Ponders Statement on Watergate

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—The White House said today that the decision on when and how President Nixon will make his promised statement on Watergate has not yet been made.

However, deputy press secretary Gerald L. Warren said it was reasonable to expect the statement within two weeks, assuming that the Senate Watergate committee has concluded the current phase of its hearings.

It has been speculated that the President will make a television address and at the same time issue a long document in support of his position. He would then follow the speech within a few days with a news conference.

Favors Cut in U.S. Spending or Higher Taxes

Burns Sees Major Peril in Inflation

By Hobart Rowen

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—The Federal Reserve Board chairman, Arthur F. Burns, told the Joint Congressional Economic Committee today that if the Fed's currently restrictive policy does not reduce the growth of money and credit "to an acceptable rate, further measures will be adopted as needed."

Painting a grim picture of the effects of uncontrolled inflation, Mr. Burns also said he favors "stronger" efforts to cut federal spending "or actions to increase taxes."

Reminded by Sen. William Proxmire, D., Wis., that Treasury Secretary George P. Shultz had only yesterday reiterated the administration's opposition to a tax increase now, Mr. Burns responded:

"Senator, the inflation we face is very serious. Those who fear too restrictive a policy fear that a recession is imminent. If I thought it was; I would begin a process of easing at once. But as of today, I consider talk about recession as entirely premature."

Mr. Burns's position on higher taxes is that a stronger fiscal policy would lessen the anti-inflationary burden being carried by monetary policy. The specific forms of taxes he recommended are a flexible investment credit,

- **The Nixon administration proposed today a sweeping overhaul of the nation's banking system. Details Page 11.**

which would vary up and down with business conditions; and a surtax on income—which he termed "compulsory savings"—which would be put in escrow and returned to the taxpayer when the economy cooled off.

And in contrast to the administration's position on long-term use of wage-price controls, restated this week in earlier testimony before the joint committee, Mr. Burns said "there is a continuing role for income (wage-price) policies in a modern economy." He favored creation of a wage-price board on a permanent basis to conduct "surveillance" of wages and prices in key industries "where competition is inadequate."

Mr. Burns's position on higher taxes is that an easily reversible form of compulsory savings could lessen the burden on monetary policy.

He said a stronger fiscal posture would have the added benefit of helping "in restoring confidence in the dollar that is so badly needed to stabilize foreign exchange markets."

Spending Cut Suggested

When Sen. Proxmire suggested it might be better to cut federal spending than raise taxes, Mr. Burns responded:

"If we could reduce federal spending from the President's recommended level of $268.7 billion in fiscal 1974 to $260 billion, I'd be extremely happy."

"Isn't that very dramatic?" Sen. Proxmire asked.

"I'm just trying to tell you what would make me extremely happy. I'd be reasonably happy if you cut it back to $265 billion, and not too uncomfortable if it stayed at that [$268.7 billion] and didn't go above it."

Mr. Burns reviewed the recent steps the Fed has taken to restrain expansion in money and credit and said that he expected "growth in the narrowly defined money supply [cash and checking accounts] to slow in the near future."

But the Fed "cannot do the job alone," the chairman said. "My conclusion is that we've got to use all of our tools, because if we put excessive weight on monetary policy, we will destroy our economy."

Economic experts tend to agree that a very tight money policy hits first and hardest at the housing industry, small business loans and the ability of municipalities to borrow money for local public works.

Mr. Burns readily conceded that interest rates had moved to high levels, "clearly much higher than any of us would like." In retrospect, he agreed that both monetary and fiscal policies, which grew tighter last year, should have been even tougher, cutting down some of the demand which now is creating inflationary pressure.

"If I accomplish nothing else this morning," Mr. Burns said, "I want to emphasize the simple truth that inflation and high interest rates go together and that both the one and the other pose perils for economic and social stability in this country."

Kissinger Fears Damage to Foreign Policy

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (NYT).—Henry A. Kissinger said last night that Americans should not allow the Watergate scandal to diminish their support for an effective bipartisan foreign policy.

In a speech at the 71st annual convention of the International Platform Association, Mr. Kissinger said: "Our foreign policy will mean little if other nations see our actions as sporadic initiatives of a small group reflecting no coherent national purpose or consensus."

"No foreign policy—no matter how ingenious—has any chance of success if it is born in the minds of a few and carried in the hearts of none," he said.

Tragic Events

President Nixon's adviser on national security said that "a series of tragic events" beginning with President Kennedy's assassination in 1963 and culminating in "the present ordeal" has contributed to "our current uncertainty."

Clearly troubled by the possible impact of Watergate on the country's foreign policy, Mr. Kissinger said:

"Foreign policy must not become an alibi or a distraction from domestic ills. But equally, domestic problems must not be used as an excuse for abandoning our international responsibilities. There can be no moratorium in the quest for a peaceful world. And as we pursue that quest we will need to draw upon the country's best minds, no matter what their partisan political persuasion—not on a bipartisan but on a nonpartisan basis.

"Especially at this moment of necessary self-examination we must also reaffirm the basis of our national unity," he said.

Mr. Kissinger received the platform association's Theodore Roosevelt award for the individual judged to be the outstanding official in the U.S. government. Mr. Nixon won the award last year.

The platform association is a trade organization of lecturers and has more than 13,000 members.

Alluding to his childhood in Nazi Germany, Mr. Kissinger said: "As someone who came to this country as a refugee from totalitarianism, I have a special feeling for what America can still mean to the world, and how a withdrawal of America from the world would deprive mankind of hope and purpose."

The former Harvard professor said that Americans in the past had always looked upon themselves "and what we did as a nation as having universal meaning—a relevance that extended beyond national boundaries to encompass the well-being of all mankind."

He said that in Theodore Roosevelt's day there was a sense of optimism but that "self-confidence and optimism are far less in evidence today."

"The consensus that sustained our international participation is in danger of being exhausted," he said. "It must be restored."

Noting the past decade of "tragedy and trauma, in America," Mr. Kissinger said: "We are tired of turmoil and exhausted by effort."

"The once apparent reservoir of faith in our ability to do, and of confidence that the future would be better than the past, has been seriously taxed," he said.

"Yet our children will not judge us by the magnitude of our ordeal, but only by the adequacy of the response," Mr. Kissinger said.

Kissinger Provides Rare Glimpse Into Paris Peace Talks Problems

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—Presidential national security adviser Henry A. Kissinger last night gave a rare and ad-libbed glimpse into the difficulties he encountered in the Paris peace talks when he said that Hanoi's Le Duc Tho had branded him a "liar."

Mr. Kissinger spoke at the annual dinner of the International Platform Association, a group of public speakers and their agents, at a downtown hotel here. He said that "his opposite number," Mr. Tho, the chief North Vietnamese negotiator, said to him at one point in the negotiations, "Let me speak to you honestly and frankly—you are a liar." Mr. Kissinger did not reveal what his response was to Mr. Tho.

Alice Roosevelt Longworth, 89, the daughter of the late President Theodore Roosevelt, presented Mr. Kissinger with the group's annual Theodore Roosevelt Award, given annually to the "outstanding official in the United States government."

Mr. Kissinger, mobbed by autograph seekers, apparently was so distracted that he left the award on the dais. The award was a silver bowl, engraved with an inscription which read, in part: "He rides the whirlwind of international diplomacy."

When he discovered the oversight, he retrieved the bowl, waved it aloft and descended again into the hordes of autograph hunters.

Hijacked Japanese Compensated

TOKYO, Aug. 3 (AP).—Japan Air Lines has begun paying compensation of $1,875 to each of 102 Japanese passengers who were on a JAL jumbo jet hijacked to Libya last week.

The carrier said today that the payment was in accordance with Japanese practice. It will not be paid to nine foreign passengers because "there is no such custom in foreign countries," it said.

Also excluded were crew members and JAL employees who were passengers, the line added.

The Boeing-747 was hijacked over Europe, flown to Dubai and then to Benghazi airport in Libya, where it was blown up. All 137 crew members and passengers scrambled to safety before the plane exploded.

klahoma Prison Riot

EL RENO, Okla., Aug. 3 (AP). Twenty-seven inmates at the deral reformatory here have en injured in what prison offials called a "major race riot." Wilbur Gardner, acting execue assistant warden, said all t one of the inmates were ated at the prison hospital er the disturbance last night.



United Press International.

CAMBODIAN CHECKPOINT—Government military police verifying refugees on three-wheeled motorcycle cart at one of the main checkpoints near capital city of Phnom Penh.

Le Duc Tho Speaks on TV

Hanoi Says U.S. Agreed on Aid But Delays in Signing Accord

By Murrey Marder

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—North Vietnamese Politburo member Le Duc Tho said yesterday in Hanoi that the United States has "agreed" on a five-year plan to help reconstruct his nation but is delaying the signing of the accord.

U.S. officials countered that Mr. Tho's claim answers itself, for without a signature there is no agreement. "No conclusion can be reached until fighting ceases on all fronts" in Indochina, said Maurice J. Williams, chief negotiator in the Paris talks on postwar aid.

"We can't get far along discussing postwar reconstruction until it *is truly postwar" in Indochina*, Mr. Williams said. What the North Vietnamese call "plans" and "agreements," Mr. Williams emphasized, are only "proposals" in U.S. terminology.

Cambodia Is Key

The exchange underscores the extent to which the present military crisis in Cambodia has become the key to further relationships between the United States and North Vietnam.

Mr. Tho, who negotiated the basic Vietnam cease-fire with presidential adviser Henry A. Kissinger, showed in his remarks that North Vietnam also is closely watching the struggle in Cambodia. But Mr. Tho avoided any direct link between the outcome of the war there and the supply of postwar U.S. aid. North Vietnam, which supports the Red Khmer insurgents, never has officially acknowledged that it has any forces in Cambodia.

Mr. Tho, whose statements were made in the form of a North Vietnamese television interview, said that the United States is "stubbornly violating" the Indochina cease-fire, and that it and the government of Saigon have "encountered many difficulties not only in South Vietnam but also in Laos and, in particular, in Cambodia."

"The United States had to agree with us at the D.R.V.—U.S. Joint Economic Commission on funds and their utilization for a five-year plan, including the plan for the first year on U.S. contributions to the healing of the war wounds and postwar construction in the D.R.V. However, the United States is still trying to delay the signing."

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee, meanwhile, failed in its attempt to have Secretary of State William P. Rogers testify yesterday in public on what its chairman, Sen. J. William Fulbright, D., Ark., called "this critical juncture" in Cambodia.

Mr. Rogers offered to appear next week, the State Department said. But Congress then will be in recess. Sen. Fulbright has charged that the Nixon administration "repeatedly misled" the nation about its intentions in Cambodia.

Battle Rages 3 Miles From Phnom Penh

(Continued from Page 1)

been under way for several days. He said government troops backed by armored personnel carriers were engaged in close action against rebel forces entrenched in *deep bunkers south of the dev*astated town of Prateah Lang.

In South Vietnam, American representatives went to Hanoi today *for the first time in seven* weeks seeking information about American prisoners of war who died in captivity during the war.

Weekly liaison flights between Saigon and the North Vietnamese capital had been suspended since June 8, when the United States charged that an incendiary device *concealed in the baggage* of a North Vietnamese officer started a fire that injured seven passengers on one of these flights and damaged the U.S. Air Force aircraft.

The United States suspended the flights because North Vietnamese passengers would not sign certificates saying they were carrying no dangerous cargo. U.S. sources said that, to get the flights going again, the United States *dropped its demand* and agreed to a "verbal understanding" that all aboard agreed to comply with U.S. Air Force safety regulations.

Ask Nuclear Powers' Accord

Commonwealth Nations Urge Pact to End All A-Arms Tests

OTTAWA, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—The Commonwealth conference tonight called for an accord to end all nuclear-weapons testing but stopped short of appealing to France to halt its current series *of nuclear blasts in the Pacific.*

Nor did the unanimously adopted conference statement, initiated by New Zealand, mention the tests being carried out in the atmosphere by China.

The delegates to the 32-nation meeting appealed to all countries, and in particular the five nuclear powers, to begin urgent negotiations toward an agreement for the total cessation of nuclear-arms tests in all environments.

The partial test ban treaty signed in Moscow 10 years ago by the United States, the Soviet Union and Britain and adhered to by *more than 100 nations, but not* by France and China, excepted underground testing from the prohibition.

Kirk Is Pleased

New Zealand Prime Minister Norman Kirk, who brought the issue to the forefront of the conference on its opening day, tonight hailed the outcome as a reinforcement of the position taken by his nation and the Australian government in opposing the French tests.

Mr. Kirk told reporters that there had been a misunderstanding of what he had set out to achieve here.

"There seems to be an impression that what New Zealand has been doing is anti-France," he said. "It is anti-nuclear tests. *We have on no fewer than four* occasions entered our objections.

"We have good relations with France in all other fields except this one area. We hope that France, China and other countries will move towards eliminating all testing, in all environments, and indeed towards slowing down the armaments race and working for disarmament."

Recalling that both Australia and New Zealand had taken their cases against the French tests to the World Court, he said:

"We wish more and more nations would use the court. We believe that what has taken place today will help move in that direction."

New Zealand, supported by Australia and many other Commonwealth governments, originally had been pressing for a strongly worded statement regretting the tests by those countries which had *not* adhered to the 1963 treaty.

But Britain refused to join in any protest-type statement which might imply the singling out for special criticism of France, its partner in the European Economic Community.

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INTER-CONTINENTAL PARIS

CIA Report Rejected by 'Plumbers'

Study Said Ellsberg Acted From a 'Higher Patriotism'

By Seymour M. Hersh

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (NYT).—The Central Intelligence Agency's initial psychological assessment of Daniel Ellsberg concluded that he was motivated by "what he deemed a higher order of patriotism" in turning over the Pentagon papers to the press in 1971.

The study, a copy of which was made available to The New York Times yesterday, described Mr. Ellsberg as a brilliant and highly motivated man who saw "himself as having a special *mission and* indeed as bearing a special responsibility" regarding the Vietnam war.

It was this study, prepared in early August, 1971, that was rejected by the special White House investigating unit called the "Plumbers" that requested it. Members of this unit later broke into the office of Mr. Ellsberg's psychiatrist in Los Angeles.

Asked for comment, Mr. Ellsberg noted that the report, favorable as it was, did not discuss his motives in terms of the Vietnam war and added, "I guess as late as August, 1971, it just wasn't acceptable to suggest that an American citizen could conscientiously be impelled to take action that would help bring truth to his fellow citizens."

In recent testimony before the Senate Watergate committee, John D. Ehrlichman, the former White House adviser, acknowledged that the break-in into the office of the psychiatrist, Dr. Lewis I. Fielding, had been prompted by the desire to obtain more psychological dat- about Mr. Ellsberg.

Mr. Ehrlichman repeatedly testified that the government had *information that Mr. Ellsberg may* have provided copies of the Pentagon papers to the Soviet Embassy in Washington.

Nothing in the CIA study provided the "Plumbers" with any adverse information about Mr. Ellsberg, who had served as a Defense Department analyst and Marine Corps officer.

The study, prepared by Dr. Bernard Malloy, a CIA staff psychologist, noted that "there is *no suggestion that subject* [Ellsberg] thought anything treasonous in his act."

"Rather," it added, "he seemed to be responding to what he deemed a higher order of patriotism. His exclusion of the three volumes of the papers concerned with the secret negotiations would support this."

The exclusion referred to Mr. Ellsberg's decision not to release four—not three—volumes of the *Pentagon papers dealing with the* various U.S. attempts to negotiate an end to the war through third parties and neutralist governments.

Concluding that Mr. Ellsberg seemed to view himself as having a special mission, the study noted that "on several occasions he castigated himself for not releasing the papers earlier" because of the continuing toll of the war.

But, elsewhere, the study maintained that *Mr. Ellsberg might* have been motivated by "some of his long-standing personality needs" in deciding to release the highly classified papers.

Blaze Kills 46 In Isle of Man

(Continued from Page 1)

youngsters of 12 or 13. They were in great pain from their burns."

About 80 casualties were kept in hospitals, 30 of them with serious burns.

Patrick Ongey, 60, a visitor from Dublin, said: "I saw glass melting in the heat."

Screaming vacationers rushed toward exits as molten plastic dripped from the walls and roof of the complex, which had been described by its operators as the world's largest indoor entertainment center.

Within minutes, the center was ablaze from end to end. Within a half-hour, it was gutted.

Many of the vacationers at Summerland were from Belfast.

Families and friends waited on the Belfast docks today for boats bringing the holidaymakers back across the Irish Sea from the Isle of Man.

Zambian Leader Attacks A-Tests

LUSAKA, Zambia, Aug. 3 (AP).—President Kenneth D. Kaunda has strongly criticized the explosions of nuclear devices which *would lead to the destruction of* the elements on which man depends for his livelihood and slowly exterminate mankind "without declaring war."

The president made his remarks as he opened a three-week seminar here on food and nutrition policy planning, organized by the UN Food and Agricultural Organization and the Danish International Development Authority. Mr. Kaunda's warning followed the second explosion on Sunday of the atmospheric nuclear-test series in the Pacific Ocean by the French.



UPI.

Daniel Ellsberg

Gray Says He Warned Nixon Of Attempts to 'Use' FBI, CIA

(Continued from Page 1)

on your staff are trying to morally wound you by using the CIA and FBI and by confusing the question of CIA interest in, or not in, people the FBI wishes to interview."

Then Mr. Nixon told him to proceed with the investigation, he said.

When he had no further trouble, Mr. Gray said, he concluded that he had been an alarmist in speaking to the President. "I believed that if there was anything to the concerns I expressed... that I would hear further in the matter," he said.

Gen. Walters gave a second-hand version of Mr. Gray's talk, saying that Mr. Gray told the President that the Watergate investigation would lead quite high, and that he *should fire* those responsible.

Gen. Walters said he concluded, from what Mr. Gray told him of the talk, that Mr. Nixon had been warned that something was amiss on the White House staff and that he should do something to correct it.

Mr. Gray said that when he met with Mr. Ehrlichman and Mr. Dean on June 28:

"Mr. Ehrlichman said something very close to 'John has something that he wants to turn over to you,'" he recalled. He said Dean told him two white *manila legal size* folders contained "copies of sensitive and classified papers of a political nature that Howard Hunt had been working on."

"He said that they have national security implications or overtones, have absolutely nothing to do with Watergate and have no bearing on the Watergate investigation whatsoever," he added. "Either Mr. Dean or Mr. Ehrlichman said that these files should not be allowed to confuse or muddy the issues in the Watergate case."

Mr. Gray said he took the files *home, put them on a closet shelf* under his shirts, then brought them to his office and into his personal safe two or three weeks later.

"To the best of my recollection, I removed the files to my home in Stonington, Conn., in late September or early October, 1972," he said. But his plan to burn the files was postponed because he went to the hospital.

He said that before putting them in the fire he opened one of the files and after reading the first cable he thumbed through the other cables in the file, which appeared to be duplicates of the first and "I did not absorb the subject matter of the correspondence and do not today, of my own knowledge, know what it was."

Mr. Gray said he later lied to Assistant Attorney General Henry E. Petersen, denying that he had ever received the papers from Mr. Dean, and a week after that told Sen. Lowell P. Weicker jr., R., Conn., an old friend and a Watergate committee member, that he had received but not read them.

Now, he said, he realizes that his "acceptance of the documents in the first place, and my keeping them out of the normal FBI *files, was a grievous misjudg*ment. My destroying them and resistance of disclosure only compounded the error.... I permitted myself to be used to perform a mere political chore."

After hearing Mr. Gray's prepared statement, the hearing adjourned until Monday.

"I distinctly recall that I burned them during Christmas week with the Christmas and household paper trash," he said.

U.S. Saigon Radio Ends Broadcasts Of Senate Probe

SAIGON, Aug. 3.—A military radio station maintained by the United States in Saigon has discontinued taped rebroadcasts of the Senate Watergate hearings—cutting off former presidential assistant H.R. Haldeman after his first day of testimony.

The station had rebroadcast the hearings in their entirety except for one afternoon of former Attorney General John N. Mitchell's testimony, which was replaced by a baseball game.

A spokesman at the U.S. defense attaché's office, which manages the station, said the Watergate broadcast cutoff was *ordered* in response to "many complaints" from listeners. The decision was approved by Gen. John Murray, the senior U.S. military officer in South Vietnam.

The spokesman acknowledged that complaints were now coming in from people who wanted to listen to the rebroadcasts in their entirety.

Instead of carrying the Watergate hearings, the station announced it would carry a daily summary from one of the commercial networks in the United States.



Patrick Gray 3d.

Inouye Receives Letter of Apology On 'Jap' Remark

HONOLULU, Aug. 3 (AP).—Sen. Daniel K. Inouye, D., Hawaii, said today that attorney John J. Wilson has sent him a letter apologizing for referring to him as "that little Jap."

Mr. Wilson's remarks, made Wednesday after a session of the Watergate hearings in Washington, touched off angry reaction in Washington and Hawaii.

Sen. Inouye said on his arrival in Honolulu that Mr. Wilson explained in his letter he did not *intend the remark to be a racial* slur. Mr. Wilson noted that he is of Irish ancestry, Sen. Inouye said, and that he is often called "the little Irishman," while his clients — former White House staffers H. R. Haldeman and John D. Ehrlichman—have been frequently called "the Germans."

Break-In Is Seen By Russians as Pretext to Probe

MOSCOW, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Tass news agency reported yesterday that the Watergate break-in was a "pretext for an inquiry by a special Senate committee."

The three-paragraph dispatch from Washington was only the third time that the official Soviet news agency has referred to Watergate.

Tass said that the Senate Committee, led by Sen. Sam J. Ervin jr., was continuing its investigation of "the so-called Watergate affair" and had heard testimony from former Attorney General John N. Mitchell and presidential aides H.R. Haldeman and John D. Ehrlichman.

For the benefit of those who were ignorant of Watergate, Tass offered this explanation:

"An incident at the height of *the election campaign last year* —when a group of persons were arrested in the capital's Watergate Hotel during an attempt to bug the Democratic party headquarters there—is known to have served as a pretext for an inquiry by a special Senate committee."

Solar Air Conditioner

MOSCOW, Aug. 3 (UPD).—Scientists in Turkmenia in Soviet Central Asia have developed a solar air conditioner which economically converts solar heat into cold, Tass has reported. *It said* the device is 10 times more economical than conventional air conditioners.

Senator Is Said to Turn O Army Spying Data to Pa

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (AP).—Sen. Lowell P. Weicker jr., R., Conn., has turned over to three Senate committees documentary evidence that U.S. Army intelligence units in West Germany spied on supporters of Democratic presidential candidate Sen. George McGovern, D., S.D., and other American civilians, Senate sources said today.

The sources said that an investigator on Sen. Weicker's staff, during a trip to West Germany in June, collected evidence of wiretapping, photographic surveillance, infiltration and the opening of mail carried out by U.S. Army intelligence units.

One target of the operation was a group in Berlin called Concerned Americans, a 1972 McGovern campaign organization, the sources said.

Rep. Weicker's investigator also learned that the surv against that group was a widespread intelligenc ation aimed at America ians, particularly those v contacts with German m the sources said.

The Defense Departm no immediate comment reports.

Yesterday, the West government announced bugged private citizens' request of its American, and French allies. But ernment spokesman said ficial investigation turne evidence that the U.S. counterespionage service out illegal wiretapping.

The statement followe paper reports that the U. used illegal phone taps t to identify Germans portedly encouraged d among U.S. troops.

Rep. Weicker, a membe Senate Watergate commit turned over the inves findings to the Senate Services Committee, the gate committee investiga campaign practices a Senate Constitutional Rig committee.

The subcommittee, he Sen. Sam J. Ervin jr., who also is chairman Watergate panel, issued this week of widespread spying conducted by U.S forces intelligence.

The subcommittee co what it called the Army strained surveillance of during the explosive cli the 1960s. It said such lance violated First Am rights of free speech and tion and was not authoi law.

Sen. Ervin said that, al 33 other senators, he w ducing legislation to monitoring of civilian activities by military age

Melvin R. Laird, forme tary of defense, announ December, 1970, that th was ending its surveillanc tions aimed at civilians was disclosed that a nu political figures, includin bers of Congress, had bee the military's targets.

Army May Investiga

BERLIN, Aug. 3 (AP). was no substantive comme U.S. authorities in West tonight concerning the t ping allegations.

But a spokesman for t mission indicated that the would investigate the charg said:

"It is our policy not ment on such allegation documents are in the h the senator [Sen. Weic when they are released Army, the Army will inv the allegations."

Nixon Reported Fully Recovered From Pneumonia

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—Two weeks after leaving the hospital, President Nixon is "essentially recovered" from his viral pneumonia, White House physician Walter R. Tkach said yesterday. "He shows no signs of the illness."

"I'd say he was totally recovered except he hasn't gained back the two pounds he lost. But I don't care if he never gains them *back,"* Dr. Tkach said in an interview. Mr. Nixon normally varies between 170 and 174 pounds. His weight on leaving the hospital was 168.

"He's recovered at a much faster rate than I expected," Dr. Tkach said as Mr. Nixon left for another weekend at Camp David, his third at the presidential mountain retreat since leaving the hospital July 20.

What brought on the illness continues to interest Washington. The consensus, even among some White House staffers, is to blame the stress and fatigue of the Watergate controversy. There was no doubt that Mr. Nixon had viral pneumonia, however, and Dr. Tkach welcomed the opportunity to again deny that the *President suffered* a "psychosomatic illness."

Nixon Unwelcome At Convention of AFL-CIO in Fall

CHICAGO, Aug. 3 (AP).—AFL-CIO president George Meany yesterday sharpened his attack on the White House and said President Nixon would not be welcome at the federation's October convention.

Mr. Meany said the President would not be asked to attend the Miami meeting, breaking a long-standing AFL-CIO tradition that *has seen every President, regard*less of party, invited to organized labor's biennal gathering.

"Traditions have a habit of *coming to an end,"* he said in a meeting with newsmen during the federation's Executive Council meeting in suburban Oak Brook.

Asked if this was because of the Watergate affair, labor's chief spokesman replied: "You bet your life it is. Mr. Colson and his gang . . . deliberately tried to arrange a confrontation at our convention for political reason" to win votes for the President.

Mr. Meany was referring to a former White House aide, Charles Colson, who has been linked to *some of the allegations stemming* from the Watergate testimony.

Stennis Planning Hearings on CIA 'False-Face' Role

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Sen. John Stennis, D., Miss., said today he will conduct hearings *on the CIA this fall* and propose new controls to prohibit "false-face" agency operations within the United States.

Sen. Stennis said that, after the hearings and intensive study, he may find that only a few changes are needed in the CIA. He said he is "no reformer" but wants *the agency to be effective in what* Congress created it to do.

"I would fix it clearly where they couldn't get off into this false-face stuff and crowbars and burglary tools and all, operating in the United States," Sen. Stennis said. He is chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee.

Sen. Stennis was referring to testimony before the Senate Watergate committee that the CIA provided equipment used by White House undercover agents in the break-in and attempted burglary of Daniel Ellsberg's psychiatrist's office in September, 1971.

Russia Jails 2 Women

MOSCOW, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—Two women bookkeepers have been jailed for 15 years and 17 other persons have received various prison terms for operating a 150,000-ruble (about $202,000) consumer goods racket, the trade union newspaper Trud reported today.

Rebozo's Ban Gets Subpoen

WASHINGTON, Aug. —The Senate Watergate tee has subpoenaed recor counts at a Florida b chief officer of which dent Nixon's close friend G. (Bebe) Rebozo, a ba tor acknowledged yester

Thomas H. Wakefiel chairman and vice-pres the Key Biscayne Bank a Co., asserted in Miami records will show "that the bank nor Mr. Rebozo volved in any improper activity."

Members and staff ass the Senate committee re say what type of informa sought by the subpoena television reported We night that the subpoenas connection with reports campaign funds.

In a statement, Mr. W observed that "no direct been subpoenaed nor representative of the fed ernment announced or timated that any ill laundered funds were c through the bank."

WEATHI

	C	F	
ALGIERS	29	84	Fai
AMSTERDAM	20	68	Clo
ANKARA	24	75	Clo
ATHENS	19	66	Fai
BEIRUT	29	84	Un
BELGRADE	24	75	Clo
BERLIN	25	77	Un
BRUSSELS	17	63	Ov
BUDAPEST	28	82	Clo
CAIRO	30	86	Un
CASABLANCA	23	73	Sm
COPENHAGEN	22	72	Clo
COSTA DEL SOL	26	79	Sm
DUBLIN	16	61	Rai
EDINBURGH	14	57	Un
FLORENCE	29	84	Clo
FRANKFURT	23	73	Un
GENEVA	29	88	Sh
ISTANBUL	25	77	Clo
LAS PALMAS	25	77	Fai
LISBON	23	73	Un
LONDON	21	70	Rai
MADRID	28	82	Fai
MILAN	28	78	Clo
MONTREAL	17	62	Sm
MOSCOW	25	77	Fai
MUNICH	17	63	Clo
NEW YORK	26	79	Sm
NICE	25	77	Clo
OSLO	23	73	Un
PARIS	21	70	Clo
PRAGUE	27	81	Clo
ROME	25	77	Fai
SOFIA	24	75	Clo
STOCKHOLM	25	77	Clo
TEHRAN	39	102	Fai
TEL AVIV	30	86	Clo
TUNIS	31	88	Clo
VENICE	25	77	Clo
VIENNA	23	73	Sto
WARSAW	26	79	Fai
WASHINGTON	25	78	Clo
ZURICH	18	64	Sho

(Yesterday's readings: U.S. at 1700 GMT, others at 1200

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pace Rescue eing Readied or Skylab-2

ission Continuing; acewalk Delayed

OUSTON, Aug. 3 (UPI).— ace agency ground teams pre- ed today for a possible rescue space and also rescheduled the ylab-2 crew's first spacewalk side their research station iting the earth for Monday.

he Apollo ferry ship that k the astronauts to the ylab was hit with its second ure in a steering rocket yes- day, but officials said the ollo was in "minimum flyable ndition" and the crew could urn home as planned next nth.

Navy Capt. Alan L. Bean, Dr. en K. Garriott and Marine rps Maj. Jack R. Lousma were no danger aboard the 100-ton ylab orbiting 270 miles above th. They also began initial earch into the earth's re- rces.

'In Excellent Shape'

Dr. Garriott, the crew's medic, orted the astronauts were "in cellent shape" and had taken more medication. The pilots e stricken early in the mis- n with motion sickness due to w adaptation to weightlessness.

The rescue mission was ordered dy for launching in case any ther trouble develops. The nest the rescue spaceship could launched is Sept. 5 and, for time being, space officials d the full 59-day mission will ntinue.

Mission control told the crew first spacewalk previously put till Saturday was postponed il Monday. Ground engineers e the astronauts will be able beam back television pictures the crippled rockets on the e of Apollo's service module.

The first of four sets of steer- rockets on the side of the ollo service module was shut wn last Saturday because of leaking oxidizer which makes rocket fuel burn. The sec- d one developed the same prob- n yesterday and became tually useless. The leak was opped, but it meant isolating unit from the other rockets.

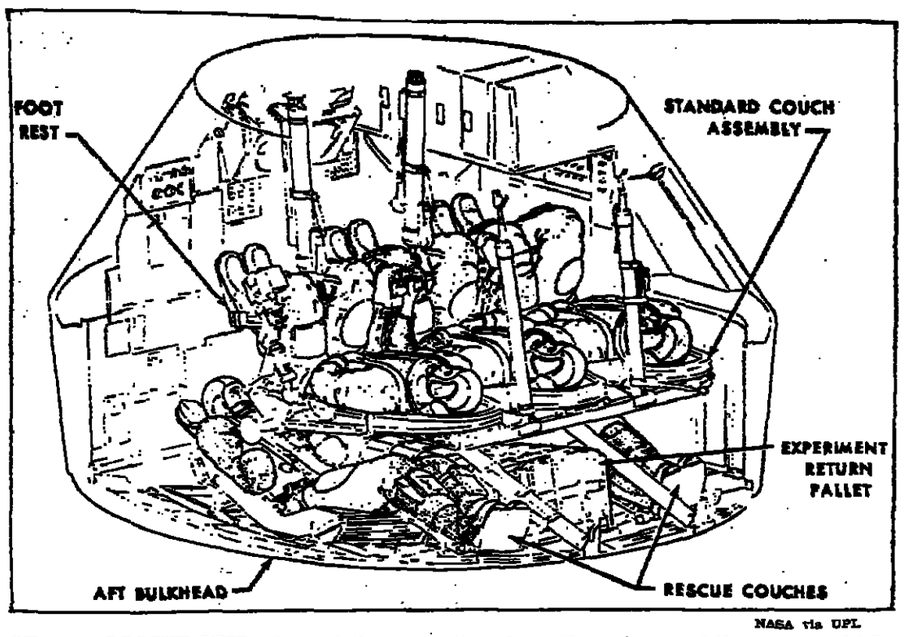
Rockets Not Needed

Space officials said the leaking kets would not be needed to ure a safe passage home, and SA rejected the idea of re- ning the pilots this weekend.

However, Christopher C. Kraft, ector of the Johnson Space nter, said that "just to be ident, we have started prepara- n of a vehicle at the Cape on accelerated basis so we would ve a rescue vehicle available ould that become necessary."

The orders for "around-the- ck" emergency preparations re dispatched to the Cape's nnedy Space Center. William Schneider, director of the ylab program office, said that decision to launch the rescue p probably would not be made til Aug. 27.

"There's a pretty good pos- bility we will get the full mis- n," Mr. Schneider said.



NASA via UPI.

SKYLAB RESCUE SHIP—An artist's conception shows the cutaway of the rescue vehicle for the Skylab missions. The modified command module is designed to accommodate both the three rescued Skylab team members and the two-man rescue vehicle crew. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration released the sketch Thursday in the event emergency procedures must be used to return the Skylab crew to earth.

As Chamber Rushes to Adjourn

House Approves Alaska Oil Pipeline

By Marjorie Hunter

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (NYT).—The House voted yesterday to shield a trans-Alaska oil pipeline project from further court challenges on environmental issues.

The action was a major defeat for environmentalists who have for three years waged a legal battle against the project.

[The key vote to protect the project from additional court tests was followed today by House passage, by a vote of 356 to 60, of the pipeline bill. This vote, the Associated Press reported, followed 10 hours of debate on environmentalists' protests about the danger of oil spills on land and in coastal waters.]

The House bill would authorize the licensing of the $3.5-billion, 789-mile pipeline from Alaska's North Slope oil fields to the ice-free Port of Valdez on the Gulf of Alaska.

Interior's Role

Hoping to continue their challenge through the courts, environmentalists yesterday sought to strip the House bill of a provision declaring that the Interior Department's environmental impact statement on the trans-Alaska pipeline satisfied the requirements of the 1969 National Environmental Policy Act.

This, in effect, would immunize the project from further court challenges on the strictly environmental issue of whether the 1969 law had been complied with by the Interior Department.

The move to strip the immunization section from the bill failed, on a vote of 221 to 198. A similar immunization provision was approved by the Senate in passing an almost identical pipeline bill on July 17.

But critics of the pipeline say they will continue the fight through the courts on constitutional grounds.

[Principal backers of the pipeline said today that major disagreements between both houses of Congress still stand in the way of enactment of the legislation, the AP reported.

["I don't look for a long, drawn-out conference, but there are important differences," Rep. John Melcher, D., Mont., said. "The broad range of the Senate bill, affecting all types of rights-of-way on public lands, flies in the face of the House bill."]

Other Legislation

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (IHT).—*In other action before Congress's August recess begins tomorrow:*

● The Senate Armed Services Committee today approved a defense weapons budget $1.5 billion below the Pentagon's request, but replaced money destined earlier to be slashed from the Trident missile submarine program. The Trident was saved by Sen. Barry Goldwater, R., Ariz., who reversed an earlier accidental proxy vote against it.

The committee approved a $20.4-billion overall weapons budget—the same total voted by the House on Tuesday.

The Senate committee's version of the bill included a 7 percent reduction in the size of the armed forces. The bill will go to the Senate floor for debate after the recess.

● The House Ways and Means Committee yesterday recessed until September its sessions on President Nixon's trade bill. The administration had hoped to have the bill passed by the House, or at least approved by the committee, before major trade negotiations scheduled to begin in Tokyo in mid-September. Congress will be recessed until Sept. 5.

● President Nixon signed legislation expanding health benefits available to veterans and their families, hailing the measure as a "constructive compromise" that fits into his tight federal budget.

The bill, signed in brief Oval Office ceremonies, is a slimmed-down version of legislation Mr. Nixon vetoed last October on the grounds that it was too costly and a poor approach to expanding medical care.

● The House and Senate today gave final approval to a bill to increase the federal minimum wage from $1.60 an hour to $2 immediately and $2.20 next year, but Republicans predicted that Mr. Nixon will veto it as inflationary and as a threat to employment of youthful and marginal workers.

The bill would also add seven million workers to those under the minimum wage law. It now covers 46.9 million workers.

● The House sent to the White House a highway bill which would gradually open up the Highway Trust Fund to expenditures on mass transit. The House vote on the bill was 382 to 34.

The three-year, $20-billion highway bill had been stalled for 10 weeks while Senate-House conferees debated whether trust funds could be spent on rail transit lines.

Word of a possible presidential pocket veto had threatened to further delay action on the bill until after the recess. But Rep. Jim Wright, D., Texas, the conference chairman, said he had been assured by Transportation Secretary Claude Brinegar that President Nixon would sign the bill.

Caracas, E. Berlin Ties

CARACAS, Venezuela, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Venezuela yesterday announced the establishment of diplomatic relations with East Germany.

U.S. Faces the Latest Crisis: A Critical Toilet Shortage

CHICAGO, Aug. 3 (AP).—First gasoline, then beef, and now the toilet shortage is on in America.

The shortage may delay the occupancy of the upper floors in the new Standard Oil building in Chicago, according to the contractor. And home builders, too, are feeling the toilet crunch.

"Toilets are impossible to get," Lynn Krause, president of the Chicago Home Builders Association, said yesterday. "They're just not available."

A spokesman for one toilet manufacturer said his company is trying to keep up with orders.

"We're at full capacity in both of our plants and we plan to open a new pottery plant in Texas," said James Harff, director of public affairs for Kohler Plumbing Fixtures.

"The entire plumbing industry is faced with a tremendous demand caused by the recent housing construction boom," he said.

Mr. Harff said the demand is the major factor in the toilet shortage, but a strike at American Standard, Inc., one of the nation's largest suppliers of plumbing fixtures, has not helped matters. The strike is two months old and no agreement is in sight.

Although the housing boom is expected to slow down in early 1974, Mr. Harff said a change in consumer attitudes toward bathrooms will keep demand relatively high.

"People want bigger bathrooms and more of them," he said. "A lot of men want two sinks in the bathroom, one for themselves and one for their wives."

The bathroom is now considered a major room in the house, he said.

ix Die as 9-Inch Downpour loods New Jersey Areas

NORTH PLAINFIELD, N.J., g. 3 (AP).—Nine inches of n and heavy flooding caused least six deaths, millions of llars of damage and snarled affic yesterday throughout avily populated northern New rsey.

National Guardsmen evacuated out 1,000 residents of this area ring the night, state police trolled against possible looting d a 7:30 p.m. to 6 a.m. curfew s imposed in North Plainfield, e hardest-hit town in the state. state of emergency was declar- here and in neighboring ain Brook as tons of water scaded down from the Wat- ung Mountains into the two mmunities.

Several persons were reported ssing. The waters carried rs, trucks and furniture through e streets, and scores of over- rned vehicles littered the north- rn part of the state today.

In New York City, 2.5 inches rain early yesterday knocked t thousands of telephones in dtown Manhattan, interrupted subway and Penn Central train service, and blocked highways. The downpour was a record for the date.

The National Weather Service said rain tapered off in New England today and all flood warnings for the area were canceled. They remained, however, for parts of the southern Rockies.

Besides the New Jersey deaths, a traffic accident on the Pennsylvania Turnpike claimed the life of one motorist during the storm.

Norristown, in southeastern Pennsylvania, was hit with two waves of torrential rain yesterday which caused severe flooding, evacuation of homes, road closings and interruption of utility service. Flash floods also hit sections of the Philadelphia area.

Letter to Stockholders Is Assailed

Jews in California Angered by Oil Firm's Backing of Arabs

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 3.—Southern California's Jewish community expressed anger and shock yesterday at 300,000 letters sent out by the Standard Oil Co. of California urging stockholders and employees to support "the aspirations of the Arab people" in their quest for peace in the Middle East.

Reactions ranged from calls for clarification of the letter's intent to some militant groups' demands for a boycott of Standard Oil Co. products and destruction of the company's credit cards.

Despite the outrage expressed by Jewish organizations, a Standard Oil Co. spokesman yesterday defended the letter.

"Our letter to shareholders is a perfectly proper activity," the spokesman said.

"Indeed, it is a responsibility to bring to the attention of our shareholders and employees the crude oil supply situation in the United States which dictates the import of crude oil from the Middle East in increasing quantities in the years ahead.

'Our Viewpoint'

"We are making our viewpoint known concerning the importance of Middle East oil to the United States and the necessity for peace and stability in that part of the world."

The Standard Oil Co. call for the United States to "build up and enhance our relations with the Arab people" sent immediate shock waves through the Jewish community.

"The letter seems to call for an unwarranted and irresponsible interference with stated American foreign policy objectives in the Middle East," said Edward Sanders, the president of the Jewish Federation Council of Greater Los Angeles, which represents 500 organizations.

Mr. Sanders said the implications of the July 26 letter sent out by Otto M. Miller, the board chairman of Standard Oil, "can only interfere with the government's stated objectives, rather than promote them.

"The letter raises serious ethical and moral questions as to the utilization of a vast, profit-making organization to influence American foreign policy."

Mr. Sanders called on Mr. Miller to explain the implications of the failure to mention Israel in the letter.

Sen. John V. Tunney, D., Calif., also expressed reservations about the letter, stating that the policy suggested "is counterproductive to peace."

Sen. Tunney added that the U.S. energy crisis does not necessarily require a change in Mideast policy. "We cannot solve our fuel crisis by selling out Israel," he said.

Zev Yaroslavsky, 24, the executive director of the 3,500-member Southern California Council for Soviet Jewry, charged that the letter was an effort to get the American people to "exchange Jewish blood for Arab oil."

© Los Angeles Times.

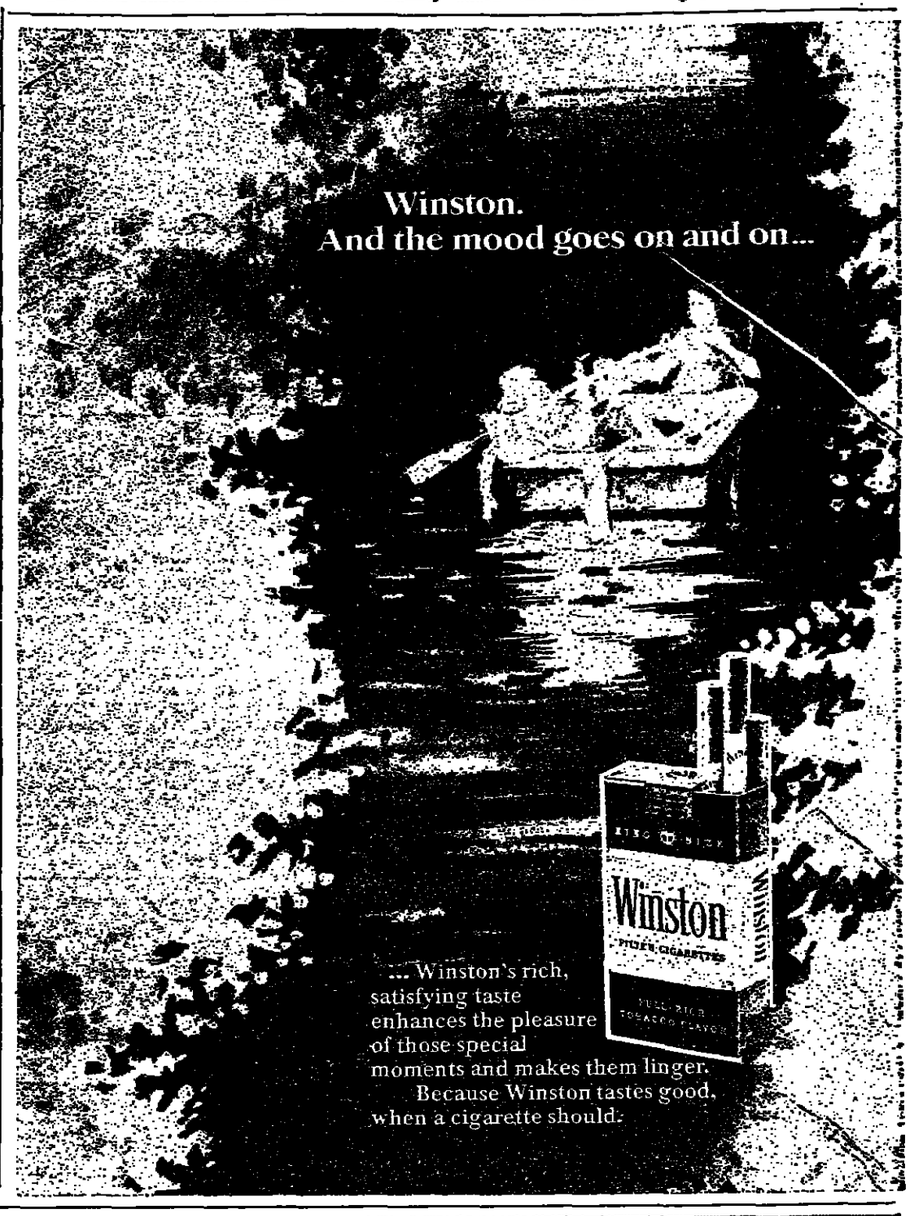
Prime Sacrifice By Mayor Daley

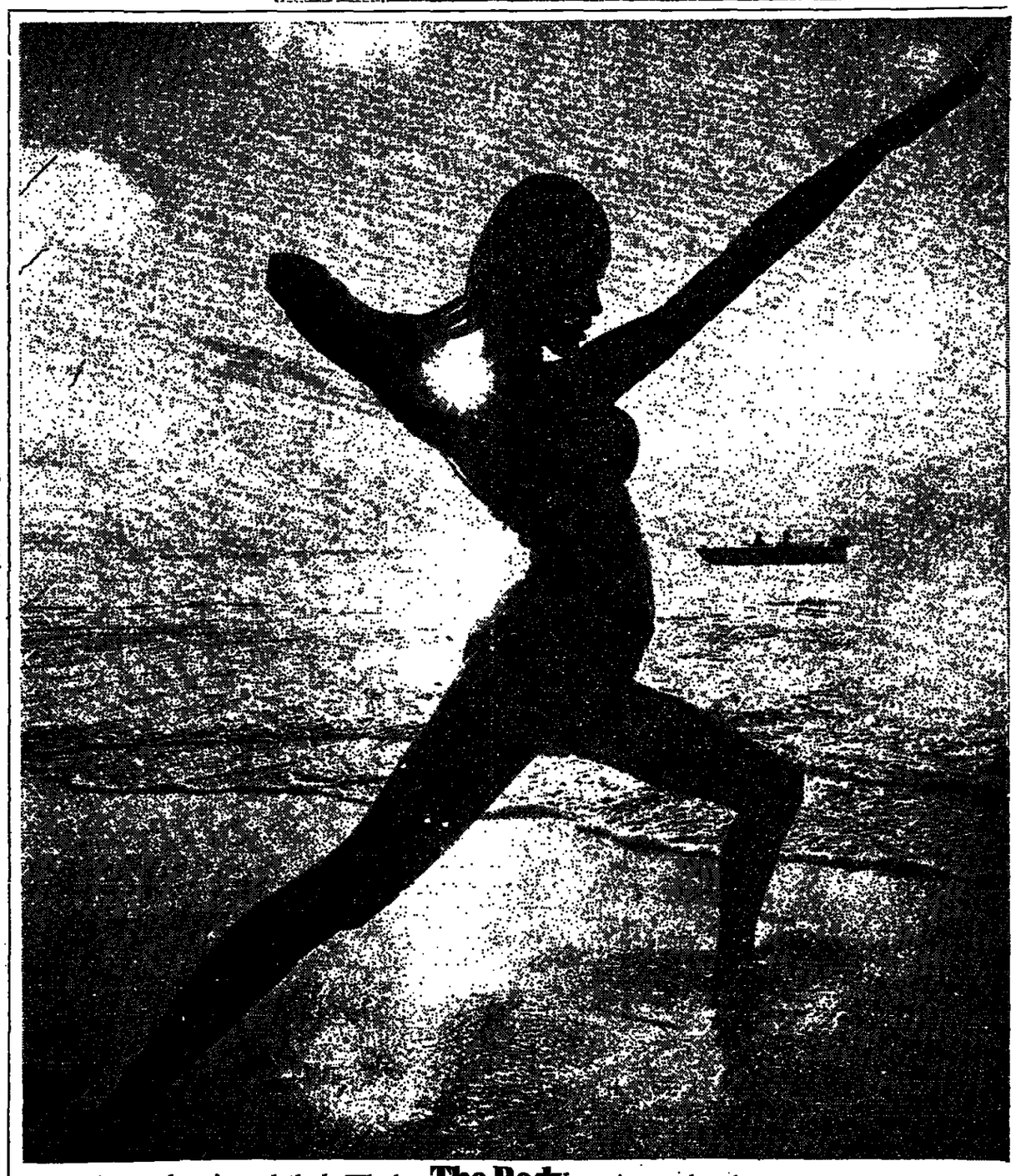
CHICAGO, Aug. 3 (UPI).—In better days, Mayor Richard Daley would treat important visitors to a feast of fine Midwestern prime rib of beef or filet mignon.

But in quiet testimonial to the beef shortage, the mayor will serve fish to Japanese Premier Kakuei Tanaka and about 200 businessmen and city officials at a luncheon today.

U.S. Social Security Chief

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (AP).—President Nixon has chosen James B. Cardwell, 50, a civil servant with almost 30 years in government, to be social security commissioner.





Never underestimate the body. Whether you're a professional photographer (like Art Kane, who took this picture) or an enthusiastic amateur. But consider the lens, too. The Asahi Pentax Spotmatic II has a Super-Multi-Coated Takumar 50 mm f/1.4 lens as standard

The Body.



equipment, but there are 23 others to choose from, all interchangeable. And this is the combination that has made Asahi Pentax the best-selling fine camera in the world.

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INTER-CONTINENTAL HOTELS

Obituaries

William Swingle, 81, Ex-Head Of Foreign Trade Unit in U.S.

CENTERVILLE, Mass., Aug. 3 (NYT).—William S. Swingle, 81, a director and former president of the National Foreign Trade Council, died yesterday at his home after a long illness.

Mr. Swingle joined the council, a private, non-profit organization of U.S. companies engaged in trade abroad, as a vice-president in 1938. He served as vice-chairman from 1943 to 1945 and as executive vice-president from 1947 to 1950. In 1950, he was named president and served in that capacity until his retirement in 1962.

For 13 years, he was the director of the Foreign Department and manager of the Foreign Credit Interchange Bureau of the National Association of Credit Men. He also served on the faculties of Columbia and New York Universities as a lecturer.

Ismail Bin Dato

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Acting Prime Minister Ismail Bin Dato Abdul Rahman, 57, died last night, the Malaysian government announced. Tun Ismail also was the interior minister. A newspaper said he died of heart failure, but there was no official confirmation of the cause of death. A spokesman said that Prime Minister Abdul Razak, who is in Ottawa for the British Commonwealth Conference, has been notified.

Ralph M. Hower

BOSTON, Aug. 3 (AP).—Ralph M. Hower, 69, *professor emeritus* of business administration at Harvard Business School, died yesterday at Massachusetts General Hospital.

Mr. Hower, a native of Salina, Kan., was a consultant to a number of firms on organization, *management* and *executive* training and helped the University of Navarra, Spain, set up a business school.

He had been on the Harvard faculty for 43 years, retiring in 1970.

Shadrach Woods

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (NYT).—Shadrach Woods, 50, an architect and urban planner once associated with the noted architect Le Corbusier, died Tuesday at his home here.

Mr. Woods was a professor of architecture at the Graduate School of Design at Harvard University.

In 1956, with George Candilis, also of the Le Corbusier office, and Alexis Josic, he founded the firm of Candilis-Josic-Woods.



Associated Press.

WINGS DOWN UNDER—Helicopter lifting a WW II Wirraway high over Perth, Australia. It was the first time the old plane had been airborne in 15 years, moving from a technical college to an air force center where it will be *restored in an aviation museum.*

Allende Orders Army to End Chile Transportation Strike

SANTIAGO, Chile, Aug. 3 (UPI).—President Salvador Allende today ordered the army to restore strikebound bus and taxi service.

Mr. Allende named Gen. Herman Brady, director of the army war college, as manager of the *striking companies* and gave *him* full authority to get the vehicles back on the street.

Owners of about 5,000 buses and taxis garaged their vehicles at midnight in many major cities to join a nationwide truckers' strike against Mr. Allende's transportation policy.

State-owned buses and several hundred private buses operated in Santiago today, but with extraordinary delays due to overcrowding. Gasoline was rationed to two gallons an automobile.

The Land Transport Federation, which includes taxis and minibuses, went on strike last night after President Allende rejected an ultimatum that he fire Jaime Faivovich, the under secretary of transportation. The federation accused Mr. Faivovich of brutality in employing riot police to requisition 1,000 of 45,000 strikebound trucks.

Uranium-238 Breakthrough Made in U.S.

Energy for Fission 1,000 Times Less

TROY, N.Y., Aug. 3 (UPI).—Researchers at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute said today that they have developed a method of inducing nuclear fission in uranium-238 at neutron-energy levels a thousand times lower than levels previously used.

The experiment may have important implications for the creation of new heavy elements, *according to two of the researchers*, Robert C. Block and Robert W. Hockenberry.

Uranium-238 normally is fissionable when particles in its nucleus are bombarded by a stream of neutrons at energy levels of at least 700,000 electron volts.

However, in the experiment performed on the RPI electron linear accelerator, fission occurred at the much lower level of 700 electron volts.

Theory Confirmed

The experiment confirmed a theory of nuclear structure advanced in 1967 by a Soviet physicist, V. M. Strutinsky. Until then, nuclear particles were thought to exist in a relatively deep region in the nucleus called a potential well, which is surrounded by a potential barrier.

Mr. Strutinsky revised the picture to include a second, shallower, potential well, having its own barrier, outside the first well. The RPI experiment, the scientists here say, fits the picture of a double potential well.

Basically, the RPI results provide an experimental base for theories concerning the forces that bind particles in the nucleus of a heavy element.

As the basic knowledge of nuclear forces becomes more complete, it becomes a solid foundation from which scientists can project theoretical structures of super-heavy, so-called transuranic elements, which have not yet been created.

U.K., Doctors Report on 12-Year Study

Earlier Puberty in Girls May Be Reversing

LONDON, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—The trend for girls to reach puberty at an increasingly early age may have halted in Britain or even been reversed, two researchers reported today.

A 12-year study of girls entering the University College of Swansea, Wales, suggests the turning point occurred in girls born about 1946.

Writing in the British Medical Journal, Dr. T.C. Dann and Dr. D.F. Roberts, a geneticist, noted that the age of menarche (the start of the menstrual function) had been thought to be falling steadily in Europe and North America during the last 100 years.

Calculations made in the mid-1950s indicated that the age dropped by three to four months a decade.

"It seemed to us to be highly unlikely that this diminution would continue indefinitely," the *doctors* said. Their study at the university, where more than 2,400 girls were questioned, confirmed that there, at least, the downward trend has halted.

At its lowest point, recorded in 1964, girls were reaching menarche at a mean age of just under 12 1/2 years.

But the mean-age level h risen to 12 years nine mont in 1970.

The two researchers urg further surveys to establi whether the trend has chang They said their admittedly te tative findings were suppor by an unpublished study in t London area.

They said the findings w *also compatible with other s* dies which indicated the tre was coming to a halt in t United States and northw Europe, but not in Eastern E rope.

Justice Department Opens New Inquiry Into Kent State

By William L. Claiborne

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—The Justice Department has begun a new investigation into the 1970 fatal shooting of four Kent State University students and may empanel a federal grand jury to conduct an inquiry into the confrontation with Ohio National Guardsmen.

Assistant Attorney General J. Stanley Pottinger, chief of the Civil Rights Division of the department, said federal authorities will "use investigative techniques and pursue areas of inquiry that I am not satisfied we have fully exhausted."

His announcement was a turn*about from the administration's* position on Kent State as recently as May 25, when presidential *counsel Leonard Garment wrote* student leaders that "the answer on convening a federal grand jury is negative."

Although the FBI established probable cause for the filing of criminal charges against Guardsmen who fired their weapons during a demonstration against the entry of American troops into Cambodia in May, 1970, former Attorney General John N. Mitchell decided against launching a grand jury probe.

Mr. Pottinger said today that, *while he believes that decision* "reflects integrity and probity," it was a "close prosecutive judgment" that requires review.

Made Personal Review

He said that on the basis of a personal monthlong review of the Kent State file, he recommended to Attorney General Elliot L. Richardson that the case be reopened.

Mr. Richardson said his decision to renew the investigation rested solely on "the need to exhaust every potential for acquiring facts relating to this tragedy.

"This does not mean that we have reason to believe that the prior decision to discontinue active investigation was wrong or [was] made for improper reasons; nor does it mean that we think the additional inquiry is likely to lead to different prosecutive judgment," Mr. Richardson said.

Under questioning by newsmen, Mr. Pottinger persistently refused to say whether the Justice Department had uncovered new evidence in the case.

"I cannot speculate on any new evidence we may or may not have," he said.

However, he said the decision to reopen the case was influenced, in part, by a number of events that have occurred since Mr. Mitchell's decision. These include, he said, civil suits brought by parents of three of the victims, congressional inquiries, student petitions, lobbying by the academic community, increased pressure for reform of National Guard *procedures and continual inquiries* by the press.

"We want to make sure, doubly *sure, that the file does reflect* that everything was done that possibly could be," Mr. Pottinger *said.*

Parisians Not Fast Decline i Quality of Li

PARIS, Aug. 3 (UPI Three of every five Paris find life in the Pr capital less bearable t than three years ago, acc ing to a study in the ecological magazine Sau

The 500 persons questione May in a Sofres poll said most were bothered by tr and transportation probl Seventy-five percent said fic jams made their difficult. Fifty-seven pe said exhaust fumes and from cars bothered t Dissatisfaction also was ed by crowded public t *port and noise caused* traffic.

Eighteen percent said felt that life was better day than three years ago, poll said. Twenty-two cent said they found change or had no opinio

French Speake Raid Missions i Brussels, Bern

BRUSSELS, Aug. 3 (Reute A group of about 20 membe militant French-speaking se ist organization from the region of Switzerland remain control of the Swiss Embassy today several hours after t it by peaceful assault.

The intruders belong to "Belier" (Ram) youth wing o *Rassemblement Jurassien* Assemblage).

The group is dedicated creation of a separate can the French-speaking Jura which is currently part mainly German-speaking of Bern.

Parallel with the occupat the Swiss Embassy here, a of five French-speaking Be and 29 Swiss occupied the B Embassy in Bern, until forc by police.

The group—25 men and women—handed over a stat accusing the Belgian gover of "linguistic and economi pression" and saying the F speaking Walloons in B would no longer live "unde of constraint imposed their will."

Athens Releases Mrs. Tsouderou

ATHENS, Aug. 3 (AP).—Virginia Tsouderou, daughter of a former Greek premier, was released from a military prison today after being held incommunicado for 127 days.

Mrs. Tsouderou, 46, an American-trained sociologist, said she was freed without conditions. She reportedly was arrested in connection with student unrest at Athens University.

The government today also released former Minister of Defense Petros Garoufalias, 72, who was held for two month in a military police camp in connection with the abortive navy coup in May.

Ivory Coast Sentences

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—Seven Ivory Coast military officers were sentenced to death here early Wednesday and four more were jailed for life on charges of plotting to overthrow President Felix Houphouet-Boigny. Two others received 15 and 20-year prison sentences.

Travelers Give EE Food for Thought

BRUSSELS, Aug. 3 (U Travelers in the nine-m European Economic Comm are to get a bonus from the mon Market authorities, have proposed that all foo taken from one country t other should be exempted customs duties.

Among the products con are picnic foods including baby foods, candies and Everyone will be able to $25 worth across a frontier officials admit that the c sions had been delayed by sight on their part but cl is an attempt to give a "human face."

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...peration Imposed by Doctor

...Forced-Sterilization Issue ...tirs Town in Southern U.S.

By Nancy Hicks

AIKEN, S. C. (NYT).—Marietta ...lliams, is 20 years old and ...erile.

She wasn't always sterile. Last ...onth she gave birth to a baby ...y—her third child—and the ...xt day her Fallopian tubes ...re snipped and tied.

The operation was performed ... the one doctor in town who ... willing to deliver babies for ...omen such as Mrs. Williams ...o are on welfare. Dr. Clovis ... Pierce does so under one con...tion—that mothers of three ...ildren receiving Medicaid ...ree to be sterilized to receive ...s help. He is doing so, he has ...id, to help reduce the welfare ...lls.

Not Only Case

Mrs. Williams said he threat...ed to take her to court if she ...d not sign the surgical consent ...rm before delivery, so she did. Hers is not the only case in ...ken; it's not the only one in ...e South. In fact, it is the third ...uation to be disclosed in recent ...onths in which involuntary ...erilization was systematically ...rformed on poor black women. The disclosures are causing ...despread outrage and have ...ompted the filing of lawsuits ...d the issuance by Caspar ... Weinberger, secretary of ...ealth, Education and Welfare, ... new guidelines on involuntary ...erilization.

All of this will not help Mrs. ...illiams, however.

Her new baby has been sick ...ce birth and is still hospital...d, dehydrated with an intes...al disorder that keeps him ...om retaining any oral nourish...ent. She is wondering about ...s future and her own.

"I wouldn't marry again. Who ...uld want me, knowing I can...t have any children?" she said ...e other day, repeating a sen...ment expressed over and over ...ain in this part of the country, ...ere a woman's greatest gift is ...ill thought to be her fertility.

Several weeks ago, Mrs. Carol Brown, a white welfare mother of four, publicly complained that Dr. Pierce had refused to deliver her fifth baby unless she agreed to be sterilized or pay a $100 down payment on his $250 fee. Her complaint brought to light a personally imposed policy that some Aiken officials think has been going on for two years.

Mrs. Brown became a welfare recipient in February when her husband, Robert, began serving an 18-month prison term for grand larceny. He should be paroled within a few weeks, Mrs. Brown said. And her baby will be delivered now by a doctor in Augusta, Ga., about 30 miles from Aiken.

Defended Policy

Immediately after the complaint was made public, Dr. Pierce defended his policy in the local press and said that he did require welfare mothers with three children to be sterilized to receive care. He said he was doing so because of the heavy tax burden welfare was causing. He said that Aiken's other obstetricians supported the policy.

Since then he has refused to make any public comment.

Aiken County Hospital records show that 18 of 34 deliveries paid for by Medicaid last year included sterilization. Sixteen of the 18 involved black women. All were performed by Dr. Pierce, the records show. Medical payments to Dr. Pierce, according to the records, have totaled $60,000 in the last 18 months.

The disclosure of the sterilizations here, following that of the sterilization of two young black girls in Alabama earlier, has rocked Aiken, a quiet town best known as a genteel retreat for the rich to train and breed thoroughbred horses.

Just after the Alabama case, which led to a lawsuit by the father of the girls, a less publicized suit was filed in North Carolina in behalf of Nial Ruth Cox, who was sterilized seven years ago. She said she was told it was a "temporary five-year operation" that would "wear off."

Residents Angered

When the Aiken situation broke, television crews and reporters swarmed into town. This influx has angered residents, many of whom are supporting Dr. Pierce in letters to newspapers and to Mrs. Brown.

"I didn't mean to drop a bomb," Mrs. Brown said with a chuckle in her living room in New Ellenton, about 10 miles south of Aiken. "I just wanted to have my baby."

Five investigations are under way, including one by the Justice Department. Other investigations are being conducted by the state attorney general, the State Department of Social Services, the South Carolina Medical Association and the South Carolina Council for Human Rights, a privately sponsored watchdog group.

Specialists in medical ethics have expressed outrage over the increasing disclosures that sterilization is being imposed on poor Southern blacks for social rather than medical reasons.

"We must face the fact there are many whites who, consciously or not see birth control as a way to save the white race from being overwhelmed," said Bruce Hilton, director of the National Center for Bioethics in Ridgefield, N. J.

"Many laymen still hold the mistaken belief that it is America's minority groups that contribute most to this country's growing population—contrary to figures."

And many black Americans, who consider abortion and sterilization forms of black genocide, are nodding their heads knowingly.



The New York Times.

Mrs. Marietta Williams, 20, of Aiken, S.C., seen with two of her three children. She was sterilized by her doctor after giving birth to her third child about a month ago.

...etty 3d Ransom ...ut at $17 Million

...ROME, Aug. 3 (AP).—A lawyer ...r the Getty family said last ...ght that kidnappers last week ...manded a ransom of $17 million ...r the release of 16-year-old J. ...ul Getty 3d.

The lawyer, Giovanni Iacovoni, ...id that the boy's divorced ...rents could not afford the sum ...d made a counteroffer, but the ...dnappers turned it down. He ...d not reveal the counteroffer.

...oung Getty, grandson of the ...erican oil billionaire for whom ... was named, disappeared here ...ly 9. The grandfather, 80, who ...s in London, has refused to ...ntribute toward a ransom, as...ting: "I have 14 other grand...ldren and if I pay one penny ...w, then I'll have 14 kidnapped ...andchildren." Police have said ...ey are not convinced that the ...y, known here as the "golden ...ppy," was abducted.

...African Newsman ...ets 18-Month Term

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—A Johannesburg journalist today was given an 18-month suspended sentence for attempting to publish an interview with the banned African leader Robert Sobukwe in the Observer, a London Sunday newspaper.

Mr. Sobukwe, former leader of the banned Pan African Congress, is now living in restriction in Kimberley. As a banned person, he cannot be quoted in South Africa.

Patrick Laurence, a 36-year-old reporter on the Star of Johannesburg, was charged under the Suppression of Communism Act.

Naguib, Freed by Sadat, Tells Of His Overthrow by Nasser

From Wire Dispatches

BEIRUT, Aug. 3.—Maj. Gen. Mohammed Naguib, the man who helped overthrow King Farouk in July, 1952, and became Egypt's first president, has given what is thought to be his first press interview since he was put under house arrest 18 years ago by the late President Gamal Abdel Nasser, his successor in power.

In the interview, which took place in Cairo and was published yesterday by the independent Beirut weekly Al Hawadess, Gen. Naguib said that he was ordered released in 1970 by President Anwar Sadat, who had restored his salary and allowed him other benefits.

"But the orders for my release were delayed by the gang which was plotting against the president for two months until the president knew about the delay and ordered my release within an hour," he said.

Gen. Naguib was referring to former Egyptian Vice-President Aly Sabry, who was imprisoned by President Sadat for plotting against the regime in May, 1971.

U.S. Offers Reported

The general revealed that the United States twice offered to support him against Nasser, but said he rejected both offers, made during his 1953-1954 presidential tenure before Nasser toppled him.

Gen. Naguib said that the offers were relayed on behalf of the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency by Egyptian millionaire Ahmed Abboud Pasha and the late Saudi Arabian Army chief of staff, Maj. Gen. Said Kurdi.

"Both told me in separate meetings that the CIA had solid reports that Nasser was plotting my overthrow and that the United States was ready to use its influence and vast financial resources and intelligence networks to support me," the general said.

"I was so angry that I threatened to order Abboud Pasha's arrest if he brought the matter up again. As for Kurdi, who was a close friend and comrade-in-arms during the 1948 Palestine war, I reproachingly told him, 'Would you approve that I seek foreign help to stay in power?'" Gen. Naguib said.

Dispute With Nasser

He said that his main dispute with Nasser was over his own advocacy of a speedy establishment of a parliamentary democratic system in Egypt. "I tried hard to forestall a military dictatorship," Gen. Naguib said.

The general, now 71, said that President Sadat had treated him well. "He granted me a diplomatic passport and reinstated my salary. And there is also . . . the human touch."

President Sadat was a member of the Revolution Command Council under Gen. Naguib and also played a part in the overthrow of King Farouk.

Gen. Naguib said the last time he saw President Nasser was on Nov. 14, 1954, "one hour before I was put under house arrest."

Syria Is Reported Ousting Russians, Asking Hanoi Aid

BEIRUT, Aug. 3 (UPI).—President Hafez Assad of Syria has decided to replace Soviet military and technical experts with experts from North Vietnam, the Beirut newspaper Al Hayat said today.

It said that the "sudden" decision was made after the failure of talks in Damascus last month between high-ranking Syrian officials and Andrei P. Kirilenko, a member of the 16-man Soviet Politburo, and after the Soviet Union secretly shipped $1 billion worth of modern weapons to Iraq and South Yemen.

The Syrian decision will be followed by other steps dealing with Soviet-Syrian relations, the newspaper said.

The report said: "Al Hayat has learned that Soviet-Syrian relations are passing through a delicate and sensitive stage. A decree was issued by President Hafez Assad calling for the replacement of Soviet technical and military experts by experts from North Vietnam."

The report was issued about a month after Syria's defense minister visited North Vietnam, reportedly to seek experts on guerrilla warfare and ground-air defenses, especially the Soviet-made SAM missiles.

Seattle to Provide Free Bus Service

SEATTLE, Aug. 3 (AP).—In hopes that motorists will leave their polluting cars at home and take the bus, Seattle plans to provide one year of free transit service on routes through the downtown business district.

The program will cost the city $64,000 for the year and will start Sept. 5 unless a hitch develops.

"This has never been tried before," Mayor Wes Uhlman said after yesterday's unanimous action by the City Council's Transportation Committee. Formal approval by the full council on Monday is considered certain.

Belgian Mirage Crashes

LESSINES, Belgium, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—A Belgian Air Force Mirage jet crashed into a field near this southwest town yesterday. The pilot bailed out safely, military sources said.

5 Cholera Cases Found in Europe

GENEVA, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—Five cases of cholera have now been reported in Europe following visits by tourists to Tunisia, a World Health Organization spokesman said here today.

In Britain, a husband and wife had the disease, he said, and two cases were reported in Sweden. All four victims had been to Tunisia, where there is a cholera outbreak. Another case was reported in France, he added.

By July 24, Tunisia had reported 60 cholera cases and 16 deaths. Mauritania reported 20 cases and five deaths by July 23. The highest figures were from Upper Volta, where there had been 697 cases and 189 deaths up to June 11.

Danish Grandmaster Wins Chess Match

GRENAA, Denmark, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Danish grandmaster Bent Larsen today won the Nordic chess championships here.

Mr. Larsen drew with fellow countryman Bo Jacobsen in the 11th and last game and scored totally nine out of 11 possible points. Heikki Westerinen and P. Poutiainen of Finland and Leif Ovgaard and Terje Wibe of Norway shared second place with eight points.

Jesuit General Plans To Visit Cuba on Trip

VATICAN CITY, Aug. 3 (AP).—The Rev. Pedro Arrupe, superior general of the Jesuit order, will go to Cuba later this month during a visit to Latin America, Jesuit headquarters said yesterday.

The Spanish-born priest will be the highest official of the Roman Catholic Church to visit the island since Fidel Castro seized power 14 years ago. The official purpose of the visit is for Father Arrupe to meet with the 27 Jesuits living there. But sources said the Jesuit leader had not ruled out a meeting with Cuban government officials.

Indian Aide Sees Better Ties to China

Says Peking Attitude Is 'More Affable'

NEW DELHI, Aug. 3 (NYT).—The Indian government said today that China had shown "some indications" of its desire to establish normal relations with India.

Surendra Pal Singh, minister of state for external affairs, told members of Parliament that, although there were "no clearcut indications," there was reason to hope for a normalizing of relations. The relations between the two neighbors have been strained since their 1962 border conflict.

Mr. Singh said that among the positive indications were the halt in Chinese propaganda against India along the Himalayan border, response to India's Republic Day reception in Peking in January this year by a high Chinese official for the first time since 1962, official posting of a senior diplomat as the head of the Chinese mission in New Delhi after a gap of 18 months and increasing cooperation between the two countries at the United Nations.

"The social behavior of the Chinese has undergone some change," he said. "They are not very cordial but they are more affable."

Mr. Singh said that in the near future it might be possible to open a dialogue with Peking.

However, the minister acknowledged that China had taken certain "negative" political positions against India, such as opposition to a détente between India and Pakistan, refusal to recognize Bangladesh, support for the military build-up of Iran and hostility to the India-Soviet friendship treaty of August, 1971.

"The whole thing is very complicated," he said. "We are hoping this negative factor will be sidetracked and the positive factor taken note of."

The minister also said there was a border problem to be solved resulting from the "illegal occupation" of 14,000 square miles of Indian territory in Kashmir that the Chinese seized during the 1962 war.

T-Shirts Seized in Sicily

GELAN, Italy, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Authorities in this southern Sicilian town are confiscating T-shirts on the grounds that they violate a 1962 law prohibiting cigarette advertising. Customs guards seized 114 T-shirts printed with ads for various brands of cigarettes.

Plight of Belgian Forces Shows Armies Do Not Move on Stomachs

By David Haworth

BRUSSELS, Aug. 3 (IHT).—*The Belgian Army fears it* will be immobilized as a result of a refusal by the country's oil companies to accept a government contract for six months' supply of gasoline.

A contract tender to supply 18 million liters of gas to the army has been ignored by the oil companies, who are protesting the government's refusal to allow them to raise all gasoline prices.

Although the Belgian forces have substantial reserves, the oil companies' attitude has caused the government considerable embarrassment.

A further public invitation for tender will be made later this month. If there is still no response, supplies may have to be imported. Belgian forces serving under NATO command reportedly are not affected.

N. Korea Spurns Suggestion That 'North' Exists

TOKYO, Aug. 3 (AP.—North Korea assailed South Korea today for sending an invitation to something the North says does not exist.

Yesterday, a report from Seoul said that South Korea, for the first time in its quarter-century history, was inviting sports officials from North Korea, Mongolia and North Vietnam to attend a course for volleyball coaches in Seoul Aug. 10-20.

Today, North Korea denounced the invitation, which it said was addressed to the "North Korean Volleyball Association, which never existed."

It added: "As everyone knows, there is no organization called 'North Korean Volleyball Association' in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. We have only the Volleyball Association of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea."

Cyprus Leader Rejects Grivas Ransom Demand

NICOSIA, Cyprus, Aug. 3 (UPI).—President Makarios today rejected and then refused all further comment on a five-point ransom demand by the kidnappers of Justice Minister Christakis Vakis.

Archbishop Makarios, in a statement, "categorically" rejected the demand and said he would "not even discuss it" because "giving in to blackmail cultivates a climate of anarchy and encourages resorts to jungle law."

The ransom demand was circulated in leaflet form yesterday by guerrillas who want immediate union with Greece.

It sought general amnesty for political prisoners as one of the five conditions for the release of Mr. Vakis, who was taken from his home by masked gunmen one week ago.

The leaflets, addressed to Archbishop Makarios, were signed by Gen. George Grivas, leader of the guerrilla fight for Enosis (union with Greece). About 50 Grivas followers are currently in Cyprus jails.

Mystery Blast Kills American

PARIS, Aug. 3 (AP).—A young Cuban-American was killed by an explosion in his hotel room near Paris yesterday apparently while handling explosives. The police identified the dead man as Juan Felipe de la Cruz, 28, born in Cuba but carrying an American passport and living in Hialeah, Fla.

The owner of the Oasis hotel at Avrainville, about 15 miles south of Paris, said Mr. de la Cruz arrived there three days ago and had made frequent trips to Paris in a car he had rented in Spain.

3-Month Price Freeze Is Approved in Italy

ROME, Aug. 3 (UPI).—The Chamber of Deputies gave final approval Wednesday to a three-month price freeze on 21 staple food items. The freeze was sought by the new center-left government of Premier Mariano Rumor to fight inflation.

The freeze, part of a package proposed by the 16-day-old government, would hold to the July 16 level the prices of fresh and frozen food, olive and vegetable oils, beer, wine and mineral water, soaps, bottled gas, grain, corn, butter and feed.



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Gübelin has watches that are not one split second ahead of their time—but still several years.

Certain practical-minded people insist that the purpose of a watch is to keep accurate time. Since there's no denying this, Gübelin carries all manner of time-pieces for the practical-minded: Plain, sports, smart watches, stopwatches, diving watches, hourglasses, pilots' watches, ladies' watches, children's watches, wall clocks, sundials, table clocks, alarm clocks, quartz clocks—and practically anything else that's been invented to keep time.

Gübelin owes it to the reputation of the house to carry only fine watches from its own factory and the best-known Swiss watchmakers. And none go out the door unless they safeguard perfect time.

But Gübelin also owes it to the reputation of the house to make some very different watches. Not that they keep any less accurate time: they don't. But timekeeping is not their sole or even their main function. And it's these watches—timepieces and jewelry in one—that have made Gübelin famous, particularly among people to whom a minute or two and a franc or two are secondary.

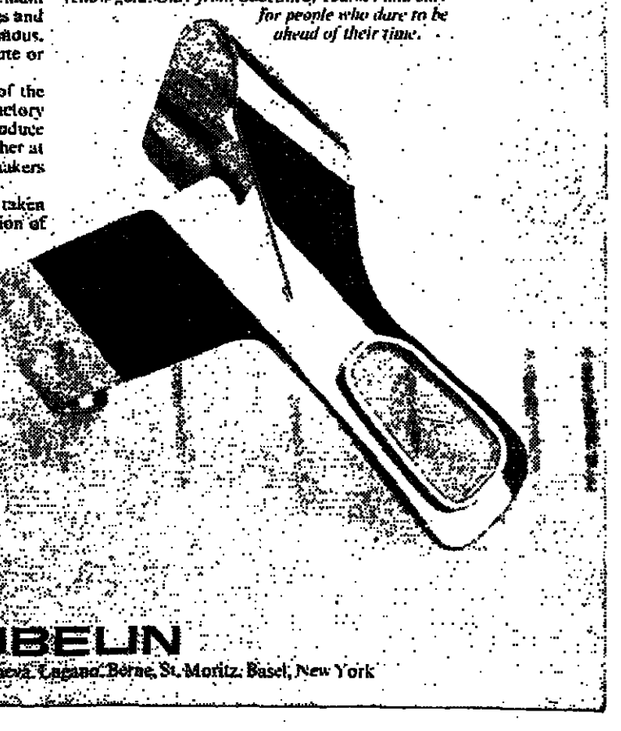
The reason is simple: Gübelin is one of the very few jewelers who also have a watch factory of their own. And anyone who wants to produce a truly new watch these days must get together at one table a highly qualified staff of watchmakers and of jewelry designers.

For Gübelin this is an every-day affair, taken as much for granted as the endless procession of design awards. The most recent, the Golden Rose of 1972, went to a bracelet watch called, from its appearance, the anaconda watch.

Bracelet watches are a synthesis of bracelet and wristwatch that eliminates the most delicate part of the watch—the strap. They are available in various versions for ladies and gentlemen.

The person who wears one can always tell exactly what time it is. And everyone else can tell that she's ahead of her time.

The anaconda watch by designer Kurt Flory is available in platinumplated silver at sFr. 580.– and in yellow gold. Only from Gübelin, of course; and only for people who dare to be ahead of their time.



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Dialogue With Japan

Although the communiqué summing up the talks between President Nixon and Premier Tanaka of Japan has the ambiguity usual in such documents, Mr. Tanaka's visit should help to establish a more healthy relationship between the two countries.

The President went out of his way to try to correct the impression his administration has so often given of downgrading Japan's importance in world affairs. Citing Japan as "a great world power," he promised support for a wider Japanese role both in the United Nations and in a proposed triangular relationship with Western Europe. The communiqué recognized Japan's contribution to reducing the United States trade deficit—for which Mr. Tanaka has paid a heavy political price at home—and administration officials took pains to assure the Japanese that recent curbs on U.S. soybean and other exports to their country might soon be lifted.

The priority which both countries assign to energy problems was reflected in agreements to examine, with other consuming nations, arrangements for oil-sharing in an emergency and to study the possibility of constructing a uranium-enrichment plant in the United States to supply Japan's expanding nuclear power industry. However, moving from study to active cooperation in this vital field will require a degree of mutual understanding that has too often been absent in the past.

The most significant aspect of the premier's visit is the opportunity it has given him to explain the Japanese viewpoint directly to the administration and to a wider American audience while at the same time gaining first-hand impressions of the conditions that influence the United States. The success of the new Japanese-American partnership will depend in large measure on the expansion of this kind of dialogue at many levels. It will also be affected by the firmness with which Americans renounce the residue of racism that emerged at the Watergate hearings while Mr. Tanaka was still in Washington. Attorney John J. Wilson's characterization of Sen. Inouye as "that little Jap" was not only an unpardonable insult to the senator from Hawaii and his colleagues but a singularly untimely expression of an attitude that continues to poison this country's domestic life and foreign relations.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Builder of the Wall

For Walter Ulbricht, to be a Communist was to be loyal to the Soviet Union and to develop the satellite state which calls itself the German Democratic Republic precisely along the lines Moscow desired, regardless of the moral and economic costs to the Germans involved.

Epitome of the Stalinist apparatchik, he will go down in German history as the man whose slavish execution of Muscovite policy ended the unity of the German state and the German nation and undid the historic achievement of Bismarck in the 19th century.

Even his opponents must grant that Ulbricht did achieve major successes. The East Germany he leaves behind is, on a per capita basis, one of the world's major industrial powers and the richest country in the Soviet bloc. It has won recognition from West Germany and from many other states and was recently voted membership in the United Nations. But these successes became possible only after the Berlin wall was built, and the people of East Germany were prevented from voting with their feet—prisoners behind the wall despite their abhorrence for the system of bondage that Ulbricht created. Thousands have been killed or wounded while trying to escape, but the vast majority of East Germans have accepted the loss of alternatives and resigned themselves to making the best of their bad situation. Ulbricht's death is a reminder that nothing is eternal in this dynamic world, and that the Berlin wall—and the oppression it stands for—will some day pass as has the man who ordered it built.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The Ovambo Boycott

The successful boycott by the Ovambo electorate of their rigged local elections maintains the reputation of this stiffnecked people for dogged opposition to South African bullying. Reducing the elections to a farce will not deter the South Africans from installing an unopposed "Ovambo Independence party" in office. They support this party because it broadly accepts their plan for an Ovambo Bantustan in South West Africa. In the immediate future, the Ovambos will be ruled by the people they rejected, just as the victory of the anti-apartheid Labor party in the 1969 Colored people's election was negated and the pro-government party put into office. But the Africans are not giving in and that is what matters.

—From the Times (London).

Makarios and Grivas

Archbishop Makarios is now reaping the fruits of his former comradeship-in-terrorism with General Grivas and his destruction of the constitutional rights of the Turkish minority in 1963. Makarios, aware of the sympathy for Grivas in the police, the Cyprus National Guard (with Greek mainland officers) and the Greek Army battalion stationed in Cyprus, is fighting him mainly with a new security force personally loyal to himself. The Cyprus Communists are solidly behind Makarios and so is Russia. Although Makarios is largely responsible for this tangled situation, the Greek government has now rightly backed him against Grivas who is, by a whisker, the worse of the two evils.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

France's Force de Frappe

France's nuclear potential has been developed at enormous cost. It has already consumed some 80,000 million marks at the expense of social progress and, for that matter, of conventional armament.

Yet the French are still trailing hopelessly behind the United States and the Soviet Union. By 1980, they will at best have reached the stage Britain has already achieved with American assistance.

Even if they succeed in miniaturizing their nuclear capacity, they will, by 1975, pack thirty megatons of nuclear punch, as opposed to the United States' 30,000 and the Soviet Union's 25,000 megatons.

What is more, the range of their missiles and strategic bombers is too small to represent a serious threat to a possible enemy. France's force de frappe cannot claim to be a very convincing deterrent and assurances that the tests are indispensable for the security and independence of France or even Europe have a hollow ring. Uncertainty regarding American intentions in Europe has, it is true, increased following the talks between President Nixon and General Secretary Brezhnev. Washington continues to press for alternatives to U.S. nuclear guarantees for Europe, too.

A Europe nuclear potential based on French capacity, British technological progress, U.S. know-how and financial backing from other European countries would seem a tempting proposition.

Why, one may ask, have Bonn and Whitehall refrained from joining in the chorus of opposition to the nuclear tests? Could it be that they would like to keep the door open?

A European nuclear force could only function as part of an integrated European defense—unless, that is, two categories of Europeans are established: those with their finger on the trigger and those who are left as sitting ducks.

Defense integration in its turn will only be feasible once the political and economic union of Europe has been largely accomplished (if then!).

For the moment, even in an age of détente and no worries, there is no alternative to the U.S. nuclear shield, certainly not France's force de frappe, which is not even capable of convincingly defending French territory.

—From Die Zeit (Hamburg).

Richard Nixon Quarantined

Whatever the outcome of this constitutional battle, it is already obvious that the Watergate affair is decisive for all democracies because it is a stunning blow to their tendency to absolute power ... Democracies, for the past twenty years, have shown a tendency to evolve toward an imbalance among powers, to the benefit of the executive branch. There comes a time in this evolution when it can be said that a political system plunges into discretionary authoritarianism, as we French did in 1958.

Elections still take place, but controls by the electorate are neutralized in invisible ways. Nixon, in turn, wanted the American to take the plunge, but he underrated the ability to respond of institutions and of men.

—Jean-François Revel in L'Express (Paris).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

August 4, 1898

PONCE—The Spanish citizens who fled from Ponce on the arrival of the Americans are returning, and are among the loudest shouting "Viva los Americanos." They are apparently in earnest, but the Porto Ricans mistrust them. People from San Juan arriving at Ponce assert that a large majority of the citizens of the capital will welcome American annexation.

Fifty Years Ago

August 4, 1923

SAN FRANCISCO—President Warren G. Harding passed away suddenly last night shortly after seven o'clock, in the presence of Mrs. Harding, two nurses and his personal physician, after every hope had been held out for his recovery. A tremor shook the President's body and he fell back on the pillows. Mrs. Harding summoned the doctor, but when he arrived the President was beyond aid.



'I Can Barely Keep My Head Above Water, Which Is More Than My Husband, on Whose Shoulders I'm Standing, Can Say'

Watergate Without End

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON.—As an investigating unit, the Senate Watergate committee is like an outfielder who can only catch a pop fly when the ball is about to hit him on the head. Yet, week after week, the committee keeps coming up with spectacular new finds. How come?

The answer lies in the nature of the Nixon White House. The President drew around him men who competed furiously to do his bidding or advance his interest. They not only committed horrors, they also mistrusted and hated each other so much that they could not cooperate in hiding the evidence from even the most inept gumshoes.

Consider first the astonishing record of committee discoveries. Last week, the committee surfaced an explosive White House memorandum on the administration's secret dealings with ITT. That document alone implicates the President, the Vice-President and several former cabinet members in dubious, and in some cases, criminal actions.

Before that, the committee stumbled upon the fact that the President had kept secret tapes of his conversations and phone calls. Prior to that, the committee walked into the administration's "enemy list."

President's Shadow

Behind all of these developments, there is the shadow of the President himself. Mr. Nixon's approach to the presidency is unique because of its self-conscious character. He moves like a man playing a part in history. He refers unblushingly to "my historic decisions for peace" and "my time on the great world stage."

The other side of that coin is that Mr. Nixon sees his political opponents not merely as men belonging to another party. To him they are connected with beliefs or interests inimical to the national destiny and way of life. They are enemies, out to get him.

Mr. Nixon's original White House staff was built in conformity with those instincts. At its heart, the man closest to him was the principal figure in last week's Watergate hearings, former White House chief of staff Bob Haldeman.

Mr. Haldeman quite simply worshipped Mr. Nixon. It is well known that, apart from toiling endlessly for the President at the office, his one hobby was showing home movies of himself with Mr. Nixon. In his prepared testimony, he spoke of Mr. Nixon as one of "America's greatest presidents" and called his own service for the President "the high point of my life."

Mr. Haldeman would stop at nothing in working to baffle those who were against Mr. Nixon. Testimony last week showed that, months after the election, he personally tried to make public a rumor that Sen. George McGovern had sired an illegitimate child.

Apart from having this attitude himself, Haldeman tried to enforce it upon everybody else working for the President. Privately around the White House he was known as "Himmler"—a reference to Hitler's chief cop. Even in official memos, he was called the "lord high executioner."

Poisonous Acrimony

The inner atmosphere of the administration, not surprisingly, was one of poisonous acrimony. Feuding among such principal figures as Haldeman, special counsel Charles Colson, counsel John Dean, Attorney General John Mitchell and chief domestic aide John Ehrlichman was constant and almost random in its pattern. All of the big disclosures have come as a result.

The ITT memo was written by Colson in an evident effort to knock out the nomination of Richard Kleindienst to be Mitchell's chosen successor as attorney general. The enemies list was surfaced by Dean as part of a campaign to get Colson who had been particularly critical of Dean's testimony in the Watergate hearings. The tapes came to light because a Haldeman subordinate, Alexander Butterfield, was not trusted enough to be told that their existence was supposed to be kept from the committee.

Finding new information in these circumstances is as easy as shooting fish in a barrel. Far from running dry as so many have repeatedly predicted, the Watergate investigation will probably continue to yield more sensational discoveries.

For Watergate is not, as Mr. Nixon has recently been saying, just about "small, vicious, murky, unimportant things." It is about Mr. Nixon's whole mode of operation, his system of government. That is why it has been so hard to put a stopper on the scandal and why the President's authority continues to ebb.

Progress on Japan

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—President Nixon has made good progress in his meetings here with Premier Tanaka of Japan in removing the serious misunderstandings of the last couple of years in the relations between Washington and Tokyo.

The communiqué published at the end of their talks here seemed a little thin and vague, and Tanaka's visit was overwhelmed by the Watergate hearings, but it dealt with fundamental principles in the relations between the United States and Japan, and, in the end, these will probably endure long after Nixon and Tanaka have retired and the Watergate is forgotten.

In his efforts to find accommodations with the Soviet Union and China and his equally urgent problem of dealing with America's trade and monetary crises, Nixon made bold and dramatic moves that troubled and even startled Japan.

His trip to Peking, his concentration on new arrangements with Moscow, his protectionist moves to defend the dollar and American trade, his restrictions on exports of soybeans to Japan and Henry Kissinger's speech on the priority of U.S. relations with Europe all created a fundamental problem in this nation's relations with the Japanese.

Misunderstandings

Fortunately, the meeting here in the last few days between Nixon and Tanaka, though very little was made of it in the press, helped remove these misunderstandings and this is an achievement that should not be underestimated.

The major nations of the world are now on the verge of an extraordinary and even historic experiment. They are still acting on their nationalistic interests, economic and military. They are still suspicious of one another. Accordingly, they are still spending far more than they can afford on military arms—the world cost of armies and arms is now running at the record rate of over $220 billion a year—but at the same time they are now talking for the first time of a cooperative world economic and monetary system and the control of military arms.

They are just at the beginning of it. They are confronted by major disagreements, mutual fears and distracting domestic political problems. But almost for the first time, they are beginning to realize that no nation can solve the problems of trade, money, pollution, disease, drugs, safe international transportation, or national defense without some understanding of common action to deal with common world problems.

Important Visits

All this has been obvious to thoughtful people for a very long time, but the problems of money, trade and military arms have recently been left mainly to the technicians, who have been negotiating in the past without any clear political agreement by the leaders of governments about their common goals or common political objectives.

This is why the visits with Nixon recently of Brezhnev of the Soviet Union, Tanaka of Japan, Heath of Britain, Pompidou of France, Brandt of West Germany, the shah of Iran and Prime Minister Whitlam of Australia are so important. These visits don't decide much, but at last the leaders of governments are talking about the coming shape of the world, and they are talking about revolutionary new ideas.

For example, the agenda of the world leaders now includes the possibility of cooperation between the United States and Japan on sharing the oil resources of the Middle East; the possibility of developing the oil and gas resources of Siberia by the United States, Japan and the Western European nations for distribution to the continental United States and industrial Western Europe; the production of nuclear energy for Japanese electrical power in the United States, and the limitation of resources for military arms to raise the standard of living not only in the advanced nations but to help the hungry and overpopulated nations of Africa, Asia and Latin America.

What is remarkable about all this is that the political leaders of all the major nations seem to be in trouble at home, but at the same time they seem to sense that this is one of those moments in history when there is at least a chance to achieve a better life for their peoples and even a new and more sensible order in the world.

Nixon is overwhelmed by Watergate, inflation and rising prices. Pompidou of France is troubled by the rise of the left and he is apparently in ill health.

Brezhnev is in trouble with Russia's endemic agricultural problem and what he regards as the tyranny of freedom; Tanaka is just beginning to discover that the problems of prosperity in Japan are even more complicated than the problems of adversity, and China is in a race with time and the leadership of a passing generation.

Something Hopeful

Nevertheless, despite all these personal and national problems in the world of politics, something new and hopeful is happening in the world, or at least is being discussed in these meetings between the leaders of the major nations.

Paradoxically, almost all of them are in deep trouble politically or personally, and yet their consolation seems to be that they may just have a chance on the world scene to overcome their disappointments and failures at home.

In his toast to Tanaka in the White House the other evening, Nixon said that he and the premier were "total friends and cooperators in working for peace." And then he added, not being able to forget Watergate, "so let others spend their time on small, vicious, murky, unimportant little things. We will spend our time building a better world."

It was an unfortunate, awkward and unnecessary comparison, but Nixon sounds homeless and almost friendless now, and the world is obviously his consolation.

'Howcum' Checklist For Diehard

By William Safire

WASHINGTON.—Presid Eisenhower used to hav benign "enemies list" of his o Whenever somebody irritated h he would write that person's na on a scrap of paper, crumpl up and throw it in a bot drawer, thereby ridding him of what later came to be ca hangups.

When Sen. Sam Ervin obse on "Face the Nation" last w end: "Down in North Caro we say—'howcum?'" Hi rem sent me to my bottom dra where I keep my crumpled howcums. Flattened out presented here today, these lected howcums represent cathartic checklist for diehs some specifics to fling abou justifying that lingering fee of helpless resentment.

Howcum the lack of inv gation of massive vote fraud the 1960 Kennedy-Nixon c paign has never been calle "cover-up"?

Howcum John Dean's flat sertion under oath that "I pla no stories" received no refuta from the dozens of people whom Dean and his law planted stories?

Howcum there has been clamor to investigate the inv gations inflicted on the 1968 on-Agnew campaign?

Howcum people usually sens to ethnic or religious slurs free to disparage "the Germ in the White House and to identify Haldeman Ehrlichman as Christian Sc tists when they identify no witness's religious affiliation

A Certain Symmetr

Howcum it is laudable to funds to ransom Cubans rece to land at the Bay of Pigs terrible to raise funds for A port and lawyers' fees" to Cu Americans who broke into Watergate? (This howcum lapses under examination motive, but it has a certain metry.)

Howcum those rightly indig at unfair prying into the pri lives of public figures have sh no interest in the anti-Repu can snooping activities of mine Bellino, as brought out the open by George Bush?

Howcum it was right for Internal Revenue Service hand over tax returns to a S nedy investigator, without much as a written request, w it is wrong for Nixon investig to even breathe the na "IRS"?

Howcum the wrath of libertarians so properly aim the misuse of government p to "get" individuals never r aged to get cranked up (with lonely exception of Wayne M at the misuse of governm power by Robert Kennedy to Jimmy Hoffa?

Howcum nobody is asking what "foreign intelligence sons" were given for the conscionable tapping of M Luther King's telephone, or the propriety of FBI agents ing to leak contents of those to newspaper editors?

Howcum nobody ever obj before to the "dirty tricks" "negative advance" perfecte Lyndon Johnson's campaign and described on page 3 Theodore White's "The Maki the President 1964"?

Howcum Bob Haldeman, was supposed to be so effi never arranged for the t of presidential conversa aboard the yacht Sea (Maybe this howcum came of the wrong drawer.)

Howcum the incredible sim ity of the devotion of G Liddy and Daniel Ellsberg "higher law" has led to ionization and the other carceration?

Howcum the people who so irate about our secret bom of North Vietnamese sanct near the Cambodian b never so much as wagg finger at North Vietnamese f for assembling on Cambodia in the first place?

Howcum the report that P dent Johnson surreptiti taped conversations with G Wallace has raised not a eyebrow?

That cleans out my ho drawer. An even longer list, be tellingly directed at the A administration, but these acc lated resentments are pres to suggest that much of wha palls us today has its roo the callousness or apathy o many of us in the past.

The great howcum, as the it down in North Carolin this: Howcum we cannot to apply a single standar political morality, and as to raise that standard and to admit that nobody has perfect right to cast the stone?

Letters

Give Me a Drunk

The testimony of John Ehrlichman reveals him as one of the most evil and frightening men to come to power in the United States in many years. Of more concern, he was never elected and obviously felt answerable to no one but the President. His pious comments on the drinking habits and other morals of candidates coupled with his statement that the President can do anything, indicates the roots of a police state. Personally, when the choice is between a drinking constitutionalist and a clean-living fascist, I'll take the drunk every time.

GEORGE R. ARTHUR
Brussels.

Of all the things that are coming into light in the bizarre Watergate affair, what has shocked me most is John Ehrlichman's assertion that in politics one has the right to dig and publicise the information on the opponent's private life. I quote Nixon from his book "Six Crises": "... a candidate's public record should be exposed and attacked in as hard-hitting a position as possible. But his personal life and that of his family are not subjects for discussion." The same Nixon praised his (Ehrlichman's) work.

Yet I have come to appreciate America, Americans and the American press more and more: There are more Sam Ervins than the bunches of—.

TRILOK SHARMA
Aarhus, Denmark.

Trash as Art

Re: Michael Gibson's review "Tàpies and the Dignity of Imperfect Things" (IHT, July 28-29).

Most anything, no matter how humble, taken out of its own atmosphere and placed in more rarefied surroundings, like klieg lights, glamour of the in art galleries, museums, may assume "dignity, serenity and occasionally an aura of grief." Even bull manure may assume a majesty all its very own in this environment, but who wants to contemplate or meditate in front of this for any length of time? Leonardo's power of invention (which all artists strive to develop) was used for arousing the mind to discoveries and projects. Not infrequently on walls, in the scum of stagnant waters, in dying embers, outline of clouds, he was able to improvise and bring forth all sorts of wondrous allegories. In pursuit of unattainable perfection he created difficulties which even his brush could not overcome. But he was never satisfied to simply present trash and call it art. Such works presented and exhibited as works of art are only conversation pieces—in most instances not even a good monologue.

A. E. BAUM
Mallorca.

Use for Concorde

A question: They say that 300 Concordes would have to be sold before the manufacturers could begin to break even; might not 300 Concordes, laid end to end, reach from Dover to Calais?

NINA NEUSCHOTZ.
Sellians, France.

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Jail Terms, Some Grim Prisons

The Hard Way to Learn of Foreign Drug Laws

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (NYT).—In October, 1969, a 22-year-old New Yorker boarding a Pan American jet in Istanbul underwent a routine anti-hijacking search. In his possession were found 4 1/2 pounds of hashish.

The American, William Hayes jr., of Amityville, N.Y., was charged in a Turkish court with possession of a narcotic and sentenced to four years in prison. While in jail, he was told that he would get 15 months off for good behavior.

He was to have been released this July 17, but last January the public prosecutor in Istanbul brought up Hayes's case again, offering no explanation except to say that it was "a matter of public law." Turkish law permits more than one sentencing in the same case.

Despite two appeals by his Turkish lawyers, Hayes is due to be resentenced, this time as a smuggler. He faces a 30-year term.

He is one of 873 Americans now in foreign prisons, all around the world, on charges of illegally possessing, using or trafficking in drugs or marijuana. State Department figures show that in 1969, the first year such statistics were kept, 189 Americans were jailed abroad on drug charges.

Factors in Increase

Officials at U.S. consulates attribute the increase to the rise in drug use by young Americans and their belief that foreign governments are more permissive.

A survey by correspondents of The New York Times shows striking similarities in the cases of Americans jailed abroad on drug charges, including the following:

- A majority of the defendants are under 30 years of age. They are arrested for possession and smuggling, not selling. Most of the arrests occur at departure points like border crossings and airline terminals.
- "Hard" drugs, such as heroin, are rarely involved. Those caught are usually carrying marijuana and hashish.
- Young Americans abroad do not seem to realize that they are subject to the laws and penalties of the nations they are visiting; once an American is arrested, there is little that American consulates can do.
- When arrested, Americans do not receive special treatment, although they may expect it. Most countries allow long detention periods before trials. Prison conditions can be very poor and bail is rare; sentences are often harsh and paroles are few.

The family of William Hayes jr. has spent thousands of dollars trying to help him. William Hayes sr. has made three trips to Turkey and is expected to be at his son's side in the Istanbul courtroom, along with an American lawyer, William J. Griffiths, for the resentencing.

Hashish in Vans

Seven Americans were arrested last December on charges of drug smuggling in Turkey. Since then, they have been imprisoned in Antioch. The seven, six women and a man, all in their 20s, crossed the Turkish-Syrian border Dec. 10 in three small vans in which were concealed 225 pounds of hashish.

In a court session last week, bail of $3,571 each was set for four of the women and they were returned to prison. The man and the two other women, who were driving the vans, were returned to prison without bail being set for them. All seven are scheduled to appear in court again on Sept. 7. The main reasons that young travelers become involved with possession and smuggling of drugs, American officials say, are low prices and availability.

Black Afghan hashish, reputed to be the most potent in the world, can be purchased in Kabul, Afghanistan, for $100 a pound and an ounce of it will sell in New York for at least $100. In Morocco, hashish can be bought for $50 a pound; in the United States, that amount will bring at least $1,000 in the street.

The jails of Morocco have been ranked among the worst in the world. Ten to 15 prisoners are often put in one cell. The food is bad in all of them and heating is nonexistent. The extent of comforts is one straw mattress for each prisoner.

The U.S. Embassy in Rabat, according to one of its officials, does not try to interfere with Moroccan justice and dares not ask favors. "After all," the official said, "there are hundreds of Moroccans in jail for the same thing."

Americans arrested on drug charges in Greece are usually sent to the island of Corfu and its decrepit 65-year-old prison.

The State Department and the Department of Health, Education and Welfare have begun a campaign to warn young travelers of the dangers.

When an American is arrested abroad for any reason, consular officials can do little more than to arrange meetings with the citizen, inform him of his rights to legal representation and provide him with a list of lawyers in the area.

The officials will also inform the prisoner's family and friends of his situation. Consular officials are not provided with funds for a detained person's legal expenses.

Robert H. McBride, the U.S. ambassador to Mexico, which is holding more Americans on drug charges than any other country, has written a pamphlet warning Americans that smoking marijuana in Mexico is not legal, contrary to popular opinion.

Following is a breakdown of drug laws in some of the countries where Americans are detained and of the sentences imposed:

Spain—Forty-four Americans are in Spanish prisons on drug charges. Possession of less than a pound of marijuana can bring a fine and expulsion; possession of more than a pound of marijuana or trafficking in any other drug calls for a minimum sentence of six years and a day.

Courts may reduce sentences and set fines based on the valuation of the drug. On one such valuation, a fine of $100,000 was imposed. Most Americans have spent at least a year in pretrial detention.

Japan—Foreigners caught with small amounts of soft drugs spend periods ranging from a few days to a month in pretrial detention. After their cases are disposed of, they are nearly always deported and refused re-entry into Japan.

Of the 45 Americans serving sentences in Japan, 80 percent are former servicemen and nearly half of the 45 were arrested on or near U.S. bases. The maximum sentence for possession and trafficking is five years.

West Germany—As in Japan, many of the 110 Americans detained there are servicemen or former servicemen. West German law does not distinguish between hard and soft drugs; stricter enforcement and penalties were introduced recently.

Possession of a kilo, or 2.2 pounds, of hashish is a severe offense that can mean one to 10 years in prison. A defendant can expect a six-month to one-year period of pretrial detention. Conditions in West German jails are considered good. Those detained are all under 35. American officials say arrests are increasing.

Britain—In the first six months of this year, 67 Americans were arrested on drug charges. Of the 67, there are still 43 detained, an increase of 37 percent over the like period last year.

The sentence for trafficking in hard drugs is a maximum of 14 years, and fines are unlimited.

Getting Out of a Romanian Jail Can be Just Another Purchase

BUCHAREST, Aug. 3 (AP).—Romania, to avoid the headaches and expense of keeping foreigners in prison, lets foreign convicts buy their way out of jail terms.

This summer, a young American girl and two Australian boys were caught driving from Bulgaria into Romania with 390 grams of hashish. The girl claimed that the hash was to be used to "establish rapport" in interviewing Gypsies for a sociological study. But the judge sentenced her and her two companions to two years in jail each.

Their lawyer asked that the sentence be waived for a fine. The judge agreed and assessed the minimum rate of about $1.70 a day, or a total of $1,250 each.

The girl wired her father in New York. He sent money for all three and, a week later, they were free.

Foreign officials estimate there are more than 100 cases of hard currency "buyouts" each year. Most are for traffic crimes involving injury or death.

U.S. Judge Orders Jetliner Confiscated in Drug Case

By John Sibley

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (NYT).—A federal judge in Brooklyn ordered the U.S. attorney there yesterday to seize a DC-8 jet airliner in which narcotics were smuggled from South America to Kennedy International Airport last spring. The prosecutor, however, said he would not act on the judge's orders until he received guidance from Washington.

The directive was issued by Judge Jack B. Weinstein while he was sentencing one of four convicted smugglers, William Ochoa of Bogota, Colombia. Ochoa was arrested when he arrived here aboard the Braniff International airliner on April 3.

Responsibility for carrying out the confiscation order—which applies not to any DC-8, but only to the one in the Ochoa case—falls on Robert A. Morse, the U.S. attorney for the eastern district of New York.

Judge Weinstein, referring to the flight that had carried Ochoa and the other smugglers, remarked:

"A substantial part of the revenue of this flight came from drug smugglers. I have no doubt that the airlines which operate to these countries are profiting from the transportation of drug smugglers.

"I don't say that they are actively cooperating with the smuggling, but they are not taking steps to notify people of the dangers.

"Action to forfeit this plane, worth several million dollars, will, in my opinion, bring the airlines around quickly."

Judge Weinstein issued the order under Section 881, Title 21 of the U.S. code. That section provides, among other things, that property subject to seizure by the government shall include the following:

"All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, which are used, or are intended for use, to transport, or in any manner to facilitate the transportation" of contraband goods.

The statute exempts common carriers "unless it shall appear that the owner or other person in charge of such conveyance was a consenting party or privy to a violation."

Mr. Morse said later that he was referring the order to his superiors at the Justice Department for guidance. A department spokesman said today the matter was being studied.

A spokesman for Braniff said the matter was being referred to the airline's attorney and would not comment further, except to say that a DC-8 is worth about $9 million.

Judge Weinstein could not be reached late yesterday to elaborate on his order, but Federal Magistrate Vincent Cataggio, who handles arraignments in the same court, noted that the smuggling of cocaine from Colombia was reaching alarming proportions.

Mr. Cataggio estimated that 70 Colombian citizens had appeared before him during the last year, charged with smuggling cocaine aboard both commercial airliners and Colombian ships docking at Brooklyn piers.

The volume has become so heavy, he suggested, that the airlines serving Colombia might be regarded as "privy" to the smuggling.

Philippines Results Officially Announced

MANILA, Aug. 3 (UPI).—The government today formally proclaimed the extension of President Ferdinand E. Marcos's martial-law regime and his indefinite stay in office with virtually unlimited powers.

Leonardo Perez, chairman of the Election Commission, said more than 91 percent of the voters cast "yes" ballots in a referendum last week on whether Mr. Marcos should hold office beyond Dec. 31, when his presidential term expires. Mr. Perez said results showed that Mr. Marcos obtained 18,052,016 "yes" votes and that there were 1,856,744

Illegal Aliens in U.S. Are Put at 1 Million

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—Despite one of the strictest immigration systems in the world, the United States has a million aliens living illegally in the country, a government report said.

The government's auditing agency, the General Accounting Office, said yesterday that the number increased by more than 150 percent between 1968 and 1972. About 506,000 illegal aliens were caught last year in the United States.

Fighting Fires Can Be Costly

MADRID, Aug. 3 (NYT).—A fire engine on its way to a forest fire near Barcelona a few days ago was not allowed through a highway toll booth until the toll was paid, according to the newspaper Diario de Barcelona.

The fee was paid by a friendly motorist when the firemen found they did not have enough money, the newspaper said. Fire Chief Jose Luis Martinez confirmed that fire engines had to pay tolls unless they were performing some service on the highway itself.

"Sincerely, we prefer to refrain from expressing an opinion, which would be very severe," the newspaper said.

Britain Planning Floor to Keep Beef Prices Up

LONDON, Aug. 3 (AP).—The government yesterday announced a plan to put a floor under British beef prices—good news for farmers but a setback for consumers.

"This means the end of cheap meat forever," lamented Colin Adamson, spokesman for the Consumer Association, an independent organization. "Prices can only go up from now on. It won't be long before we're again paying more than £1 for rump steak."

The British Agriculture Ministry statement gave some idea of the effects of an earlier decision to end Britain's 26-year-old cheap-food policy to bring Britain in line with other nations in the Common Market.

The ministry said it would buy beef if the price drops from its current $47.50 a hundredweight to last November's $38.75 to $40.00. Stocks would be put in cold storage for release when prices increased.

A pound of rump steak in London costs $2.36, compared to $2 last November. Sirloin costs $1.57 a pound. Last November, it cost $1.50.

The Agriculture Department in Washington reported recently that sirloin cost $1.99 in the American capital.

Cuban Exile Jailed in Anti-Castro Trip

MIAMI, Aug. 3 (AP).—A Cuban exile who said he has taken part in a number of CIA-sponsored sabotage missions to Cuba in the last 12 years has been sentenced to a year in a federal prison for leaving American territorial waters.

Famon Orozco Crespo, 39, told U.S. District Judge Joe Eaton yesterday he believed he was being made a scapegoat as a result of the new air-sea piracy pact between the United States and Cuba.

The charge against Orozco was "violation of an order of non-departure."

Orozco said government lawyers were attempting to use his conviction as a warning to other refugees to stop armed forays against the Fidel Castro regime.

Assistant U.S. attorney David McIntosh, the prosecutor, said Orozco had been convicted under the same charge in 1970 and "this should have been an indication that the government was serious about enforcing the law against him as well as anybody else."

Orozco said the prosecutors had prevented the jury from hearing testimony about his CIA-inspired sorties onto the island since the unsuccessful Bay of Pigs invasion in 1961.

Senate Panel Urges End to Swedish Rift

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (UPI).—The U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee yesterday called on the United States and Sweden to restore normal relations and exchange ambassadors.

The appeal was contained in a resolution sponsored by Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey, D., Minn. The rift between the countries developed after Dec. 24, when Swedish Premier Olof Palme compared the U.S. bombing of Hanoi to Nazi massacres in World War II.

Fear of Violence Blamed

Ulster Refugees Put at 60,000 Since '69

BELFAST, Aug. 3 (AP).—Fear of violence to families, mostly Catholic, in Northern Ireland has caused one of Europe's largest enforced population movements since the end of World War II, an official report said today.

The report, drawn up for the Northern Ireland Community Relations Commission, said that since August, 1969—the month the wave of violence in the province began—up to 60,000 people have fled their homes. The majority of those affected were Catholics, it said.

The report further said there were few signs of a let-up. In February this year, evacuations were running at a higher rate than in late 1972, it said.

Many Kinds of Threats

The Community Relations Commission was set up by the British government when it took over direct rule in Ulster. It is, however, an independent body.

The report said threats took many forms, but physical violence headed the list. There have been murders, attacks on husbands and wives, attacks on their children, and even pets have not escaped.

Masked men have called late at night. Gasoline bombs, stones and rotten eggs have been hurled through windows. Hundreds of homes have been burned to the ground, the report said.

People living in rented accommodations were hardest hit and most of them were in the lower income bracket.

Threats took other forms, too. Some persons just received telephone calls. Some got only scribbled warnings on scraps of paper.

Violence Continues

A bomb blew in the windows of a grocery store near Belfast early today and the British Army burned down a derelict house in Londonderry's Bogside district. Explosives were found in the house and soldiers were afraid that the structure was booby-trapped. A machine gun was found under a manhole cover near the house.

A customer in a Londonderry pub defied an IRA warning today and carried a 10-pound bomb into the street where experts defused it. The IRA had warned it would fit bombs with anti-handling devices.

Today, British troops sealed off Belfast's streets for the third time in as many weeks in an effort to halt weekend violence, the army said.

Meanwhile, extremist Protestant representatives in Northern Ireland's new assembly dropped plans to take court action against the provincial legislature.

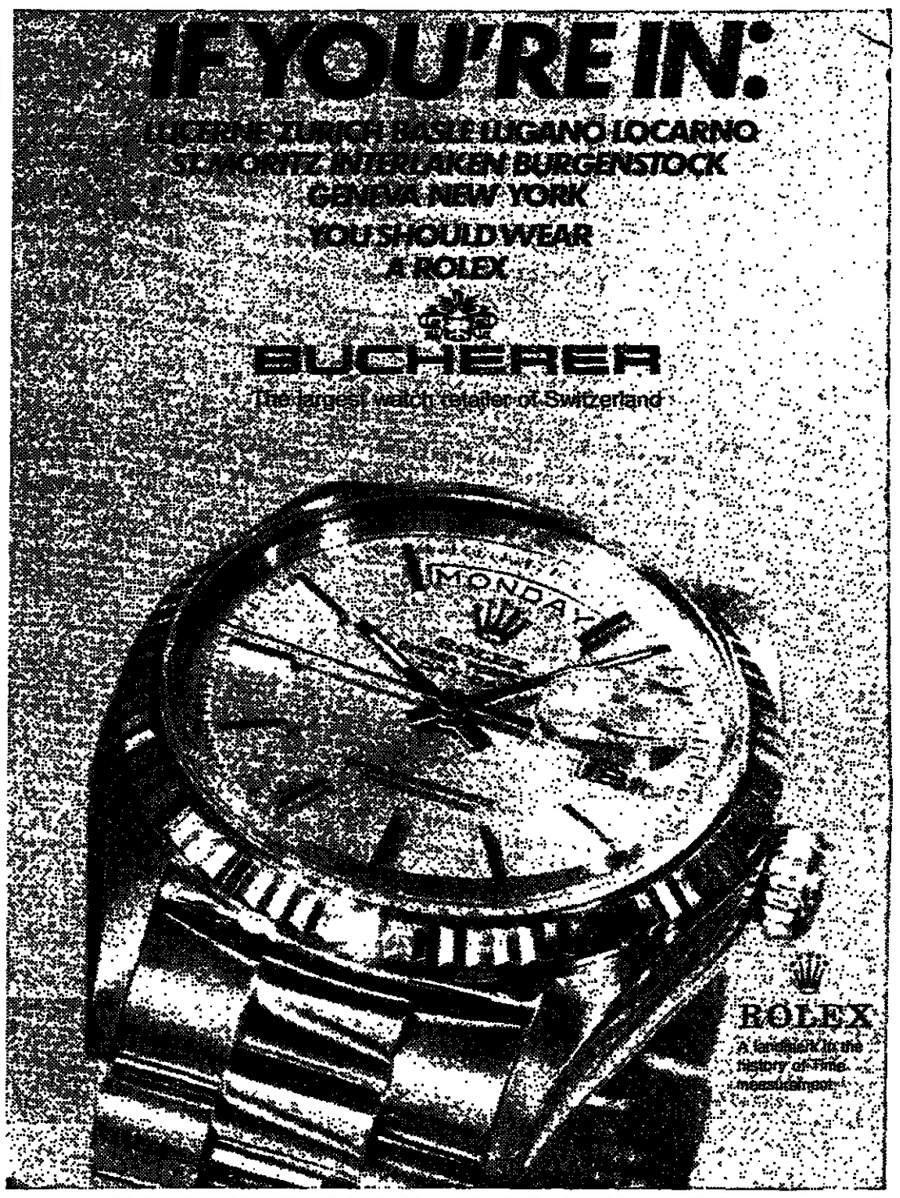
The extremist Protestant Vanguard organization said that, after taking legal advice, it had decided the presiding officer of the new assembly, Nat Minford, had not acted outside the law in his conduct of the assembly's stormy first-day session Tuesday.

In Dublin, a payroll guard was killed and another was critically wounded when an armed gang stopped their car and demanded the cash they were carrying.

The gang of four men escaped with about £15,000 which the guards were taking to a British Leyland automobile factory.

15th U.K. Miner Dies

CHESTERFIELD, England, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Another of the miners injured when the Markham coal mine elevator ran out of control Monday died yesterday, raising the death toll to 15, a Coal Board spokesman said.



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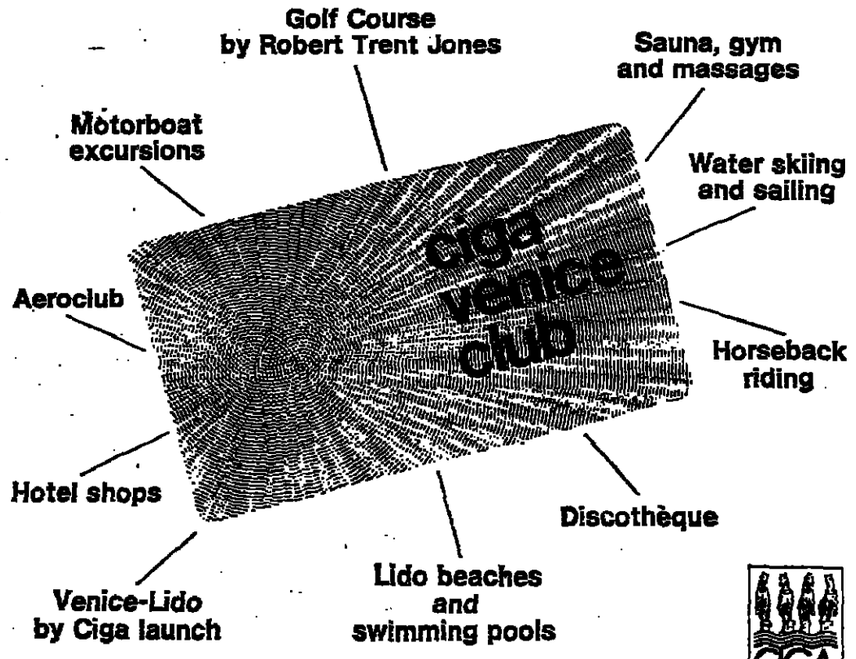
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LONDON THEATER

A Splendid Week for Aunt Edna at Jr. and Sr. Vics

By John Walker

LONDON, Aug. 3 (IHT).—Sir Terence Rattigan once personified the audience he wrote for as Aunt Edna, a middle-class, middle-aged, impeccably respectable lady living in a genteel small hotel. Not easily pleased and distrustful of experiment, she favored well made plays and had been held in respect, he said, by the greatest playwrights for the *last 2,000 years.*

Well, it has been a splendid week for Aunt Edna, thanks to the National Theatre in both its senior and junior departments. Not only has the Young Vic, in the middle of its season of Beckett, and Osborne, revived "French Without Tears," the very amusing play by her favorite nephew, Sir Terence himself, but, at the Old Vic, there is a new play just for her, Peter Shaffer's "Equus."

Aunt Edna will find "Equus" a little daring, for she won't have seen the experiments in staging and performance by any fringe theater groups. There is a boy who worships horses and is naked for most of the second act and a girl who likes boys and takes off her clothes, too, and much talk of madness and sanity and the difficulty of distinguishing one from the other (something Aunt Edna has never found a problem).

Safe Play

But dear old auntie has always enjoyed being slightly shocked, providing she never feels endangered, and "Equus" is a very safe play. Although it appears to be dealing with matters that run counter to the accepted views of society, it does so in such a theatrical manner, so self-contained, all precisely explained and tied up in a neat parcel with a pretty ribbon around it, that Aunt Edna knows she can lie back and enjoy her *frisson*, that she is not expected to take it too seriously, no more than she would Ronald Laing's *theories of madness* in a Reader's Digest condensed version.

"Equus" is a glossy psychological thriller, cleverly staged by John Dexter in an amphitheater, suggesting both a medical lecture hall and a primitive arena, well told and stunningly acted by Alec McCowen as a doubting psychiatrist and by a brilliant young actor, Peter Firth, as his patient. Both performances transcend the play; each actor's passion carries immense conviction, set as it is within Mr. Dexter's cool frame, so that momentarily you forget the play is hokum—high-class *hokum, but hokum nevertheless.*

It attempts to explain a story Mr. Shaffer once heard, of a boy who put out the eyes of some horses. Alan Strang (Peter Firth), who has blinded six horses, comes as a patient to Martin Dysart (Alec McCown), a psychiatrist with his own problems. "Normality is a murderous nonexisting phantom and I am its priest," he says, seeing his function as cutting from people "pieces of individuality repugnant to this ghosty."

The boy, repressed from childhood (Mr. Shaffer has equipped him with caricature parents) turns out to have invented an orgiastic religion of his own, with *horses as the embodiment of the* godhead. Dysart, admiring a passion he cannot feel, cures him, knowing that he is thus destroying the boy's individuality. All this, for Aunt Edna's benefit, is spelled out in great detail in a long redundant speech at the end, beautifully delivered by Mr. McCowen.

The play's falsity is emphasized by its method of dramatic flashbacks. Only the fervor of Mr. Firth's performance makes the boy seem more than a type. The psychiatrist emerges as the only human figure in the play—although there are some splendid anthropomorphic horses —even though Mr. Shaffer loads the scales against him, making him impotent both physically and spiritually.

While the boy represents one of the play's theses—that the act of worship is an essential part of life—the psychiatrist expounds the other even more dubious point, that "You have to get your own pain," that it is through suffering that individuality comes. I remain unconvinced.

* * *

At the Young Vic, Frank Dunlop's sprightly production of "French Without Tears" has attracted the oldest audience I have seen in this not too comfortable theater, where the seats are hard benches. Aunt Edna is prepared to put up with a little discomfort when the rewards are a joyful evening of this slight, subtle 1930s comedy.

With their long hair and slouching stances and classless accents, none of the men achieved the appearance of prewar privileged youth, although Andrew Robertson, Gavin Reed, and Ian Charleson give good comedy performances. Mel Martin was splendidly in period as the flirtatious Diana and a pleasant evening was had by all.

* * *

At the Theatre Upstairs, Michael Abbensetts, with "Sweet Talk," is the latest black writer to work in the narrow limits of domestic drama, displaying a gift for words greater than for construction. His two acts could come from two different plays and one of them needs rewriting. It opens as embittered comedy, with slick exchanges between husband (Allister Bain) and wife (Mona Hammond) and, too late, attempts to explore the relationship between the couple.

It is in the tradition of proletarian drama with blacks substituting for the working class. The occasional anti-white turn the play takes seems an irrelevance since the situation owes nothing to a racial situation but stems from the defects of the husband's personality. As the wife, Mona Hammond, in a not very sympathetic role, is, as usual, superb. Stephen Frears directs.



Peter Firth as Alan Strang, Nicholas Clay as the Horseman and Alec McCowen as Dysart in "Equus."

ON THE ARTS AGENDA

The Hamburg State Opera, its first season under the dire tion of August Everding, h scheduled Mozart's "Don Giova ni" for its first new producti of the season (Sept. 29), in staging by Götz Friedrich, desig ed by Toni Businger, conduct by Horst Stein, and with Ber Weikl in the title part. Oth new productions planned are t German premiere of Sylvano Bu sotti's "Lorenzaccio," Straus "Elektra" (a co-production wi the Paris Opéra) conducted Karl Böhm, Prokofiev's "Rom and Juliet" with chorcography John Neumeier, Verdi's "Falstaf Schoenberg's "Moses and Aaro and Lortzing's "Der Wildschüt.

* * *

Students of the summer te of the Institute for Advanc Musical Studies at Crans, Switze land, will give a marathon conc Aug. 4 beginning at 4 p.m. the Théâtre de Beaulieu in La sanne. The opening part of t concert will be devoted to cha ber works, among them t Chavez Toccata for percussi instruments, the Vivaldi Conce for four violins and Bach's two violins, and a work by composition student, Steve Da After a dinner break, the orch tra will play works by Web Mendelssohn, Mozart and Tch kovsky—including the Mozart Si fonia Concertante for wind instr ments and the Tchaikovsky Vio Concerto with Gaëtane Prouv a pupil in the course of Fr Francescatti, as soloist. Pro raised (at 2 Swiss francs a tick will go to a Swiss scholarship the school.

* * *

The principal event of t Royal Ballet's 1973-74 season w be a new three-act work by Ke neth MacMillan based on t novel "Manon Lescaut" and u ing music by Massenet (althou *not from his opera on the sa* story) arranged by Leight Lucas. The premiere is schedul for March 7. The London seas opens Oct. 10 with the first pe formance by the company Jerome Robbins's "In the Nigh first done by the New York Ci Ballet in 1970. The compan will visit the United States ne spring, opening May 7 at t New York Metropolitan wi MacMillan's production of "Th Sleeping Beauty," and on May 2 at the Kennedy Center in Wa ington. Meanwhile, negotiati are going on with the New Y City Ballet for exchanges dancers, productions and a po sible visit to Covent Garden the New York company in 1975.

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AMSTERDAM

A Look at the New Van Gogh Museum

By Paul Kemezis

AMSTERDAM (NYT).—Every day at 10 a.m., Vincent van Gogh enters a gray cube-shaped building on Amsterdam's broad Museum Square. He goes straight to work, which at the moment is editing the letters written between his uncle, also Vincent van Gogh, and a fellow artist, Paul Gauguin.

Until this summer, however, it has been the building itself that occupied the 84-year-old Mr. Van Gogh's time. Supervising architects and designers and attending to the smallest details, he placed a very personal touch on the Vincent van Gogh Museum, which opened to the public in early June.

The museum is the permanent home of the Van Gogh family collection of 230 paintings, 500 sketches and 700 letters of the artist, which have been kept up until now in the neighboring Rijksmuseum modern art museum.

The collection originally belonged to Theo van Gogh, the artist's brother and chief backer, who died in 1891 shortly after Vincent's death. It was kept intact by Theo's wife, Johanna, and then by his son, Vincent. In 1962 it was placed in a Dutch government foundation.



Dr. Vincent van Gogh, nephew of the painter, supervising the installation of paintings at the museum.

Like a Studio

Because of this background, the collection includes a broad cross section of masterpieces, experiments and studies for other paintings from all periods of Van Gogh's life. The impression is more of a visit to the artist's studio and not to a museum.

This effect is heightened by the use of wooden frames and the wall decorations, which avoid obvious things such as "Still Life" or "Sunflowers," and instead describe in a few words what the artist saw in a scene or how he used light and colors.

The small collection of paintings by others to the Van Goghs by other artists, including Gauguin and Toulouse-Lautrec, adds to the intimate atmosphere.

The museum structure itself has been hailed as a turning point in museum design for its non solemn, people-oriented qualities. Planned by the respected Dutch architect Gerrit Rietveld, who died in 1964, it has as its main feature a large central shaft covered by a transparent ceiling that floods the galleries with soft natural light. The shaft also links the three main levels visually, creating the impression of a single spacious hall.

The second and fourth-floor exhibiting galleries are divided by an enclosed print gallery on the third floor, which is artificially lighted to protect the drawings. The ground floor contains a spacious entrance area, library and work studio for the public. The building can easily absorb large crowds, which have not been a problem in coming. Museum officials have calculated a total of 60,000 visitors during the first month alone.

This instant popularity was not without some, since the museum has been the center of controversy from its start. At the ground-breaking, for example, a group of young Amsterdam artists dragged in a 9-foot-high ear, commemorating Van Gogh's sacrifice of his own ear, saying that the state could make better use of the $3.3-million building costs by helping struggling artists.

Mr. Rietveld's design drew fire for imposing a glass and gray stone box on Amsterdam's traditional red-brick Museum Square and for providing gigantic walls for Van Gogh's usually small canvases.

The museum was dubbed a mausoleum intended to enshrine the romantic image of the artist for all time. At the same time, the value of devoting a major museum to a single painter was questioned.

Museum officials believe that the technical criticism was due to the experimental character of the project and that it will melt now that the museum is alive.

At the same time, Emile Meijer, the museum director, shrugs off the one-man show charges, saying that Van Gogh's many-sided personality offers tremendous variety.

He does not deny that the museum could turn into a cult center. Van Gogh is extremely popular since he wrote so many letters and people know a lot about him, he says.

But for Van Gogh's nephew, who remembers his mother's early struggles to get his uncle's work displayed and who edited and published the letters, the whole object of his life has been to make the artist known. The museum represents the summation of this work.

Around the London Galleries

Young British Artists, Royal Academy Schools, Gallery Lasson, 57 Jermyn St., St. James's London, SW1, to Aug. 11.

This is the third and last in a series of shows featuring the work of this summer's graduates. Of the 17, all painters, eight are of special interest: and of these three deserve special mention: Leslie Prothero, whose large work "Reflections, Academy Interior" dominates the exhibition; Suzan McMullen, whose two paintings of suburban houses are excellent; and Anne Marlow, for a noble pen drawing illustrative of one of Aesop's fables.

* * *

Prints From Spain, Portugal and Latin America, P & D Colnaghi, 14 Old Bond St., London, W1, to Aug. 24.

Starting with an early 16th-century engraving ascribed to Alonso Berruguete and working through to Dali, Picasso, and Miró, this collection of more than 100 prints is a small anthology of Spanish art, with side glances at Portugal and the Spanish-influenced countries of Central and South America. Goya still stands out as the greatest of Iberian etchers; but this exhibition goes far toward correcting the notion that he was the only Spanish printmaker of significance before the 20th century. Of especial interest are a group of etchings by Jose Garcia Hidalgo, 1656-1718).

* * *

Summer Exhibition, Mercury Gallery, 26 Cork St., London, W1, to Sept. 15.

Seventy-nine artists are represented in this summer exhibition, a judicious mixture of gallery artists and English, French and German "names." Among the latter are Bonnard, Gaudier-Brzeska, Gontcharova, Guys, Kirchner, Klimt, Wyndham Lewis, Lowry, Jean Marchand, Camille Pissarro, Valtat, Christopher Wood and Zadkine. Among the exhibits by gallery artists, there is good work by Ernst Eisenmayer, Albert Houthuesen, Leslie Hurry, Peter Farmer, John Houston, David Gentleman, Patricia Faulkner and Elizabeth Blackader.

* * *

Paintings and Sculpture of the 19th and 20th centuries, O'Hana Gallery, 13 Carlos Place, London, W1, to Sept. 15.

This show offers a collection of gouaches by Eugène Gelien-Laloue of Paris done at the turn of the century; paintings and drawings, notably one of Monet's masterly oils of the water garden at Giverny; an untypical Sisley, of the railroad terminus at Moret-sur-Loing; an equally untypical Renoir of Montmartre still a village; and two early Van Dongens, one of a bare-breasted coquette, the other of two Amazonians reading poetry on the seashore. There is also sculpture by Daumier, Picasso, Zadkine, Laurens, Maillol and Degas, among others.

* * *

Paintings and Sculpture of the Italian Baroque, Heim Gallery, 59, Jermyn St., St. James's London, SW1, to Sept. 21.

The Heim Gallery has this summer excelled even its customary high standards in the choice of 22 paintings and 14 sculptures from the baroque period in Italy. Among the paintings are a superb *Ribera of St. Jerome*, a vast *Liberi* of Diana and her nymphs, closely related to the same artist's "Judgment of Paris" in the Ducal Palace in Venice, three sketches for frescoes by Luca Giordano, and a delightful "Family of Satyrs" by Sebastiano Ricci. Among the sculpture, pride of place must be given to Antonio Montauti's bronze group "The Return of the Prodigal Son" commissioned by the last of the Medici, Anna Maria Luisa; two large relief panels by Giuseppe Piamontini; marble busts of Apollo and Diana by Giuseppe Mazzuoli; and a portrait bust of Queen Christina of Sweden, plausibly, but very tentatively, attributed to Pietruccio.

The Non-Objective World 1914-1955, Annely Juda Fine Art, 11, Tottenham Mews, London, W1, to Sept. 22.

This is the third and most comprehensive of Annely Juda's annual compilations of "pure abstraction." Just under a hundred artists are represented, including Kandinsky, Arp, the Delaunays, Reggiani, Pevsner, Moholy-Nagy, Baertling, Albers, Gleizes, Gabo, Freundlich and Malevich. The show will move to the University of Texas at Austin from Oct. 14 through Dec. 15.

—MAX WYKES-JOYCE.

Actors' Union Asks New Stage For 'Irene'

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (AP).—Actors Equity has threatened to close the Broadway hit "Irene" unless the producer builds a more resilient stage for the musical revival's foot-sore dancers.

Donald Grody, executive director of the performers' union, said yesterday that the 20-member chorus would not dance when the show returns to Broadway Aug. 14 after a road engagement unless the stage is rebuilt.

"Irene," which stars Debbie Reynolds, opened six months ago at the Minskoff, the city's newest legitimate theater. Since then, nearly all the dancers have complained of sprained and sore ankles, shin splints, or injured backs and shoulders.

EMILY GENAUER: Inside the Modern Galleries of the Vatican

ROME.—Nothing quite prepares you for the experience of coming on paintings and sculpture by 600 contemporary artists displayed not only in the Vatican but in galleries adjoining the Sistine Chapel.

Admiration for Henry Moore, Jacques Lipchitz, Paul Klee, Ben Shahn, Jack Levine, Vassily Kandinsky, Abraham Rattner, Max Weber, Rufino Tamayo, John Sloan, Francis Bacon may be boundless but it is still shocking to find them displayed a wall away from *Michelangelo*.

Actually, in many cases, it is several walls away since the collection fills 65 galleries, once the Borgia Apartment. The rooms have soaring ceilings, great sculptured mantels, frescoes by the 15th-century Pinturicchio, which, as a matter of fact, coexist most attractively with the 20th-century tenants, perhaps even better than some of the 20th-century works coexist with each other.

The Quality

One could hardly expect a collection of 600 works to be of uniformly excellent quality. The Vatican has had to rely entirely on gifts, from artists, collectors, dealers and others moved by the Pope's idea of a modern museum on its premises.

Some of the omissions or representations are startling. Picasso, for instance, is seen only in two plates. Balla and Boccioni, futurists who count among Italy's most celebrated 20th-century talents, are represented by two very early and quite insignificant post-impressionist portraits. A third-rate Otto Dix canvas is at hand, plus several Bernard Buffets which look the more vulgar for being in this art-rich, hallowed location. Italians are, predictably, far more generously represented than the artists of any other country. But Italian art has, frankly, not been notably rich for the past two or three decades. One tires quickly of those never more than boring artists of the '30s and '40s: Carra, Casorati, Cagli, Pirandello, Emilio Greco, Guttuso (although the latter serves to underscore how little political attitudes have governed selections, a fact witnessed also by the inclusion of work by Siqueiros, Rivera, Léger, Matisse, among others).

The number of artists represented by explicitly religious works is fairly large. Giacomo Manzu, who executed the great Vatican doors some 30 years ago and is best known in the United States for his sculptured figures of cardinals, is seen in a small chapel for which he designed sculpture, candelabra, even furniture. A small room given almost entirely to works by Chagall is religious even in the strictest sense (the pieces are variations of the Crucifixion). The American Rico Lebrun is represented by one of his own splendid late Crucifixions. So is Abraham Rattner. Ensor, the Belgian forerunner of surrealism, is seen in a major work any museum in the world would count one of its treasures. Rouault, Dali, Barlach, Munch are also present.

Hard to Tell

Of some artists it is hard to tell whether their themes are literally religious. A Léger stained-glass window titled "Holy Tunic" is an abstraction which could signify virtually anything. A Marino sculpture could be a horse or just phallic; the title, "Miracle", gives no clue. Max Weber's "Invocation" involves two studying men in skullcaps—no matter, this is an ecumenical assemblage. Among several superb works by Shahn is one whose title is "Hands Up in Hope" and is very close to the composition of raised, clenched fists he used for his painting of the decimation of the Warsaw Ghetto.

There are many works at hand which are simply landscapes or still lifes (the names of Kokoschka, Nolde, John Sloan, Braque, Villon, Le Corbusier, Klee, don't begin to exhaust the list).

And there are some—not many—which are abstractions, by men like Hans Hartung and Capogrossi, plus works by artists famous for their abstractions (most notably Fontana) but are here seen in presumably earlier and specifically religious expressions. Nowhere at hand, it should be pointed out, are such more recent art idioms as pop, conceptual art or the new super-realism.

The American section of the exhibition is good but limited, regrettably, to the roster of one gallery, the Kennedy, in New York. This is explained by the fact that Terence Cardinal Cooke turned to Lawrence Fleischmann, owner of that gallery for help in assembling American artists. They happen to be first-rate (Baskin, Levine, Shahn, Weber, de Creeft, Franklin Watkins, Sloan). In any case, other artists, says Fleischmann, will be added, so that in time at least 12 galleries will be given to the U.S. section.

Quality Is Aim

How the international selection has been made up to now, who decides which works will be accepted for the new Vatican galleries and which, eventually, will be eliminated or upgraded, has not been revealed. The Vatican insists only that it will aim always for quality, that the works must be spiritual in the broadest sense rather than explicitly religious, that all art of quality is necessarily spiritual, regardless of the religion, politics or moral attributes of its makers.

In this, of course, the church's position is not new. One is reminded of the men who contributed many of the church's greatest works in the past: Fra Filippo Lippi, who eloped with a nun; Crivelli, who was fined and sent to prison for abducting and hiding for six months the wife of a sailor at sea; and Michelangelo himself, whose sexual proclivities have always stirred scholarly speculation. All this the church knew, and continued its commission because of genius.

Pope Paul VI celebrated his 10th anniversary as Pontiff by unveiling the galleries before 7,000 invited guests in June. They will be open to the public in the fall.

THE ART MARKET: *A Measure of Modern Taste*

By Souren Melikian

LONDON, Aug. 3 (IHT).—Sotheby's sales of pottery and metalwork from the ancient Near East, the ancient classical world and the Islamicized East offer an opportunity to gauge changing Western tastes in objects of archaeological interest. On Monday, the trend was away from dull tones and tiny objects toward expressiveness and color.

Metalwork in this respect seems doomed, commercially speaking, particularly Islamic metalwork. Unless a major piece comes up for sale, in which case museums may compete for it, prices remain low. A good example was provided by a big cylindrical mortar with everted rim and two lion-head handles with loops drawn through the lions' mouths. It was listed in the catalogue as 14th to 15th century but was, in fact, made a hundred years earlier. The dull blackish green patina made it an impossible object for a bright, modern interior, a consideration which weighs heavily with collectors. It was knocked down at £140, the maximum such pieces will now fetch. In fairness, it should be added that some recent re-engraving appeared to have altered the initial design, making the piece less desirable. In spite of its comparative rarity—it was not just an "Islamic" mortar, a loose description that doesn't mean very much, but more precisely an object of a style typical of the Diyarbakir area, in Southeastern Anatolia—there was little competition for it.

Another factor that tends to keep prices down is the disturbing number of high-quality fakes that have been reaching the Western markets in the past three or four years. The green patina, and even the beautiful red oxydization that characterizes excavated Persian bronzes—long thought to be a guarantee of authenticity—no longer hold secrets for forgers. The only recourse is epigraphy. Forgers have not yet mastered the niceties of the ancient scripts and above all the subtleties of medieval eulogistic titles or even benedictory wishes. Even if they can imitate the difficult angular scripts of 12th-century Eastern Iran, they get their lines garbled. But the average, or even the enlightened collector for that matter, can hardly be expected to become a trained paleographer and therefore he shies away from a field full of traps and snares.

One may wonder whether Islamic metalwork is not about to suffer the same fate as bronzes from Luristan, the mountainous province of Western Iran which has yielded thousands of strange and sometimes wonderful bronzes dating from the third millennium BC through the 7th-6th century BC. These bronzes have incited hundreds of forgers to try their luck.

How low Luristan bronzes have sunk could be judged Monday from the few lots that were included in the sale. Two nice, very early, highly stylized human forms shaped as flat discs of bronze, somewhat reminiscent of the Cycladic alabaster figurines, were knocked down at £16. A large disc with a rectangular band attached to it, in perfect condition and with a beautiful patina, brought only £28. This is exactly what they are worth on the market, although they were genuine. The existence of large numbers of almost perfect fakes have put off potential collectors. Nowadays riddles concerning provenance or authenticity are not appreciated.

A final hopeless category, commercially speaking, is terracotta vessels from Western Asia, again mostly from Iran. Ever since the sensational discoveries made south of the Caspian Sea in the late fifties, when hundreds of varied bold shapes in red and gray earthenware were recovered from tombs, imitators have been busy copying them. This is all the easier as the material—clay—is cheap and the art of potting still very much alive in villages. No wonder that a lot, including four vessels supposedly from this area, made only £40, followed by another lot of three, knocked down at £32. In both cases, I had doubts about at least one piece.

In contrast to these difficult categories are Egyptian antiquities and Southern Arabian sculpture—categories relatively free of problems and in tune with modern tastes. Southern Arabian sculpture in alabaster was not discovered by archaeologists until after World War II. These human busts and faces and animals were produced some 2,000 years ago in what is now the Yemen.

Two human faces (12 centimeters high), made about the first century BC, fetched £170. Another lot, including two abstract fragments and a mask, stylized in a way that strangely echoes Max Ernst's copper masks, went up to £210.

The expressive qualities of this sort of sculpture appeal to the modern eye and the fine texture of the alabaster enhances the appeal of the object. The patina which these objects take on is nearly always very fine in contrast to the dull patination of much of the metalwork.

Zurich Season

The Zurich Opera opens its season Sept. 9 with a new staging of Wagner's "Die Meistersinger," followed Sept. 15 with one of Strauss's "Capriccio," both under Ferdinand Leitner's musical direction. Hans-Peter Lehmann and Ekkehard Grübler will stage and design the Wagner work, and Rudolf Steinboeck and Max Röthlisberger the Strauss. Other new productions planned for the season are Verdi's "Ernani" (Oct. 6), the Swiss premiere of Reimann's "Melusine" (Jan. 12), two Puccini one-acters, "Il Taharro" and "Gianni Schicchi," staged by Tito Gobbi, Frank Martin's "Der Sturm," and Wagner's "Tannhäuser."

London Auction Houses Announce Soaring Turnover in Art Sales

LONDON, Aug. 3 (IHT).—Huge increases in fine art sales for the 1972-73 season were announced this week by the world's leading auction houses, Sotheby's and Christie's of London.

"All the omens are that they will continue," a spokesman for Christie's said in London today.

Sotheby's, (which owns Parke-Bernet in New York) reports a turnover of £71.7 million from fine art sales in London, New York, Los Angeles, Zurich and other centers. This is a 67.4 percent improvement on the £43.3 million total sales in the 1971-72 season.

Christie's sales increased by 73.7 percent and totaled £33.8 million compared with the previous season's £19.7 million.

A Christie's spokesman said today: "The startling rise in prices has been influenced by the uneasy monetary situation throughout the world, a depressed stock market, corporate buying of works of art by London City institutions and even greater interest by Japanese collectors in impressionist pictures and prints and Oriental ceramics than in 1971-72."

He said Britain's entry into the Common Market, if anything, strengthened London's dominance of the international market because works of art belonging to foreign vendors were not subjected to value added tax.

Of the 893 sales held by Sotheby's during the season, the 283 sales held in New York and Los Angeles realized £27.3 million (against £17.2 million last season). The 480 sales held in London realized £40.5 million (£24 million in 1971-72) and the 93 at Sotheby's Belgravia £3.4 million (£1.6 million, 1971-72). Proceeds from sales in Zurich, which included a collection of ancient gold and silver coins consigned for auction by the Metropolitan Museum of Art, totaled £3.5 million (£1.9 million, 1971-72).

Christie's held 397 auctions, 71 more than in 1971-72. Sales in Geneva, Rome, Düsseldorf, Montreal, Sydney and Melbourne totaled £5.8 million (£1.7 million, 1971-72). Proceeds from sales of jewelry held in Geneva totaled £3.8 million, an increase of 400 percent on the previous season's £754,200.

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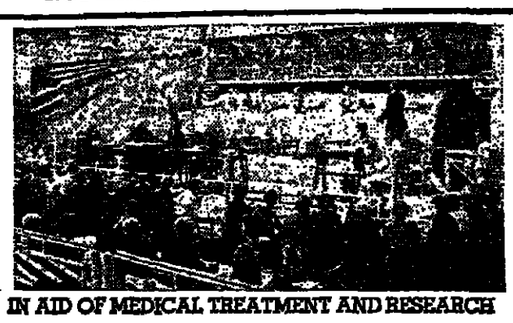
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Worship Service 11:00 a.m.
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Second Church, 58 Bld. Flandrin, 16th. Sunday 11:15; Wed. 7:30 p.m.

ENGLAND—LONDON

THE AMERICAN CHURCH in London, 79 N. Audley St., W.1. Worship Services 11 a.m. Church School 9:45 a.m. International & Interdenominational. The Rev. Donald Black, D.D.

GERMANY—MUNICH

The English-Language Baptist Church of Munich on Holzstr. 9 has S.S. at 11:45 and Worship 12:45. Inform.: Tel.: 535854. Pastor R. W. Terry.

GERMANY—FRANKFURT

St. Mary's R.C. Parish. Masses in Oberursel. An der Heide 38: Sat.: 5;15; Sun. 9 & 11. In Frankfurt: 12:30 at the Cathedral (Dompiatz). C.C.D. grades 1-8 Sat. 3:30-5:00. Frankfurt Intern'l School, Oberursel. Priest Fr. E. Beck. Phone: 06171-52547.

SPAIN—MADRID

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH, meeting in Eurobuilding, Padre Damian, 23. Worship services in English each Sunday, 11 a.m. Protestant, interdenominational, international.

SWITZERLAND—ZURICH

INTERNATIONAL PROTESTANT CHURCH worship and Sun. School 11 a.m. Rev. Rex Brown, Taborkapelle, Promenadengasse 4. Tel.: 01/93 3573.

U.S.S.R.—MOSCOW

ANGLICAN and NORDENOMINATIONAL Services every Sunday. Call: U.S. Embassy 252-00-11 or Rev. R. Oppenheim (Chaplain); 143-36-62 for time and location of services.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

—1973— High. Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
89⅞	61 AbbtLb 1.20	22	56	73⅜	70	73⅜	+ 1
49⅞	40⅛ AGF Ind2.40	11	16	48¼	48	48	— ⅛
26	16½ AcmeMkt 1	9	11	19⅝	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
14⅝	12 AdmE 1.15e		4	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	
6⅛	5⅛ Ad Millis .20	9	11	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	+ ⅛
24	11½ Address .60	7	50	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	— ⅛
18	7¼ Admiral	5	39	11	10⅝	11	+ ⅛
13¾	12⅝ Advan Inv		16	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
76¾	57½ AetnLf 1.76a	10	137	71⅜	69¾	71⅜	+ 2⅛
65¼	47½ AetnaLf pf 2		1	57¼	57¼	57¼	
21⅛	11½ Ahman .10e	6	15	14	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
9	5⅝ Aileen Inc		17	15	5⅞	5⅝	
45¾	37 AirProd .20	25	23	43½	42¾	43	— ¼
18⅛	10¾ Airco .80	9	37	12⅝	11⅞	12	— ⅛
3⅜	2 AJ Industrls	7	5	2¼	2¼	2¼	
31¼	22⅜ Akzona 1.10	11	6	26¼	26	26¼	+ ⅛
17½	15 Ala Gas 1.18	7	5	16¼	15⅝	16¼	+ ⅛
109	100 AlaP pf8.28		2.90	101	100	100	— 1
37⅝	24⅝ Alaska Intrs	23	249	32⅝	30½	30⅝	— ⅜
29¼	9½ AlberloC .35	6	172	9	8⅜	8⅝	+ ⅛
17⅝	10½ Albisn .36a	10	4	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	+ ⅛
10⅝	7⅛ AlcoStd .36	6	36	8¾	8½	8½	
42⅜	29¼ AlcanLb .16	49	30	36¼	35¾	35¾	— ⅛
9⅞	3½ Alexdrs .10e	46	77	7	6⅝	7	+ ⅛
31⅞	23½ AlianM 2.04e	9	22	27½	27	27½	+ ⅛
15⅛	8¾ AllAlu .20a	18	63	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅛
31⅛	16 AW prf 1.25		269	15¼	14¾	15¼	+ ⅛
17⅛	12⅝ Ameren .65	6	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
12	4¾ AmesD .76h	5	11	5	4⅝	4⅝	
18⅞	11¾ Ametek .70	9	16	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
27⅛	17⅜ AMF In 1.08	8	106	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞	— ⅛
31¼	13⅜ Amfac .64		27	16⅝	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
80	38 AMP .87h	47	2499	47½	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅛
9	6⅝ AmpPsh .36	7	4	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
4	2¼ Ampex Corp	40	36	4⅝	4⅜	4⅜	
14⅞	4½ Amrep Corp	6	22	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
30	22⅛ Amstar 1.20	7	11	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛
9⅛	8½ Amstr pf.88		1	9¼	9¼	9¼	
44¾	28¼ Amsted 2.40	7	29	41¾	41	41⅝	+ ⅛
6	4⅛ Amtel .30	9	23	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	
24⅝	17⅜ Anacon .96	9	198	23⅝	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
29⅞	18½ AnchrH 1. 8	6	14	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	+ ⅛
24⅝	14⅝ AndClay .60	6	4	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	+ ⅛
19⅛	7½ Angelica .10	13	26	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	
20¾	12⅛ AnsulCo .28	8	4	17⅜	17	17⅛	— ⅛
18	12 Apache .32b	7	32	13⅞	13⅜	13⅜	
28¾	12⅛ ApcoO .80t	6	7	14⅜	14⅛	14½	
9⅛	4 Applid Mass	20	8	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	+ ⅛
165½	113 ARA Sv 1.22	27	48	148½	139	139	— 1
14¼	5⅝ ArcaNt .14	6	7	7	7	7	
32	21¾ ArchDan .80	10	70	26⅝	26½	26½	+ ⅛
9⅛	3½ ArcMo Egtr	4	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
13⅝	10 Arfeter .72	4	3	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
24⅞	19¼ ArizPS 1.36	6	31	20⅝	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅛
22	11 ArSeat .8		8	11	11	11	
13½	6⅜ Arlen RltyD	9	5	8	8	8	
7⅜	5 Armada Gp	28	7	6	6	6	
35¼	19⅛ Armco$ 1.20		7	28	28	28	+ ⅛
31½	28⅝ Arm pf 2.10		1	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	
34⅛	23⅝ ArmWtr .84	16	3	27⅝	27⅜	27⅜	— ⅛
26⅛	15⅞ ACenHM 2.32	7	18	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	19¼ A Chain 1.20	7	6	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	22⅛ ACyan 1.23	9	273	23⅝	23	23¼	
27⅛	17⅞ Am Distill 1	6	8	21⅛	21½	21½	+ ⅛
41⅞	35⅜ AmDistTl .40	22	38	42	41	41	— 1⅛
7⅛	5⅛ AmDualVt		4	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
13⅝	12 ADul pf.84a		1	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
26¾	25⅛ A ElPw 1.90	9	226	26⅛	25⅞	26	+ ⅛
31¼	17⅛ AmExp Ind		2499	31¾	31¾	31¾	— ⅛
20⅜	15⅝ AmExp Int		2499	18⅝	18	18	— ⅛
29⅞	17⅛ AmF pf1.50		2260	18⅝	18	18	— ⅛
26⅛	24½ AGeBd 1.92e		57	26	26	26	
22⅞	17 AGnCv 1.39e		14	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	
21⅜	13¼ A Gnins .60	7	33	16⅛	16	16⅛	— ⅛
31¼	25½ A Gin pf1.80		23	29¾	29½	29½	+ ⅛
37⅛	25⅝ A Hoist .60b	7	41	12½	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
48¾	40 A Home .64	39	321	46½	45⅝	45⅝	— ⅛
45¼	23⅛ AmHosp .28	42	241	44⅝	44¼	44½	— ⅛
21⅛	8¾ Aminvest .50	4	4	9	9	9	
37⅝	6⅜ A Medicl .12	7	56	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
12⅛	4 A Medicorp	4	69	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
26⅛	29 A MtCl 1.50	11	129	36¼	35½	35½	— ⅛
97	86 A Clx pf5.25		16	92	91	92	+ 1
9⅝	6¾ Am Motors	5	715	7¾	7¼	7¼	
47	33¾ AmNatGs 2.40	5	71	39⅞	39¼	39⅝	— ⅛
18⅞	7¾ AmSesd .36p	30	24	8⅝	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
22⅜	14⅛ AmShip .40	8	3	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
22⅝	17¼ ASmitR 1.20	6	119	20⅝	20⅜	20⅜	+ ⅛
13	10½ AmStand .50	9	242	13½	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
63	54¾ A Std pf4.75		14	57½	56¾	57¼	+ ⅛
13⅜	10 AmSteril .26	15	14	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	
9⅝	5½ AT&T wt		480	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	
88	49¼ AmT&T 2.80	1	634	49⅝	49⅜	49⅝	+ ⅛
62⅛	56⅛ AmT&T pf 4		58	56½	56¼	56¼	— ⅛
83⅜	49¾ ATT pfA3.64		23	9⅝	49½	49⅝	
13⅛	10⅜ AWatWk .64	6	4	10½	10½	10½	
16⅝	15 AW prf 1.25		269	15¾	14⅝	15¼	+ ⅛
17⅛	12⅝ Ameren .65	6	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
12	4¾ AmesD .76h	5	11	5	4⅝	4⅝	
18⅞	11¾ Ametek .70	9	16	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
27⅛	17⅜ AMF In 1.08	8	106	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞	— ⅛
31¼	13⅜ Amfac .64		27	16⅝	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
80	38 AMP .87h	47	2499	47½	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅛
9	6⅝ AmpPsh .36	7	4	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
4	2¼ Ampex Corp	40	36	4⅝	4⅜	4⅜	
14⅞	4½ Amrep Corp	6	22	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
30	22⅛ Amstar 1.20	7	11	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛
9⅛	8½ Amstr pf.88		1	9¼	9¼	9¼	
44¾	28¼ Amsted 2.40	7	29	41¾	41	41⅝	+ ⅛
6	4⅛ Amtel .30	9	23	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	
24⅝	17⅜ Anacon .96	9	198	23⅝	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
29⅞	18½ AnchrH 1. 8	6	14	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	+ ⅛
24⅝	14⅝ AndClay .60	6	4	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	+ ⅛
19⅛	7½ Angelica .10	13	26	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	
20⅜							

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, AUGUST 4-5, 1973

Shell Supplies To Japanese To Be Cut 10%

Move Will Only Affect Non-Affiliated Firms

TOKYO, Aug. 3 (AP-DJ).—Japan's petroleum industry was left distressed and uncertain today by news of a reduction in supplies of crude oil from the Royal Dutch/Shell group.

Shell Sekiyu, the group's chief Japanese subsidiary, notified all Japanese customers that are not Shell affiliates that crude oil supplies will be cut 10 percent, effective October. The move came on instructions from the head office, officials said.

"This decision signals the end of an era for the Japanese petroleum industry," an official at one independent refiner said.

He was referring to the postwar period during which time Japan secured over 70 percent of its crude oil needs under long-term contracts with major international petroleum concerns. Shell alone currently supplies about 13 percent of Japan's crude oil requirement.

Japanese officials said other major suppliers are expected to soon follow Shell's cutback decision as a result of participation agreements with most Middle East nations. Under these pacts, the oil producing countries are progressively increasing the share of their oil that they market directly rather than through the majors.

While the government and some industry circles have at times complained about Japan's high degree of reliance on foreign-owned oil companies, the local refining industry has been for the most part happy with the arrangement.

"In the past, Shell, Caltex, Exxon and the other really big internationals always scrupulously observed the terms of their contracts with us," an official at Kyodo Oil Co. said. In this sense, the cutback announcement comes as quite a surprise, he commented.

An official at the Petroleum Association of Japan said that while Shell's decision could have been anticipated as a result of recent trends in the worldwide petroleum situation, it nonetheless was somewhat of a psychological shock.

A source at Mitsubishi Corp., a major trading company, said that the Japanese crude oil supply-demand situation is reasonably in balance at present. Refiners that are affected by Shell's notification should not have too much trouble finding other sources of oil in the remainder of 1973. But the situation next year could be serious, he said.

Japanese officials said Shell advised its customers to seek oil directly from producing countries to make up for its reduction in supplies.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Occidental Said to Seek Japan Loans

Occidental Petroleum Corp. has asked several major Japanese trading firms for loans totaling $100 million. The funds reportedly would be used to develop oil resources in northern Peru where Occidental has found oil in commercial quantities. Mitsubishi Corp. officials say the request for loans was made in late July when Armand Hammer, Occidental chairman, visited Japan. They decline to identify the other trading firms involved, or to disclose their response to the loan request. Mr. Hammer reportedly proposed to sell one barrel of Peruvian oil to Japan for each dollar the Japanese lend Occidental. In March, the government-owned Japan Petroleum Development Corp. agreed to lend the Peruvian government $300 million to help build an oil pipeline from the interior of the country, where the government-owned Petroperu has discovered oil, to the coast. Peru proposes to repay the loan by supplying about 50 million tons of oil to Japan. Occidental reportedly hopes to link its Peruvian oil fields to the government pipeline.

Canadian Profits Up Sharply

Profits of 105 early reporting Canadian companies soared to $559.3 million in the second quarter, up 54 percent from the like 1972 period, according to a Wall Street Journal survey. A study in the first quarter showed 140 companies had earnings of $578.8 million, up 37.1 percent from the corresponding 1972 quarter. For the first half, profits were slightly over $1 billion, a 46 percent gain from the 1972 half. The profits surge was led by unusually large spurts by the forest products industry, mining companies and manufacturing concerns, reflecting higher demand and increased prices for most wood and paper products, minerals and manufactured products.

Sumitomo Metal Net, Dividend Rising

Sumitomo Metal Industries expects to report after-tax profits of 6 billion yen (about $23.6 million) in the six months ending Sept. 30, a gain of 24 percent from the preceding half. The company also expects to increase its dividend by 11 percent to 2.50 yen a share. Sales in the period are forecast to rise 19 percent to 330 billion yen. The completion of a new blast furnace is credited for the rise in both profits and sales. Crude steel output in the half is seen rising 13 percent to 7.3 million tons.

U.S. Airline Traffic Weak in July

July was the weakest month for U.S. airline traffic growth since mid-1971 when the industry was still in a severe recession. "It bordered on being a disaster," says one airline spokesman. Based on the passenger traffic results of those carriers reporting thus far, July traffic gains were substantially below expectations and well under the improvement shown in the first six months this year. Earlier indications of declining traffic growth had caused the carriers to go into the month with downgraded growth forecasts for the rest of the summer and all of this year, but the actual July experience was worse than expected. Among the so-called "Big Four" domestic carriers—United, Trans World, Eastern and American—there was almost no growth in July at all, their combined increase amounting to around 1 percent. For the first six months this year the trunk airlines had a combined traffic growth of 6.9 percent.

FAS Int'l Completes Bankruptcy

FAS International says it has successfully completed bankruptcy proceedings and as a result it will be discharged from obligations to pay some $40 million of debt, thereby restoring its solvency. A referee has signed an order of confirmation of the arrangement with creditors in the proceedings and this will become final after a 10-day appeal period. As part of the arrangement, the firm's 3.8 million common shares now outstanding will undergo a reverse split on a 1-for-20 basis on Aug. 14. Of the 988,521 shares that will then be outstanding, some 19.5 percent will be owned by present shareholders, 60.7 percent by general creditors and 19.8 percent by holders of convertible subordinated debentures.

To Aid Consumer, Ease Money Squeeze

Nixon Proposes Overhaul of U.S. Banking

By James L. Rowe Jr.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—The administration proposed today a sweeping overhaul of the nation's banking system which, officials said, will give the consumer a fairer shake on both his loans and his savings and which will cushion the housing market from shouldering almost the entire brunt of tight money policy.

The administration proposed a series of revisions which it claims will better equip financial institutions to obtain funds during periods of monetary restraint as well as foster competition for consumer loans and deposits among the various types of financial institutions.

The President said that the proposed changes began with "one basic assumption: The public interest is generally better served by the free play of competitive forces than by the imposition of rigid and unnecessary regulation."

The proposals, which must be submitted to Congress, are based on a special presidential commission which reported in late December after a year's study.

Deputy Treasury Secretary William E. Simon, explaining the proposed changes, said the timing is right because "we are in a period that could be classified this moment as an interest rate crunch."

He described the proposed changes as "the first major restructuring of our financial system since 1865 without a crisis being present."

He said a major aim is to encourage deposits into banks and savings and loan institutions by lifting the interest rate ceilings.

He said that in a period of rising interest rates, people tend to invest in areas of the economy where they can get higher rates of interest than banks and savings and loan institutions can provide.

The present ceiling on interest for savings accounts is from 5 to 5 1/4 percent. Investors, however, can get 8.5 percent interest on

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 1)

Dollar Fluctuates On Technicalities

LONDON, Aug. 3 (AP-DJ).—The dollar fluctuated indecisively on foreign exchange markets today, apparently responding to technical considerations in the absence of major news developments.

The U.S. currency closed at 2.3470 deutsche marks, up from 2.3380 yesterday. The gain occurred as the three-month Euromark interest rate dropped to 8 1/4 from 8 5/8 percent a day earlier, and the corresponding Eurodollar rate gained to 11 1/2 from 11 3/8 percent.

Against the Swiss franc, the dollar slipped to 2.8430 from 2.8525. Swiss franc three-month Eurodeposit rates gained to 5 5/8 from 5 1/2 percent.

The pound lost against the dollar despite a rise in the Eurosterling rate to 14 3/4 percent from 14 5/8. A dealer said today's decline to $2.5095 from $2.5155 yesterday probably was due to pre-weekend squaring of books.

Gold moved narrowly, closing at $116 at London and Zurich, down 50 and 25 cents, respectively.

Nippon Electric Profits Gain 73%

TOKYO, Aug. 3 (AP-DJ).—Consolidated net profit of Nippon Electric rose to 6.04 billion yen (about $22.8 million), or 72 cents per American depository share (ADS), in the half year ended March 31, from 3.5 billion yen, or 42 cents per ADS, a year earlier.

Consolidated sales and other revenue during the six-month period rose to a record 189.77 billion yen from 158.31 billion yen in the six months ended March 1972.

Consolidated profit was after an extraordinary charge of 1.47 billion yen for post-tax devaluation losses on net foreign currency receivables, the company said. A year earlier, a similar 1.06-billion-yen charge was reported.

The company said exceptionally strong demand for telephone equipment and electronic components, such as integrated circuits, contributed to the record sales performance.

Komatsu Net Up 84%

Komatsu, Japan's largest construction machinery producer, reported an 84 percent rise in profits for the half year ending June 30 from the year-ago period.

Profits totaled 6.41 billion yen, equal to 4.5 yen a share, on sales of 133.75 billion yen, compared to 3.48 billion profits, or 3.5 yen a share, on sales of 109.81 billion yen in the 1972 half.

London Interbank Rates

Aug. 3, 1973

LONDON (AP-DJ).—The late or closing interbank rates for the dollar here.

	Today	Prev.	Ch.*
Sterl. ($ per £)..	2.5085	2.514	— 3.73
Belg. fr. (A)....	36.21	36.175	
Belg. fr. (B)....	25.69	25.625	+25.48
Deutsche mark	2.351	2.3478	+37.05
Dane krone.....	5.3375	5.315	+26.69
Escudo.....	22.405	22.5	
Fr. fr. (A).....	4.175	4.17	
Fr. fr. (B).....	4.1112	4.0983	+24.26
Guilder.....	2.5835	2.573	+25.50
Israeli pound...	4.20	4.20	
Lira (A).....	614.0	613.5	
Lira (B).....	571.5	572.75	+ 0.73
Peseta.....	56.7425	56.725	
Schilling.....	17.315	17.25	+34.67
Swr. krona.....	4.0675	4.055	+18.69
Swiss franc.....	2.3605	2.354	+34.90
Yen.....	265	264.5	+16.21

* Percentage change against the dollar from central rates set by the 1971 Smithsonian agreement as calculated by Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. The figures are based on currency quotations in New York.
A: Free. B: Commercial.

Jobless Rate In U.S. Edges Lower to 4.7%

July Drop in Openings Termed Insignificant

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (WP).—The U.S. unemployment rate dropped another notch last month, to 4.7 from 4.8 percent, the Labor Department said today.

The number of jobs in the economy declined a little, on a seasonally-adjusted basis, but the number of people seeking jobs declined a little more.

A continuing drop in the number of jobs would obviously be a cause for worry. The government has already reported that the economy went into a decided slowdown in the second quarter of this year.

But Herbert Stein, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, said the "small declines" in July were "not significant and not surprising after the enormous increases in June."

Mr. Stein said the July decline "is important primarily in tending to confirm that the decline from 5.0 to 4.8 percent between May and June was real and not a statistical aberration."

However, the department said that the unemployment rate for blacks and other minority workers increased sharply to 9.3 from 8.5 percent.

Export Bookings For U.S. Corn, Soybeans Mount

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (NYT).—The government reported sharply higher export bookings of corn and soybeans and a slight dip in wheat sales.

This closely watched weekly report, which was issued late yesterday, showed that exports of corn booked as of July 13 totaled 920 million bushels, compared with 841 million registered the week before. Total exports of corn for all 1972 aggregated some 1.2 billion bushels of 56 pounds each.

Soybean bookings rose to 508 million bushels from 474 million the week before. Exports of soybeans last year came to 485 million bushels of 60 pounds each.

As of July 13, wheat export bookings totaled 913 million bushels, or 3 million below the figure given for the week ended July 6. Last year, total wheat exports were 1.2 billion bushels of 60 pounds each.

Last week, Agriculture Department officials said the figures for July 6 contained some "air" or duplication of export bookings already reported.

Nevertheless, the trade was shocked because total wheat production this year was expected to be about 1.7 billion bushels, that for corn, 2.1 billion, and the soybean crop, some 1.4 billion bushels. Moreover, an earlier government report showed that supplies of these key commodities were unusually low.

German Reserves Rise

FRANKFURT, Aug. 3 (AP-DJ).—Germany's reserves rose 1.6 billion deutsche marks to 94.7 billion DM in the week ended July 31, the Bundesbank reported today.

U.S. Prime Rate Hits Record 9%

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (IHT).—The minimum commercial bank lending rate moved further into record high territory today as a small bank here—Franklin National—raised its minimum charge to the most credit-worthy borrowers to 9 percent.

First Pennsylvania Banking & Trust and Union Bank of Los Angeles were the only ones to immediately join in the quarter-point increase.

Earlier this week, a level of 8 3/4 percent—the highest in history—had become industry-wide.

The rapid rise is a function of both the pressures from the spiralling increase in money market rates and the "green light" signalled today by Arthur F. Burns, chairman of both the Federal Reserve Board and the administration's committee on interest and dividends.

Speaking before the Joint Economic Committee of Congress today, Mr. Burns said that he could not offer any hope of lower rates soon. To bond and money market analysts, the remark was taken to mean that he would not try to inhibit further and meaningful increases in the prime rate.

The analysts interpreted the statement as an admission that heavy pressure applied earlier this year to commercial banks to hold down their key lending rate had been self-defeating to the extent that severe and serious distortions had occurred in the interest-rate structure.

They say that a "true level" for the prime lies between 9 1/4 and 10 percent.

The market pressures for a new increase were unmistakable. Major banks now have to pay as much a 10 1/2 percent to raise funds through the "sale" of negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) due in 90 days. That compared with just above 10 percent a week ago.

Such CDs represent large deposits left for a specific period and are an important means for banks to gather funds for lending and investing.

According to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the 12 leading New York banks registered a $467 million increase in CDs on their books in the week ended Wednesday. But specialists said that while the banks have been able to draw funds in, it has been at progressively higher rates.

Japanese Investments Overseas Soar in Year

TOKYO, Aug. 3 (AP-DJ).—Japan's direct overseas investment in fiscal 1973 almost tripled from the previous year to $2.338 billion, the Finance Ministry reported today. Fiscal 1972 ended March 31, 1973.

The total since direct investment abroad started in 1951 reached $6.773 billion.

It attributed the sharp increase to large investments in natural resources development that ranged from oil development to marine and forestry product exploitation.

The largest investment in fiscal 1972 was made in England, where Japan poured $816 million.

Approval Seen In Burns Report

Other figures showed there was no let-up in loan demand at the leading New York banks, which registered a $317 million increase in commercial and industrial loans on their books in the week ended Wednesday. It was the fifth consecutive weekly increase, for a cumulative gain of more than $1.04 billion.

"Since the beginning of the year," a Franklin National spokesman said today, "the sharp rise in loan demand has been a major factor fueling inflation.

"When prime lending rates fall below competing market instruments, banks will experience this extreme demand for loans. The results are felt in inflationary pressure throughout the country. The most effective way of slowing this loan demand is to move toward establishing a balance between the prime lending rate and the money markets.

"At present our increased loan demand must be met by funds at cost levels which range from 10.25 to 11 percent in the current money markets," the bank said.

Stocks Register 5th Decline As Cost of Money Increases

By Vartanig G. Vartan

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (NYT).—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange, reflecting concern over the continued rise in interest rates to record levels, registered their fifth decline in a row today.

The Dow Jones industrial average, down by 4 1/3 at 11:30 a.m., improved in later trading to finish at 908.87 with a loss of 1.27.

"The market was helped a little during the afternoon by some short-covering activity," one broker noted.

For the week, the Dow showed a net decline of 27.84 points.

Volume underscored August's reputation as a slow trading month. The turnover of 9.94 million shares—little more than one-half of the estimated "break-even" point for the average brokerage firm—ranked as one of the slowest trading days of 1973. The opening-hour turnover of 2.46 million shares, moreover, was the lowest for that period in nearly 10 months.

Glamour stocks were mixed. The glamours generally were losers on Wednesday and gainers yesterday.

Airlines, oils and gold issues moved lower. Airline stocks, reacting to a report that July ranked as the weakest month for traffic growth since 1971, showed fractional declines.

Sperry & Hutchinson, actively-traded, slipped 1/2 to 17 1/2.

NLT Corp. fell 1 3/4 to 25 1/8 after reporting little change in second-quarter net yesterday.

Russ Togs advanced 1 1/8 to 15 1/8. Terms for its proposed merger into Greyhound were modified. Greyhound closed at 13 3/4 unchanged.

Great Western United preferred fell 7/8 to 12 1/2 after a loss of 3 Thursday. The company said that as a result of the cancellation of an agreement with Great Western Producers Co-Operative to acquire Great Western Sugar, Garet Western United will not be able to pay dividend arrears on its cumulative preferred or to offer to buy the shares at $20 each.

Prices were mixed in moderate trading on the American Stock Exchange. The index edged up 0.02 to 23.35.

McCulloch Oil, the most active stock, fell 3/4 to 5 3/8.

In the Over-the-Counter market the NASDAQ index of industrial stocks gained 0.31 to 101.03.

On the bond market, government issues dropped a further quarter-point, bringing the week's overall decline to about two points. Corporates dipped by a further 1/4 to 1/2 point, extending the decline to almost three points.

Money-market rates continued the upside climb, with major New York banks now writing 90-day CDs for almost 10.50 percent.

Eurodollar Borrowings

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—Liabilities of U.S. banks to their foreign branches declined $59 million to $2.08 billion in the week ended July 25, the Federal Reserve Board reported yesterday. This was an increase of $738 million over the figure for Eurodollar borrowings in the year-ago week.

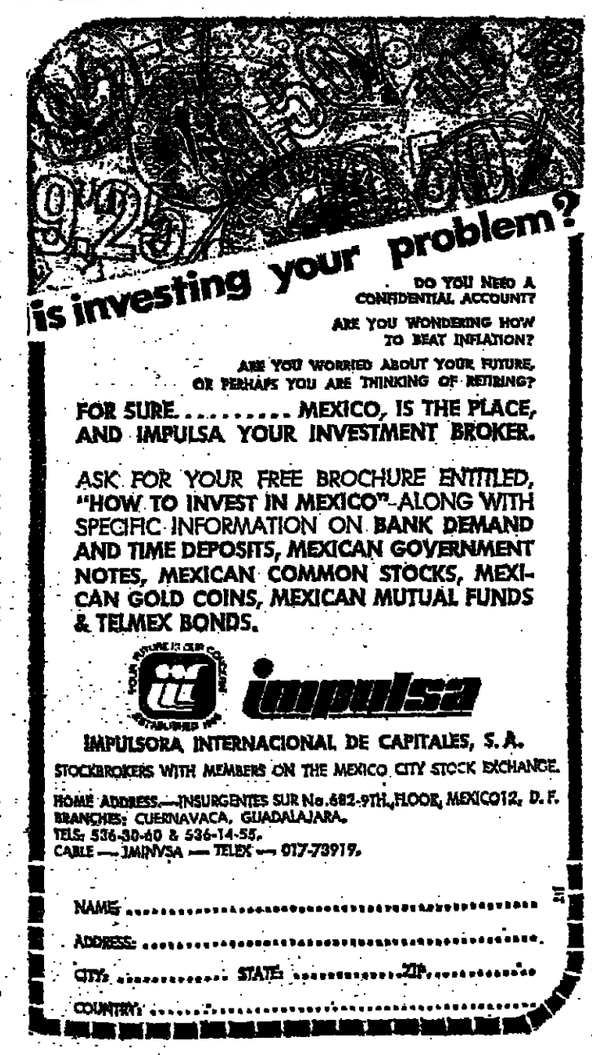
Company Reports

CNA Financial

Second Quarter	1973	1972
Revenue (millions).	426.6	398.5
Profits (millions)...	20.7	23.7
Per Share	0.46	0.54
First Half		
Revenue (millions).	847.0	778.0
Profits (millions)...	38.8	40.5
Per Share	0.87	0.92

Ogden

Second Quarter	1973	1972
Revenue (millions).	318.6	262.5
Profits (millions)...	6.6	5.7
Per Share	0.61	0.47
First Half		
Revenue (millions).	609.1	524.9
Profits (millions)...	11.9	9.9
Per Share	1.07	0.81



BANKRUPTCY

Pursuant to a judgment dated August 1, 1973, the Commercial Court of and at Luxembourg has officially declared in state of bankruptcy the company "E.O.F. Corporation Société Anonyme" having its registered office at Luxembourg, 56 Boulevard Napoléon, and has fixed the date of the stoppage of payments at May 26, 1971.

The same judgment has appointed Mr. Marc Thill, Judge of the District Court of and at Luxembourg, Judge-Commissioner, and Messrs. Fernand Koster, Commercial Engineer, Maître Jacques Delvaux and Maître Pierre-Paul Schleimer, Counsellors-at-Law at Luxembourg, trustees.

It orders the creditors to file with the recorder of the Commercial Court at Luxembourg the declaration of their claims before Tuesday, August 21, 1973.

Friday, September 28, 1973, has been fixed at 3 p.m. for the closing of the official report concerning the verification of claims and Wednesday October 17, 1973, has been fixed at 9 a.m. for the debate of the disputes eventually resulting from this verification.

For True Certified Abstract.
For the Board of Trustees.
Maître Pierre-Paul Schleimer.

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ARNOLDO MONDADORI EDITORE

S.p.A.—Head Office in Milan

Capital Lit. 6,825,000,000

Annual General Meeting of July 27, 1973

The Annual General Meeting of ARNOLDO MONDADORI EDITORE S.p.A. was held in Milan on July 27 under the chairmanship of Cav. del Lav. Giorgio Mondadori to approve the Report and the Accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 1973.

The Report of the Board of Directors stressed the following facts:

- **Total Turnover** for the year under review amounted to Lit. 88,522 million (+11.2%);
- **Exports**, already included in the total turnover, amounted to Lit. 15,000 million;
- **Profits** amounted to Lit. 950 million;
- **Industrial Investments** for the year under review amounted to almost Lit. 1,000 million;
- **Fixed Assets in machinery** amounted to Lit. 25,920 million;
- **Ordinary depreciation** for the financial year totalled Lit. 1,578 million. The Depreciation Fund reached Lit. 18,577 million;
- **Reserves** shown in the Accounts at the end of the financial year totalled Lit. 5,537 million;
- **Personnel** employed by the company at March 31, 1973, numbered 5,344. Total cost of personnel amounted to Lit. 28,570 million.

The Meeting approved the Report, the Balance Sheet and the plan for the distribution of profits proposed by the Board which anticipate, apart from the statutory allocation to the Legal Reserve, a grant to the joint fund dividends of Lit. 125 million, as well as the distribution of a dividend of Lit. 100 for each of the 3,675,000 ordinary shares (equal to 10% of the nominal value) and a dividend of Lit. 120 for each of the 3,150,000 preference shares (equal to 12% of their nominal value).

The Board of Directors also includes for the three years 1973-1975 Messrs. Giorgio Mondadori, Chairman and Managing Director, Mario Formenton, Vice-Chairman and Managing Director, Giansandro Bassetti, Mario Cimadori, Massimo Colombo, Laura Mondadori, Sergio Polillo, Adolfo Senn and Giovanni Zocche as Directors. The Union Committee consists of Argentino Ricca, Chairman, Pier Luigi Martinelli and Enrico Gianzini.

At the Extraordinary Meeting it was resolved to change the close of the financial year from March 31 to December 31 each year.

Nixon Proposes Overhaul of U.S. Banking System

(Continued from Page 11)

Treasury bills and over 10 percent on so-called commercial paper.

President Nixon's recommendations call for:

● Phasing out over a 5 1/2-year period the ceilings on interest rates that can be paid by banks, savings and loan associations and other thrift institutions on deposits, including savings accounts.

● Authorizing banks and thrift institutions to use negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, providing for negotiated rates of interest on checking accounts.

● Authorizing thrift institutions, such as savings and loan associations, to provide checking account services.

● Instituting special tax credits for both commercial banks and thrift institutions to encourage investment in home mortgages.

● Expanding the loan authority for thrift institutions.

● Removing interest rate ceilings on government-sponsored mortgage loans.

● Providing greater access to funds for credit unions.

Although broad in scope, the proposals are narrower than those contained in the Hunt commission report. The commission, headed by Reed Hunt, a retired business executive, made 89 specific recommendations. The Nixon proposal makes 31 recommendations, 14 of which were taken wholly from the Hunt commission, four partly and 13 which are new.

Among the major Hunt commission recommendations that were not contained in today's proposal was the requirement that all state banks become members of the Federal Reserve System. Also absent were the commission's recommendations regarding life insurance companies, pension funds, trust departments and the overhaul of the regulatory structure.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from Page 10.)

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
45	37¼	SNEA	2.72	9	10	40	39½	39¾	— ½
44⅝	28	SaulPac	2.16	7	131	29½	29½	29⅝	— ¼
80¼	29⅝	SauRy	1.72	8	62	36¾	36	36⅛	— ⅝
7⅛	6½	Sou Ry pf	.50		3	6¾	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
33⅜	24	SouUGs	1.52	8	37	27¼	26½	27	— ½
32¼	14⅛	Southld	.24b	12	113	17¾	17⅜	17⅝	— ⅛
11⅜	7⅜	SwstFor	.20	4	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
21¾	19⅜	SwstFi	pf1.50		2	20	19¾	20	+ ⅝
14⅝	11	SwstPSv	.82	11	26	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛+	⅛
8⅝	5½	Sparton	.20a	5	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
30⅛	15½	SperryHut	1	4	2067	18	17	17⅛—	½
51⅛	36¼	Sperry H	pf 3		1	38	38	38	— ⅛
80¼	35⅞	SperryR	.66	17	284	46⅛	46	46	+ ⅛
19	11	Sprague El	.10	6	52	16½	15⅝	16⅛+	⅛
115⅛	12⅛	SpringM	.60	6	17	12¼	11¾	11⅞—	½
38	23	SquareD	1a	19	34	29⅛	28¼	28⅝—	⅜
114⅛	93⅛	Squibb	1.56	30	35	100	99⅜	99¾—	⅛
29½	23⅛	StaleyM	1.40	7	7	23½	23¼	23¼—	⅛
23⅛	23	StPrSec	.16a		38	23⅛	23¼	23¼	
35⅝	24	StBrand	1.73	14	47	35⅝	35¼	35⅝	
56¾	34	StBPaint	.25	44	54	46⅝	45⅜	46⅛+	⅛
90	68	StdOilCal	3	9	537	69½	68¾	69½+	⅛
91½	80⅛	StOilInd	2.68	13	151	82½	81¾	81¾—	⅛
91¼	84⅛	StOilOh	2.70	25	101	110½	109½	109¾+	¼
66⅛	63	SO Oh	pf3.75		2200	63⅝	63⅛	63⅝	
67¼	63⅜	StPress	.15e	6	14	7	6¾	6¾—	
11⅜	10	StPrudnt	.66	10	7	10½	10¼	10½	
20½	13	Stanadv	.40		2	14⅜	14¼	14⅜+	⅛
44⅞	30	StanWk	.84b	13	11	37⅜	37¼	37⅜+	⅛
76½	64	Stanray	.60	6	6	10⅜	10⅛	10½	
25	16⅛	Starrett	.82a	8	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛+	⅛
28	21⅞	StatMtl	2.48a	14	14	21½	21⅛	21½	
14	12	StatMS	.9e		28	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝+	⅛
49¾	40	StauffCh	1.90	10	17	42⅝	42¼	42⅝+	⅛
10¾	7⅜	SterlDrug	.60	7	2	9½	9½	9½	
37⅞	31⅝	SterDrug	.58	28	146	35¼	34½	35¼+	⅝
35½	24⅛	Stevens	1.52	7	20	29½	29½	29½	
35⅝	26⅛	StewWa	1.85	8	5	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	
21¾	14⅛	StokeVanC	1	6	3	15¾	15¼	15¼+	⅛
44	32⅛	StoneWeb	2	8	33	38⅜	37½	37¾+	⅛
24	15⅞	StorerBrd	1b	8	28	19	18⅝	18⅝—	⅛
15⅜	9⅛	StrideRite	.65	6	10	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝+	⅛
55	32½	StuWor	1.52	4	6	32½	32½	32½	
17⅜	2⅜	SuavSh	.15c	4	190	3½	3	3½	
33	15¾	SubnPro	.80	10	8	21⅜	21½	21½	
10½	6⅜	SuCrest			1	6¾	6¾	6¾	
84⅞	42¼	SunOil	1b	12	7	46¾	46½	46⅝+	⅜
48⅜	40⅝	*Sun O pf*	2.25		69	47⅜	47	47⅛+	⅜
34⅝	20⅛	Sunbeam	.90	13	15	25⅜	25	25	
33⅝	15⅞	Sundstrd	.80	11	47	18½	17⅝	18⅛+	⅜
14⅛	9⅞	SundyAm	.90	11	114	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	
24⅛	13⅜	SupValu	.76	6	39	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜—	⅛
353	213	Supr Oil	1.40	169	1	244½	244½	244½—	1½
14½	5⅝	SupmkG	.20	11	79	7⅜	6¾	6⅞—	⅛
24¾	19⅜	Survey	2.75e		56	22⅜	22¼	22½—	⅛
19	14⅝	Sutro	1.62e	9	8	15⅝	15½	15⅝+	⅛
12¾	7½	Swank	.68a	9	7	8½	8½	8½+	⅛
37⅝	20¼	Sybron	.72	14	44	25⅜	25⅛	25⅛—	⅛
62	40½	Sybrn	pf2.40		4	44⅜	43⅝	43⅝—	⅛
15⅞	7⅜	Systron	Don	8	4	9½	9½	9½+	⅛

T

38⅝	22	Taft Brd	.60	11	18	30½	30½	30½—	½	
20	18⅝	Tacott	.27p		5	11¾	11½	11¾+	⅛	
11¾	5	Talley	.45r	4	175	5½	5½	5½		
15⅞	10	Talley	pfB 1		9	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛	
27¾	18⅝	TampaE	.88	10	50	20⅝	20½	20⅝—	⅛	
46⅛	15⅞	Tandy	Corp	11	1268	20½	20	20¼—	⅛	
23	9½	Tappan	.40	5	24	10⅜	10	10⅜		
20¾	9⅝	Technicon		21	3	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜		
53⅞	29⅞	Tektronx	.20c	21	25	40¼	40⅛	40⅜+	⅛	
19¾	4¼	Telecor	.24e	6	19	6⅞	6¾	6¾—	⅛	
20½	11⅛	Teledyn	.59f	7	40	13¾	13½	13⅝		
34½	12⅝	*Telepromp*	17		17	321	16⅛	15½	15½+	⅜
6⅞	2¾	Telex	Cp	26	56	3⅝	3⅜	3½		
24⅛	13⅛	Templel	.32	8	4	16½	16¼	16½		
39¾	21	Tennco	1.36	8	103	23	22⅝	22⅞		
8⅛	3¾	Tennco	wt A		5	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛		
101¾	83	Tenoc	pf5.50		1	85½	85	85		
42⅜	34	Tesoro	Pet	9	145	39¾	39¼	39⅞		
43⅞	30⅜	Texaco	1.72	8	646	32	31⅝	31⅞		
61¼	42	TexETr	1.58	13	64	46¼	45⅝	45⅞+	⅜	
40	22¼	TexGsT	1.64	7	66	25⅞	25	25	— ⅛	
27⅛	17⅛	Texasgulf	.60	19	255	26⅜	26	26		
27½	17¼	Texasind	1b	7	15	17¾	17½	17½—	⅛	
109⅞	83	TexInst	.56	42	159	107½	105¾	107	+ 1⅛	
39	13¾	TexOilG	.01	24	37	20½	20	20	— ⅛	
34½	28⅛	TexUt	1.04	14	154	29	28½	28¾—	⅛	
31⅛	11¼	Texfl	Ind	3	232	12⅝	12	12		
34⅜	16⅞	Textron	.96	8	84	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞+	⅛	
40½	29¼	Textr	pf2.08		4	29¾	29¾	29¾		
34⅛	26	Textr	pf1.40		2	33	32⅝	33	+ ⅛	
22	8⅞	Thiokol	.50	7	34	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜+	⅛	
101½	79¾	ThmBet	1.12	30	3	92¾	92¼	92¾+	⅜	
21⅜	11¼	Thomln	.40b	7	3	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛	
24⅜	4	ThompJW	1	7	24	14	14	4	— ⅛	
12	6¾	ThriftyD	.37	7	26	7⅜	7½	7½—	⅛	
22½	21¼	TI Corp	1.40	7	2	22¾	22½	22⅝		
39½	23	TidwatM	.52	14	11	29½	29¼	29⅜		

63¼	29½	*Time In*	1.90	8	49	34½	34	34	— ½
25⅞	16½	TumeMir	.30	13	33	18⅞	18¼	18½—	⅜
42⅝	33¼	Timkn	1.80a	7	14	36⅛	36	36	+ ⅛
2¾	12	TodShp	.20p	493	3	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
30⅞	26⅝	ToledE	1.92	8	11	27	26⅝	26⅝—	⅛
23⅜	14⅜	TonkaCp	.40	10	14	19¾	19½	19¾	
46	17⅜	ToolRh	1.14f	12	31	22½	22	22½+	⅛
69⅛	36¾	TraneCo	.96	11	11	44¾	44	44	— 1⅛
43	26	TranUn	1.44	12	127	35½	34¾	35½+	⅛
42⅞	18	Trans W	Air	5	388	21⅜	20¼	21	— ¾
15¼	4¾	TranWd	Fin	4	4	7⅜	7½	7½	
17⅜	10¾	Transm	.55b	10	1234	13¾	12¾	13	+ ⅛
23½	19½	Trelnc	1.08e		25	19⅝	19½	19⅝+	⅛
15	8½	Transcn	.43	7	14	9⅜	9½	9⅜+	⅛
40½	26½	Travelers	1	9	91	30¾	30½	30½	
58¾	36¾	Travelr	pf 2		3	42¾	42¼	42¼—	½
372	279	Tri SM	2.81e	10	13	295	295	295	— 3
16⅛	11½	Triangin	.80	6	25	14⅜	14	14	—
12	8	TrianSP	.30	4	6	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	
25⅞	16	Trinity In	.56	9	20	21⅜	21	21	+ ⅛
57⅞	16	Tropicana		26	147	28⅜	27	27⅜+	⅛
147⅜	20¼	TRW In	1.04	9	169	34⅛	33½	34	
89⅛	60½	TRW	pf4.50		13	65⅜	64⅝	65	
15⅜	12½	TucsonG	.84	8	34	13⅝	12¾	13⅛+	⅛
12⅜	6½	TwanCe	.05e	9	23	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜+	⅛
25¼	11⅜	TylerCp	.20	5	22	16½	16⅜	16⅜	

U

34½	15⅜	UAL	Inc	13	228	20⅝	19⅝	20	— ⅛
33¾	17	UAL	pf.40		173	20	20	20	
22¾	15⅜	UARCO	1.10	8	3	17	16½	17	+ ⅛
19⅜	16	UGI	Cp 1.32	8	34	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜+	⅛
21⅝	11¾	UMC	Ind .84	6	10	13⅛	13	13⅛	
49⅛	35⅝	U-Camp	1.40	13	38	45¾	45⅝	45¾	
51¾	33¼	UnCarb	2.10	9	162	37¼	36⅞	37¼	
41⅞	24	UnCom	1.33	6	22	24	23⅝	23⅝—	⅛
10⅝	4⅝	Union	Corp	13	75	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜—	⅛
18⅝	12¾	Un Elec	1.28	12	48	16¼	16	16¼+	⅛
62½	57⅛	Un El	pf4.50		220	57½	57½	57½—	⅜
49	43	Un El	pf3.50		210	43	43	43	
27⅜	4½	Un	Fidelity	3	165	5½	5⅛	5⅜—	⅛
41¾	24⅝	*UnOCal*	1.60	10	183	33¼	32¾	33⅛+	⅛
54⅛	46⅛	UOCa	pf2.50		19	50½	50	50½+	⅛
70½	51½	UPacCp	2.16	11	37	57¾	57	57	
13¼	9⅛	UnPac	pf.47		11	10¼	10	10⅛	
40	24⅛	Unionam	.84	9	37	26½	26¼	26½—	⅛
16	10½	Unitroyal	.70	7	67	12¼	12	12⅛—	⅛
108½	98⅞	Unitroyal	pf 8		z110	100	100	100	
7⅞	1½	Unishops		5		3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
46¼	26⅜	Unit Air	1.80	6	84	28⅝	28	28⅛—	⅛
12⅜	6	Unit	Brands	8	69	9	8¾	9	+ ⅛
13⅛	12⅛	UBrd	pf1.20		12	12½	12⅜	12⅜+	⅛
10	7¾	Unit	Cp .72e		22	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
15	6¾	UnitFSa	Cal	5	22	7⅞	7½	7⅞+	⅛
21	19½	UnitGas	.92	8	234	23¼	23	23¼	
34½	29⅛	Ullium	2.24	8	8	29⅜	29⅛	29⅜+	⅛
9⅜	5	Unitind	.32	5	6	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
32⅞	10⅜	UnitInn	.10	11	29	12⅜	12½	12⅜	
28⅜	17⅜	UJerBk	1.84	8	18	19	18⅝	18¾—	⅛
23½	17½	UnMM	1.30	6	72	19½	19⅛	19½—	⅛
13⅛	6	Un Nucir			24	9½	8⅞	9⅛+	⅛
25⅝	11⅝	UnitPk	Min		11	14	14	14⅛+	⅛
27⅜	12⅞	UnitRes	.32	7	6	15	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
44⅛	32⅝	USFidG	2.40	10	19	39⅜	38⅝	39	— ⅛
39½	25¾	USFor	6.07e		3	27¼	27	27	
24⅞	17	USFrgt	1.40	9	33	17⅞	17¾	17⅞—	⅛
27¾	20⅝	USGyps	1.60	7	102	22	21¾	22	+ ⅛
25¼	7½	USHome	.16	5	6	9⅞	9½	9½—	⅜
21⅞	10½	US Ind	.65	5	33	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜+	⅜
35⅛	15½	USLeass	.24	17	45	22¼	22	22	
16	12¾	USRity	1.36	14	2	13⅝	13½	13⅝	
22¼	12½	USShoe	.95	7	16	13⅝	13¼	13⅜+	⅛
35	28½	USSteel	1.60	7	103	29	28½	28½—	⅝
20	11⅜	USTobac	.76	10	38	14¼	14⅛	14⅜—	⅛
23¾	17⅝	UniTel	1	12	66	18⅝	18¼	18¾+	⅜
7⅜	3⅜	UniTel	wt		12	4¼	4	4	
30	24½	UnTl	2pf1.50		12	25⅛	24⅞	24¾—	⅛
34½	26¾	UnTel	pf1.50		10	27	27	27	— ⅛
13⅜	6⅜	Unitrode	Cp	13	55	10¼	9¾	10¼+	⅜
35	26½	UnLeaf	1.64	7	5	28½	28½	28½+	⅛
25⅝	16⅛	UnWtO	Pd	17	227	22⅝	22⅜	22⅜—	⅛
99¾	72¼	Upjohn	.88	47	222	97⅜	95¾	97¾+	⅛
16½	11½	UrisBldg	.40		120	11¾	11¾	11½—	⅛
33	21¾	USLIFE	Cp	16	383	33½	33¼	33½+	⅛
14⅛	11⅜	USLInc	.49e		4	11¾	11⅜	11⅜	
23¾	15	USM	stp .60	6	4	18⅝	18½	18⅝+	⅛
33⅜	26½	USM	pf2.10		2	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	
20	17¾	USM	pf1.50		z270	18¼	18	18	
46⅜	39⅞	Utah Int	.44	28	28	44¼	43¾	44	+ ⅛
38⅛	34¼	UtahPL	2.32	9	35	36	35⅝	35⅞+	⅛
29⅛	23	*UV Ind*	*1a*	*6*	25	28½	28⅜	28⅝—	⅛

V

19½	9⅞	Varian	Assc	13	50	12⅞	12½	12⅝+	
20¼	9½	VCA Cp	.44	8	5	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	
15	7⅞	VendeCo	.40	9	10	8¾	8½	8½—	⅛
17	7	Venice	.20b	6	5	11¼	11	11¼+	⅛
15¾	14	VestSec	.74a		19	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜—	⅛
34⅞	17	Verco	Offsh	38	260	26	25¼	26	+ ¾

34½	20	VF Corp	.64	11	405	22¾	22	22⅛	
20	9	Viacom	Int	20	24	11⅞	11⅝	11¾	
18¾	9½	VictCmp	.50	12	30	11½	10¾	11¼+	⅛
23⅜	18	VaEPw	1.18	8	128	18⅛	17⅞	18	— ⅛
114½	108	VaEP	pf8.84		z80	108½	108½	108½	
105½	95	VaEP	pf7.72		z130	96	96	96	+ 1
73½	60½	VaE&P	pf 5		z100	64⅛	64½	64½—	1
67¼	62¼	VaEP	pf4.80		z190	62½	62⅛	62¾	
19½	7⅛	Vornado	.97f	5	13	9½	9¼	9½+	⅛
22½	16¾	VSICorp	.52	8	3	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜—	⅛
29½	22¾	VulcMat	1.40	7	6	26	25⅞	26⅛	
13¾	10	VWRUn	.48	8	5	12⅝	12¾	12¾	

W

58	50	WebR	pf4.50		z100	50½	50½	50½	
33⅜	21⅜	WecRI	2.50e	10	7	24⅝	24¼	24½—	⅛
22⅜	15⅝	Walgreen	1	8	6	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
18⅝	11⅜	WallMur	.60	4	14	14	13¾	13¾—	⅛
34⅞	14⅜	WavzMart	Str	29	11	22¼	22⅛	22¼+	⅛
32	12	Wang	Labs	27	93	22⅞	21¼	22¼+	1⅜
12	4⅝	Ward	Foods		1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
20½	12¾	Warnaco	.80	6	3	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜+	⅛
39⅛	12½	WrnComm		5	674	13¾	12½	13½+	¼
30⅜	17	WrnCm	pf4.25		1	19¾	19¾	19¾—	¼
78	36	WrnC	pf1.25		172	26	26	26	— ⅛
52⅝	45¾	WarnL	.72a	28	208	48⅜	47½	48	— ⅛
43¼	22	WarnS	1.20	10	5	28	27¾	28	+ ⅛
27⅞	23½	WashGs	1.88	6	25	24½	24¼	24⅝+	⅛
19¼	14⅜	WashSt	.88	5	3	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜—	⅛
22¾	20⅜	WasWP	1.44	13	7	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞—	⅛
41¾	16⅛	WatkIn	Jhnc	13	7	20⅜	20⅝	20⅜—	⅛
11¼	6⅜	WayGas		8	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	
23½	17½	WayG	pf1.60		2	18¼	18¼	18¼+	⅛
47⅛K	9½	Weath	Ind		10	4	3⅞	4	⅛
11¼	7	Wealthd	.40	6	13	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	
8¼	4⅛	Webb	Del E	5	21	5¼	5¼	5¼	
17⅞	9½	WellMcL	.54	5	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅜+	⅛
28⅛	11¾	WellsFr	Corp		3	22	22	22	
21⅜	9½	WellsRG	.60	6	2	13½	13½	13½—	⅛
18½	10⅛	WescoF	.23r	63	2	12½	12½	12½	
25¾	17⅜	WestcTr	.75	5	18	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝+	⅛
63½	39½	WPSp	pf4.50		z90	60⅝	60¾	60⅝	
39⅝	19	WPIPap	1.20	6	8	21¾	21½	21½—	⅛
14⅜	8½	WnAirL	.15r	9	1	9¾	9¾	9¾—	⅛
31⅜	25⅞	WnBnc	1.40	13	5	27⅛	27	27⅛—	⅛
14½	6¼	WnPac	Ind	8	19	7½	7½	7½	
49⅛	17½	WUnion	1.40	9	372	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	⅛
80	64¼	Wn Un	pf 6		5	65	64	64	⅛
99	54	WnUn	pf4.60		23	53	53	53	1
47⅜	31⅛	WestgEl	.97	15	255	35¾	35	35¼+	⅛
64	36	WstE	pf3.80		z10	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞+	⅛
28	19¾	Wstvco	1.05	13	27	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞+	⅛
68½	46⅛	Weyerhs	.86	14	232	66	65	65⅞+	⅞
61	48¾	Wyhr	pf2.75		4	58½	57⅞	57⅞+	⅛
23½	9⅜	WheelPit	.40	13	13	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	
21⅝	11¾	WheelPitt	St	5	6	12½	12	12	
53½	49	WhelPit	pf5		z100	49	49	49	⅛
37½	33¾	Whirlpl	.58	15	117	31½	30½	31¼+	1⅛
21⅞	11½	WhtCon	.60	5	62	14	13⅞	13⅞+	⅛
41½	34	WhitC	pfC 3		2	35	35	35	—
16	8⅛	White	Motor	7	76	10	9¾	9¾	⅛
7⅝	3⅛	Whittaker		11	43	3¾	3⅝	3¾+	⅛
28⅝	16	WicksCp	1	8	68	18¼	18	18¼+	⅛
8	5⅝	*Wiebld*	*.25b*	7	7	6⅜	6⅛	6⅜+	⅛
47½	21	WillRoss	.48	15	86	23½	22¾	23¼+	¾
56⅜	39	Williams	Co	13	75	47¾	46¾	47¾+	1⅛
36⅛	19	WmsCp	wt		108	28½	27¾	28½+	1⅛
50	35¼	WmsC	pf.80		4	42⅝	42	42⅝+	⅞
41¾	31½	WinnDx	1.76	15	27	33	32	32⅝—	⅜
48¾	40	WinnDix	B		2	48	39½	39½—	1
27½	4⅝	Winnebago		9	87	5¾	5¼	5¼	
25½	22¼	WisElPw	1.72	9	26	22⅝	22¼	22⅝+	⅜
18	16¾	WiscPS	1.24	9	28	16½	16½	16½+	⅛
24½	15¼	WiscCh	.98	7	8	19¼	19	19¼	
7⅝	3¾	WolvW	.05e	38	5	3⅝	3½	3⅝	
19¾	11½	Wometco	.48	11	1	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
19⅜	9⅞	WoodsCp	.48	7	4	13¼	13¼	13¼—	⅛
31⅞	19⅝	Wolwth	1.20	7	202	21⅜	21	21¼+	⅛
47½	33¼	Wolw	pf2.20			3236	35	36	— ⅛
7¾	4⅜	World	Arwy	11	10	6	5⅞	6	
68½	57¼	Wrigley	2.40	12	13	62¾	62¼	62¼—	⅜
17⅛	10½	Wurlitzr	.80	6	x62	10½	10	10	— ⅛
11¾	4	Wyly	Corp		13	5½	5¼	5¼—	⅛

X

170	139½	XeroxCp	.88	45	165	158	157¼	157⅝—	⅜
28½	15	Xtra	1.57f	5	49	18½	18	18½—	⅜

Y

14⅜	9¼	YngSDr	.20e	11	8	13⅜	13¼	13⅜+	⅜

Z

43⅛	16¾	ZaleCorp	.68	9	98	20	19¼	19¾	
35	15	Zale	pfA .80		1	16½	16½	16½	
37¾	21¾	Zapata	Corp	7	404	24¼	22⅞	23⅝—	
29¾	9	Zayre	Corp	5	19	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜+	

American Stock Exchange Trading

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Chg	
		(Continued from preceding page.)								
		H								
7	2¾	Halfct Hem	.20		21	3¾	3½	3½—	⅛	
16¾	6¼	HamilC	.22e		9	4	8¾	8¾	8¾+	⅛
6¼	3¾	Hantosh	.20t		4	11	5½	5⅝	5⅝	
9⅝	4	Hanvr Pizer		15	24	6¼	5⅞	6¼+	⅛	
28	22¾	Harland	.16	20	1	26¼	26½	26½+	¼	
15⅝	9⅛	Hart Alt	.40	9	5	13½	13⅛	13½—	⅛	
17⅜	5¾	Hartfrd Zdy		4	32	9½	3¼	3¼+	⅛	
36½	19½	HartzMt Co		43	34	34	33¼	34 +	½	
5¼	1¾	Harvey Grp	.40		1	2	2	2 —	⅛	
4⅝	1⅞	HaydnS	.05p	100	47	3	2⅞	3 +	½	
5⅝	3⅝	HealthAr	.30	6	3	5	5	5 —	⅛	
4⅛	1⅜	Heinkel	.inst	11	2	2¼	2⅛	2½		
13½	11¼	Heim	1.34e	8	86	12¾	12½	12⅝—	⅛	
15⅝	9½	Her Maj	.48	9	5	11	10¾	10¾—	⅛	
13½	6⅜	Herlife	.32e	28	6	8	7½	7		
11⅞	5	HIG Inc	.10		11	9⅝	9¼	9⅝—	⅛	
10½	6¼	Hillseer Cp		35	31	9⅝	9¼	9⅝—	⅛	
6¾	5	Hillsmean		9	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝		
5⅞	2½	Holmn Ind		6	10	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛	
3¼	1	Holly Corp		22	39	2½	2	2⅛		
47⅝	35¼	HomeOA	.50	38	3	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛—	⅛	
45	36	HomeOB	.50	35	1	44½	44½	44½—	½	
20⅝	16¾	Hoskins	1	6	5	17	11¾	11¾—	¼	
22¾	17⅜	HospM	1.20a	8	5	18½	18⅛	18⅛		
7	1¼	Howard wt			5	1½	1¼	1⅛		
38¾	32	Howe Fur	.10	10	12	15⅝	14¾	14⅞—	1	
25⅛	19⅜	Hotel T	2.10e	9	10	20⅛	20	20⅛+	⅛	
38⅛	6½	House Ran		7	1	7¾	7¾	7¾+	⅛	
11½	6½	House VI	.32	10	10	7¼	6¾	7¼+	⅛	
39⅝	28⅝	Houst Oil M		26	157	36½	35	35¾—	¼	
57⅝	40	HudBOG	.70	29	6	49	47⅞	49 +	1½	
19¼	6½	Huffmn	.40e	5	5	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝		
8¾	3	HuntHth	.02t	5	5	3¾	3⅜	3¾		
25½	18⅝	HuskyOil	.15	17	79	25½	25½	25½—	⅝	
		HskyO fn.15			1	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝		
5⅛	4	Hycal Inc			51	5⅛	4½	4⅝—	½	
22½	15⅝	HygFd	1.22t	7	7	23⅛	23¼	23⅞+	⅜	
		I								
14¼	12½	ICB Corp		17	19	15⅝	15	15 —	⅛	
8½	4⅜	IMC Magnet		5	2	5¾	5½	5½		
7⅜	5¼	Impar Ind		6	13	6⅞	6½	6⅞+	⅛	
49⅝	35¼	Imp Oil	.40	31	90	41	40⅝	40¾		
11⅞	4½	IndianHd wt			1	6⅜	6¼	6⅜		
67¾	52½	IndiPL pf 4			z100	53¾	53¾	53¾+	¼	
3⅝	1	Inflight Svc			28	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜—	⅛	
10⅛	5½	Instron	.05a		11	14	9¼	9⅝—	⅛	
3⅞	1⅜	Instrum Sys		10	28	2	1⅞	2 +	⅛	
12½	3¾	IntegRe	.19t	5	5	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜—	⅛	
7⅜	2½	Intrmedco		57	11	4⅛	4	4		
14¾	9	Intl Bankcrd			14	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜		
63¾	51⅜	Intl Equipt		6	47	6¼	6⅛	6⅜—	⅛	
6¼	3	InlFuneral		7	2	4½	4⅜	4⅜		
14½	9⅝	InlGeoph	.70	6	1	11¾	11¾	11¾—	¼	
9⅜	5¼	Int Prst	.10	55	26	6¾	6½	6¾		
7½	3¼	IntSeaW	.22r	5	2	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞+	⅛	
5¼	2	Int Stretch			3	2¾	2½	2½		
31⅝	19	IntSyst	.06t	27	z6750	54	51	52½—	⅛	
8¼	2½	Interphoto			5	3¾	3½	3¾+	⅛	
18	10⅜	Intersystm		12	7	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛	
4½	2½	InvestAm Fls		5	5	3½	3½	3½		
36⅝	21⅜	InDiv A	1.80	6	9	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜—	⅛	
9⅛	5⅞	InvDivB	.45	6	22	6¼	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛	
8½	3½	Inv Fund A			1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛	
14⅜	12⅞	InvRIT	1.38e	13	7	13½	13⅜	13⅜		
20½	14⅜	Ionics Inc		38	3	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜+	⅛	
15¾	6¾	Iroquois Bd		16	7	8½	8	8		
10⅛	5¾	Irvin Indst		9	4	5¼	5⅛	5¼		
8	6	ISC Ind	.30	7	1	6¼	6¼	6¼—	⅛	
13⅞	3⅝	Itel Corp		7	28	5⅝	5½	5½—	⅛	
2¼	1	ITI Corp			5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛	
		J - K								
10⅝	7¼	Jacobs Eng		19	10	10	9⅝	10 +	⅛	
10	5½	Jeannette			9	8	8	8		
24¼	12¼	Jervis B	.30t		6	13	16⅝	16½	16⅝—	⅛
3½	2	Jetronic Ind		11	9	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛	
31⅝	7⅜	Jewelcor		10	19	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜+	⅛	
37⅜	18½	John Pd	.16	29	15	25⅝	25	25⅝+	⅛	
5⅛	3	JS Industris	.16		2	4	4	4		
9¾	6⅛	Jupiter Ind		6	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜		
4¾	4	Kaiser In .17t		6	1369	7⅛	6¾	7⅛+	⅛	
5⅛	1½	Kalvex Inc		10	5	2½	2⅜	2⅜		
6¾	3⅝	KaneMill wt			2	4⅞	4	4⅛		
24½	6⅜	Kauf Brd wt			22	17⅜	17½	17⅜+	⅛	
14⅜	8¼	Kay Corp		17	5	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞+	⅛	
10½	4⅛	Kenwin	.32		2	5	4⅞	4⅞—	⅛	
22¾	12¾	Kenzone	.48	8	16	13⅝	12⅞	13¼+	⅜	
5⅜	2⅛	Keystn	.15e	12	3	6	6	6 —	⅛	
2⅝	1⅛	Kilamb	.15e			2	2	2		
12⅜	4⅜	Killearn Pr		4	23	5¼	4⅞	5 +	⅛	
1⅝	⅜	KinArk Crp			4	1⅛	1	1⅛		
87½	15	Kirbyind	.40	5	3	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜+	⅛	
10⅞	4	Kit Mfg		11	6	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝		
10½	7⅛	Kliklok	.50	8	2	9¾	9¾	9¾+	⅛	
27⅞	17⅜	Knicker Toy		9	22	21½	22	22 +	⅜	
23	17⅜	Kolmorn	.40	13	1	17⅞	17	17⅜		
		L								
3⅞	1⅞	LaBarge				1⅝	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛	
80⅞	8½	Lafay Radio			7	17	12	11¾	11⅝—	⅛
4½	2½	Lake Shore		300	13	3	3	3	⅛	
12⅜	5½	LaMaur	.36		6	33	5⅞	5¾	5¾—	⅛
8½	4⅝	LamW	.41t		5	5	5¼	5¼	5¼—	⅛
3⅜	1¾	Landmrk Ld			47	3	2⅝	2¾	2¾+	⅛
	31½	Lanaco Inc			9	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
14⅜	10⅜	LarwR	1.24a		9	25	12½	12	12⅜—	⅛
	7⅜	LarwinR wt				23	⅜	13-16	13-16	
38	11⅜	LCACp	.11e		6	11	15¼	15	15 —	⅛
11½	1⅞	LCA Cp wt				6	3½	3½	3½—	
14	5	LeGran	.16		8	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝—	
20	9¾	LeaRoni	.24		11	18	14⅝	14¼	14⅜—	⅛
9½	2⅝	Leadr Hous			6	12	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜+	⅛
6½	1⅜	LeascCp wt				9	2⅜	2¼	2¼—	⅛
17⅝	9½	LeathCo	.44		5	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
25	12⅜	LeaEntr	.20		10	2	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜—	
7⅛	4¼	Lee Natl			20	21	5	5	5	
38½	8	LeighPr	.40		5	21	9⅝	8¾	9⅜+	⅛
13⅜	6	Leisure Tec			4	7	7½	7¼	7¼—	⅛
35½	35¼	LernerSt	.96		6	8	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝—	⅛
41⅜	23	LernerSt wt				22	25	25	25 —	⅛
14⅜	9¾	LesPay	.32p		6	20	10⅝	10½	10½—	⅛
4⅛	1	Libco Corp				12	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛+	⅛
7½	4½	LittlAnn	.28r		6	1	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
4¾	2½	LilyLynn A			6	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
4⅞	2½	Lincoln Am		31	2429	3⅝	3½	3½	⅛	
82	11½	Lloyds Elec			6	19	15½	14	15½+	1¼
2⅜	1⅜	LodgeS	.05e		93	9	2	1⅞	1⅞	
13⅜	6⅛	Lohmn	.32a		9	4	9	9	9	
19½	5⅜	LoewThe	wt				5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
4½	1¾	Logistic Ind			18	18	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
4	2⅜	LTVCorp	wt			26	3¾	3½	3⅞+	⅛
10⅜	2¼	Lubv Corp			10	5	3¾	3½	3⅞+	⅛
9	2¼	Lundy Elec			8	1	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝	
21⅜	1⅝	Lynch Corp			8	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
		M								
2⅛	⅞	Macro Chal				6	1¾	1¾	1⅝	
16⅞	15½	MePhS	1.28		9	15	16⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
1¾	½	Malfry Ran				3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
8	2⅜	MamMrt	.22			60	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
11	6	MansAT	.50		8	5	6⅝	6½	6⅝+	
30¾	7⅝	Marinduqe			15	40	20⅛	20	20	
10¾	4¾	Mark Contrl				3	6⅛	6	6⅛+	⅛
9½	4½	Marshal Ind				13	9	7⅝	7¾	⅛
13½	6⅜	Masland	.40			7	9	6⅝	6⅝	
32¼	7	Masnelin	.30			6	7	6¼	6¼	
15⅜	9⅜	Mauliel	.40a			7	6	14⅜	14⅜	
14½	5½	McCull Oil			13468		6⅛	5	5⅛—	⅛
19⅞	13½	McDonh	.40		6	2	13⅞	13¾	13¾+	⅛
8⅛	2½	McKeon Cn			6	1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜—	⅛
5	1½	MDC Corp				10	2⅝	2¼	2⅜—	⅛
25⅛	10⅜	MeansFW	1		7	7	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛
16½	8½	Medalst	.32		7	11	14	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛
5½	2	Medalh Lels			9	1	2½	2½	2½	
10⅜	3¾	Medco Indy			5	11	5½	5	5⅛+	⅛
13	4⅝	Medecor	.08		8	19	6⅜	6	6⅜+	⅛
42½	31¾	MedMaGn	.54		15	4	38¾	36½	36¾+	⅛
12⅝	8¾	Mercant Ind			7	2	8½	8½	8½	
5⅛	2¾	Meridian In			20	2	3	3	3	
14⅜	7¾	MarieN	.20a		7	4	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	
9⅞	3½	Metrocare			5	2	4½	4⅜	4⅜	
11½	2⅝	Metro Grtg			5	2	3¼	3¼	3¼	
5¼	2	Mich Genl			4	11	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
39¾	25¾	MidasS	pf.84				31	31	31	
17⅝	10	MidIdC	.30p		4	4	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞—	⅛
7⅞	6	Midld Glass			5	12	6⅛	6¼	6¼	
15	9	MidRub	.22e		9	9	14	13¾	13⅞	
19	8¼	MidFunl	.36b		8	4	9⅝	9½	9⅝+	⅛
25⅞	13⅜	Milgo Elecl			10	83	19⅛	18½	18⅝—	⅛
19¼	11	MoHaef Pfc			4	37	12⅜	12½	12⅜+	⅛
4⅜	2¼	MoKanTx	cf			5	3¾	3¾	3¾	
41½	16½	Mitchell En			16	9	21¼	21	21 —	⅛
5⅝	2⅜	Mite Corp			12	20	5¼	5⅛	5¼+	⅛
3⅜	5⅜	Modern Md			6	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
9½	4¾	Mhybden	wt			3	6¼	6¼	6¼+	⅛
62	56	Mon pfC4.50				z10	57½	57½	57½+	½
12	6¼	Moog Inc	.72		7	2	9	9	9 +	⅛
6½	3½	MortonS	.32		12	7	5	5½	5½—	⅛
23¼	14	Mouldings				18	23¼	22¾	23¼—	⅛
18	10⅜	Intersystm			12	7	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛
4½	2½	Inverness Fls			5	5	3½	3½	3½	
36⅝	21⅜	InDiv A	1.80		6	9	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜—	⅛
9⅛	5⅞	InvDivB	.45		6	22	6¼	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
8½	3½	Inv Fund A				1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛+	⅛
14⅜	12⅞	InvRIT	1.38e		13	7	13½	13⅜	13⅜	
20½	14⅜	Ionics Inc			38	3	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜+	⅛
15¾	6¾	Iroquois Bd			16	7	8½	8	8	
10⅛	5¾	Irvin Indst			9	4	5¼	5⅛	5¼	
8	6	ISC Ind	.30		7	1	6¼	6¼	6¼—	⅛
13⅞	3⅝	Itel Corp			7	28	5⅝	5½	5½—	⅛
2¼	1	ITI Corp				5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
		N								
8	3	Napco Ind			7	11	3¼	3⅛	3¼+	⅛
7⅞	3½	Narda Micr			7	4	6	5⅞	6 +	⅛
5⅜	2⅞	Nat Alfalfa			17	9	3½	3¼	3⅜+	⅛
2⅞	1	NatBellas H				2	1	1	1 —	⅛
14⅞	6⅜	N Distr	.10r		8	4	8¾	8¼	8¾	
21⅞	12½	NatGen	wt			61	14⅛	13⅝	14⅛+	1¼
7⅛	3¾	NatGswt	n			18	4⅜	4	4¼+	⅛

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—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Chg	
43⅜	27½	NatHlth	Ent	11	7	27⅞	27½	27½+	⅛	
1⅝	½	Nating	wt		30	11-16	11-16	11-16—	1-16	
16¾	4¼	NKinney	Cp	5	16	5¼	5	5⅛+	⅛	
22½	7⅜	NMedEn	.10	7	20	10⅜	10½	10½—	⅛	
24¾	9	Nat Paragn		10	4	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜+	⅛	
8⅛	4⅜	NatSilv	.20e	4	3	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛	
11	6⅜	NatSpin	.05a	6	2	7	7	7		
4	1¾	Nat System		15	2	1⅝	1¾	1¾		
10½	4¼	NelsonL	.50t	6	2	5	5	5 +	⅛	
5⅛	2⅜	Neonex	.05	6	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛		
11⅜	7½	Neisner	.10p	8	4	7¾	7½	7½—	⅛	
49	25¾	NEng	Nucir	20	95	47¼	47⅛	47⅛+	⅛	
21⅜	1⅜	Nestle	LeM	18	5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝+	⅛	
6¾	4⅜	NHamp	.05p	11	1	5¾	5¾	5¾		
11⅞	⅞	Newldrig	M	16	100	1⅛	15-16	1		
24¼	13⅜	NMexA	.84t	41	1	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝—		
4	1¾	Newpark	Rs	13	7	2⅛	2	2⅛+	⅛	
18½	7¼	NProc	.35o	18	71	13½	12⅜	13⅛+	⅛	
15½	10½	NYTimes	.60	8	2	13	12⅝	13		
8⅜	5	NiagFS	.20a	5	1	6¼	6¼	6¼		
6⅝	3½	Nichols	SE	5	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝		
23½	18⅝	NJBPI	2.25e	8	2	20	20	20		
12¼	4⅜	Noel	Indust	4	8	6⅛	6	6		
6⅜	2⅜	Norisk	Inc		2	3¼	3¼	3¼—	⅛	
15⅛	7⅜	NorAm	Ryn	30	52	12	11½	12 +	⅛	
8¾	5¼	NorCdn	Oils	21	32	7⅝	25-16	7⅝	5-16	
29⅜	16⅞	NNGMob	wt		42	17⅝	17½	17¾		
7¼	4½	Novo	Corp	6	3	6	5⅞	6 +	⅛	
9⅝		Nuclear	Dat		4	5½	5¼	5¼		
36⅝	13½	NumacO	Gs	33	7	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜+	⅛	
		NumacO	fn		86	17½	17½	17½		
		O								
7¼	4½	OEA	Inc		6	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
42⅝	17	Offshore	Co		11	4	23½	23⅜	23½+	⅛
25½	15⅜	OKCCp	.80a		6	23	18⅝	18	18¼+	⅛
7½	3½	Olla	Ind		5	7	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
42⅜	16⅜	OnanCo	.30a		8	12	21	20½	21	
77	55½	OOkep	4.91a		12	z150	75¾	74⅝	75¼+	⅛
28⅜	7¾	OpenRd	Ind		5	26	12⅜	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
14⅜	8½	OrioHo	.10h		7	7	13	12⅝	13 +	⅛
21	9	Outdr Sprt	1		9	5	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛—	¼
20⅛	12⅜	OverhDr	.32		9	23	13⅝	13½	13½+	⅛
47	29½	Over Sh	.10e		13	28	36	35½	36	
23⅛	11	Oxford	Elec			6	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
11⅞	5¼	OxfdFst	.30r		13	10	6⅞	6¾	6¾+	⅛
6⅜	4	Ozark	Airlin		13	16	4⅝	4¼	4½—	⅛
		P-Q								
21⅛	⅜	P&F	Indust			7	1⅜	1	1	
22⅝	19⅞	PGESpf	1.50			7	20¼	20½	20½+	⅛
17⅞	16⅛	PGESpf	1.25			1	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞—	⅛
17⅜	16½	PGRd	pf1.25			7	16⅛	15⅝	16⅛—	⅛
17⅞	16⅛	PG	ptA 1.25			3	16⅝	16½	16⅝—	⅛
16	13⅜	PG	4.5pf1.12			3	14½	14¼	14½—	⅛
15⅝	13⅜	PG	4.3pfD.09			1	13½	13½	13½—	⅛
28⅝	23⅜	PG	4.1pfC.84			1	26¼	26¼	26¼+	⅛
30⅝	27¾	PGE	4.56pf2.25			1	27¾	27¾	27¾	
27¾	25½	PGE	8pt 2			1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝—	⅛
8⅞	6⅝	P Holdg	.34		9	40	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
16¼	14⅜	PNwTel	1.84		10	3	14½	14⅜	14½+	⅛
19	8¾	PacSv L	.28		4	1	8⅞	8½	8½—	⅛
19⅝	9½	Pall	Corp		17	10	15⅝	15¼	15½—	⅛
9	3⅛	PalomF	.10e		4	4	4	4		
18⅛	6⅝	Pancan	Oil		6	4	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞+	⅛
3¼	1⅝	PalmrMi	wt			2	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜+	⅛
3½	2	Panhaste			34	10	2⅝	2½	2½	
7¼	5⅛	Park Ch	.30		7	1	6	6	6 +	⅛
8	5	Park El	.26t		8	1	5½	5½	5½	
13	4	Parkwy	Dis		8	24	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜+	⅛
6⅛	2⅛	Pat Fash	.24		5	3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
21⅛	11¼	Patagoni	Cp		10	5	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	
12⅜	6⅛	PatoCp	.25e		8	27	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
15½	11⅜	PeasseE	.24e			2	15	15	15	
2	1	PeaseEll	wt			1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
11⅞	10⅛	Peel Elder			1	1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	
4⅝	2⅜	Pemcor	Inc		10	2	3½	3½	3½	
2⅛	1⅜	Penn Dix	wt			39	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
1⅜	⅜	Penforn	Ind		17	7	⅞	11-16	11-16—	3-16
25⅜	16	PEPI	Inc		11	15	24	23¾	23¾+	⅜
6¼	4½	Perini	.20e		4	54	5⅜	4⅞	5⅛+	⅛
9⅞	5	Perlmaner			19	10	6⅝	6¼	6¼—	⅛
5⅞	3⅜	Phil LD	.52r		6	74	6⅛	6	6	
4¾	2⅛	Phoenix	SI			8	2½	2⅜	2⅜—	⅛
8⅞	4⅜	Pic n Pay	St		12	1	6½	6½	6½—	
9¼	4⅛	Piedlnd	.24		4	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
9⅞	7	Pioner	Plas		11	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
5½	2⅛	Pioneer	Sys		8	5	3	2⅞	3	
7⅝	4½	Pioneer	Tex		6	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
61⅜	26	PllDMo	1.20		15	21	50¼	49½	50⅛—	⅜
7¼	6¼	PllWVT	.57e		9	7	8½	8⅝	8⅝	
21⅛	7½	PizzaCp	Am		13	10	10	9⅞	10 +	⅛
34⅛	25	Placer	Dev		22	1	32	32	32 —	½
10⅜	3⅝	Plant	Ind		18	2	6½	6¼	6¼	
36¼	17¾	Plantrnics			13	2	25⅞	25	25	
3½	1	Plaza	Group		7	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
3⅛	2¼	Plym	Rub B			2	2½	2½	2½+	⅛
26½	19⅝	PNBM	2.13e		9	10	19⅝	19½	19½—	⅜
6¼	1⅜	PNB	MR wt			14	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞+	⅛
11½	9½	Pneu Sc	.60		7	1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜—	⅛
5⅝	2¾	Pneumo	Dy			8	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	
5½	2¼	Polaron	Pd			26	3¼	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
15	8⅜	Polychr	.45t		8	1	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜+	⅛
8⅝	3⅜	Potter	Inst			6	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
13⅜	6⅛	Prairie	Oil		29	6	8⅝	8½	8½+	⅛
16⅝										

PEANUTS



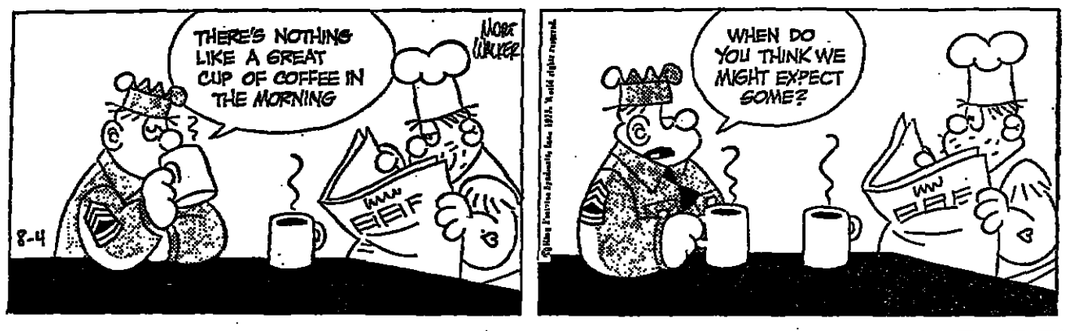
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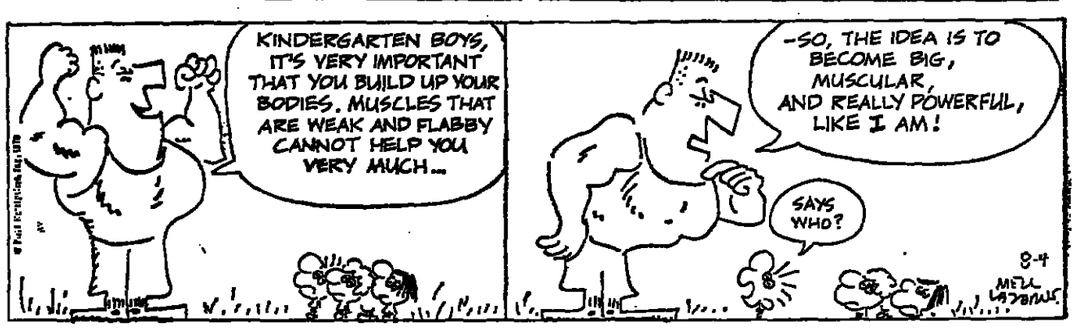
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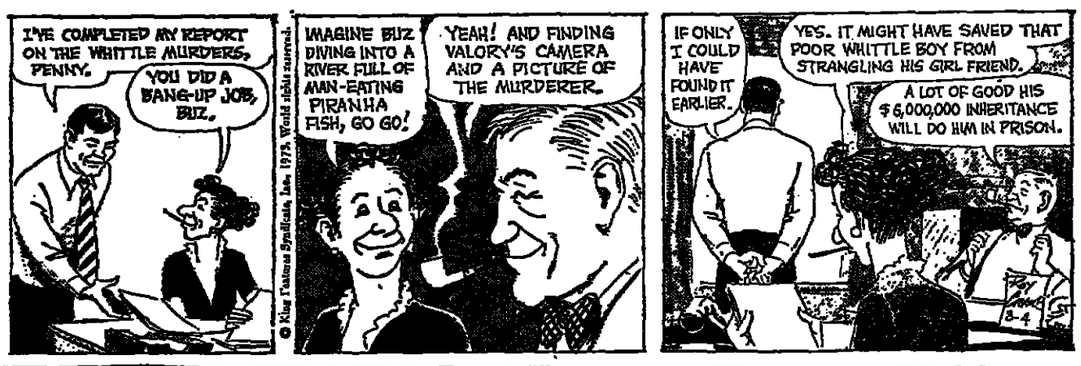
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MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



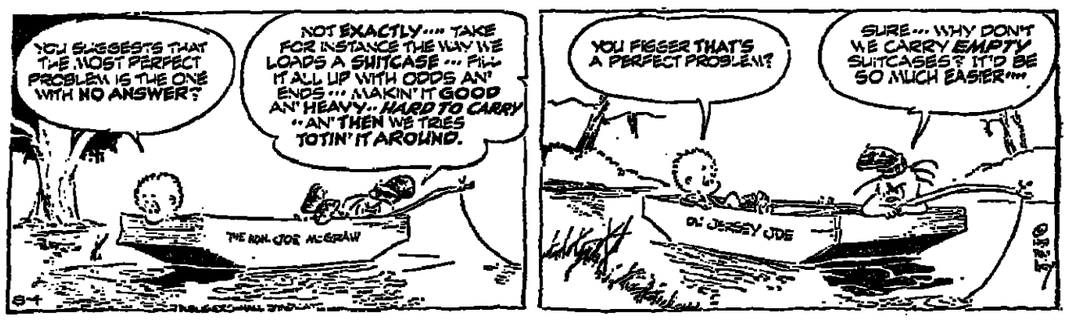
WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

by HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

GOLIO

BYRIN

YIVERF

TICCAR



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: METAL DANDY DREDGE MAINEY

Answer: *Might be made neat as it came out* — EMANATED

BOOKS

VISCERAL LEARNING

Toward a Science of Self-Control

By Gerald Jonas. Viking. 154 pp. $6.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

AT one point in his controversial polemic, "Beyond Freedom and Dignity," B.F. Skinner threw dust in our eyes. While addressing himself to various critiques of behaviorism, Skinner dismissed Arthur Koestler's merely by observing that Koestler's paraphrase of behaviorist "learning theory" as a system of stimulus-response links "is approximately seventy years out of date." But having asserted this, Skinner failed to elaborate. And the reader was left to wonder precisely what behaviorism had been up to in the intervening years. Now, thanks to a useful and entertaining report, "Visceral Learning: Toward a Science of Self-Control," by a New Yorker staff writer, Gerald Jonas, our eyes are partly opened. And while what we see may not be congenial to Skinner, it ought to provide some "positive reinforcement"—to borrow Skinner's phrase for enjoyment—for the rest of us. For what "Visceral Learning" reinforces is the comforting notion that there may be more to human consciousness than Skinner himself has ever allowed.

The main concern of Jonas's report is to explore an extraordinary recent development in experimental psychology. Though it has long been suspected, especially in the accomplishments of certain Eastern holy men, it has now actually been demonstrated that human beings can control not only their minds and skeletal muscles but their so-called involuntary processes as well. In other words, it is not only possible for people to "will" themselves to run and jump: they can also, with the proper training, consciously speed up their heartbeats and push their blood pressure higher. And they can do so entirely independently of any so-called voluntary muscular movements.

The significance of this development cannot be exaggerated. Practically, it means, for example, that victims of high blood pressure and irregular heartbeats may learn to compensate for their difficulties. More important, it implies certain dramatic theoretical conclusions: First, that the traditional dualism between "body" and "mind"—or more specifically the division between the somatic nervous system and the autonomic one—may be obsolete; and second, that behavioral psychology may have at last escaped the straitjacket imposed on it by the Skinnerian view that human consciousness is irrelevant to behavior (for if we can willfully intervene in what was once thought to lie beyond will, then logically human will is not merely an illusion created by an external stimulus).

And most important of all are the *implications for Western* science. For as Jonas puts it, "The whole thrust of the scientific enterprise in the West has been to achieve mastery over the external conditions of life." And visceral learning suggests the possibility of validating internal states of mind and of drawing new lines between "what is fact and what is not."

These discoveries and their significance Jonas manages to convey with unusual clarity and economy in a book that is long on ideas and short on words. Lest I leave the impression that "Visceral Learning" contains nothing but abstract ideas, let me quickly add that it offers much more. It also includes a charming thumbnail biography of Dr. Neal E. Miller of the Rockefeller University in New York, a scientist who has pioneered in visceral learning (Jonas organizes part of his book around Dr. Miller's successful effort to teach himself to wiggle one of his ears) and a man regarded by his profession as "the best-known experimental psychologist in the country." But Skinner's popular reputation notwithstanding.

In addition, there is a virtual Ripley's museum *full of* surprising details concerning experimental work done on rats and humans (the story of the uses of the poison curare would make an interesting pamphlet all by itself). There is much eye-opening information on precisely what Eastern holy men do with their bodies when they enter various states of meditation. And there is a capsule history of behavior psychology that sheds interesting light on the background of B.F. Skinner's ideas. If I'm making this book sound like a cornucopia of scientific curiosa, then I do not apologize at all: it is impressive the way Mr. Jonas has employed the familiar New Yorker reportorial style to wander all over the landscape of fact and theory and yet stick to a single theme.

That theme? Jonas claims to be neither a scientist nor a mystic; and indeed he sustains the tone of the curious, intelligent amateur throughout. But a few things concern him passionately, and he declares himself openly on these matters from the start. Western civilization cannot continue on its present course, Jonas believes, citing Lewis Mumford, Barry Commoner and other doomsday prognostications. Eastern religion seems to be offering something that Western society could use. But it seems inconceivable that "yoga and Zen, their traditional forms... will ever have a significant impact on Western civilization." So the practical prospect would seem to lie in some form of cultural cross-fertilization that would benefit both East and West. In short, "The thesis of this book is that our best hope of making ourselves over in the short time available is not to renounce science and its works but to concentrate on becoming better scientists."

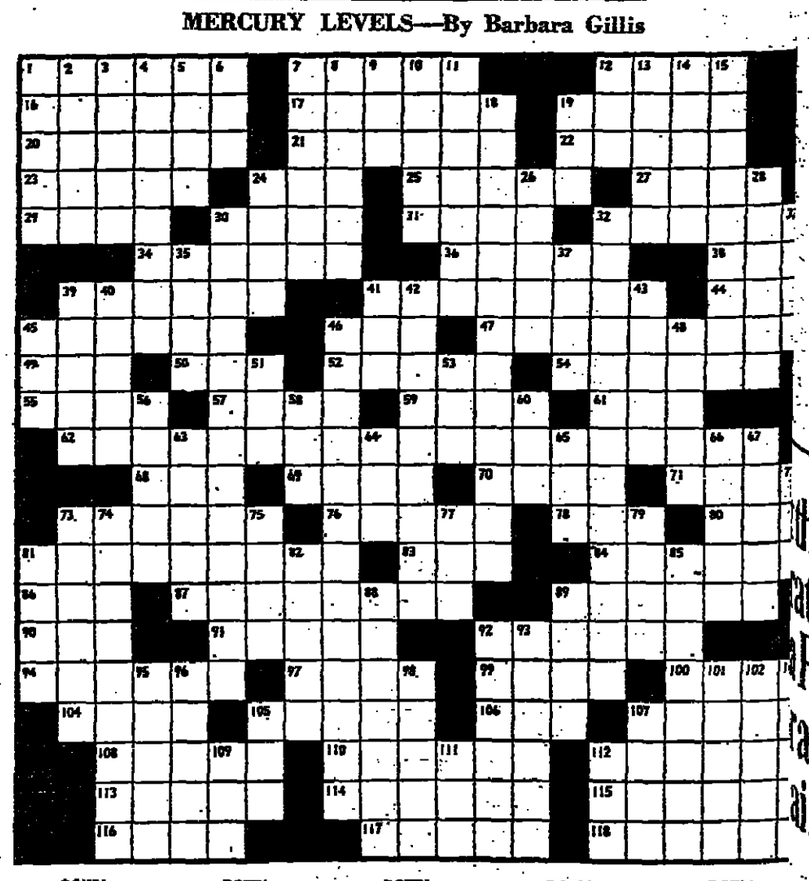
It seems a fair-enough proposal, and Jonas has illustrated it with skill.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is a New York Times book reviewer.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

MERCURY LEVELS—By Barbara Gillis



ACROSS

1 Nut
7 Participant
12 Doctrines
16 Summerhouse
18 Party of a sort
19 Promoters
20 Plundered
21 As hot as hell, e.g.
22 Pacific pact
23 Recognized
24 Scrooge's, for short
25 Stall sound
27 Stock-table listings
29 Bristle
30 Greet
31 Pledge
32 Long hits
34 Dishevel
36 Like some TV pictures
38 "— is the hour . . ."
39 City on the Missouri
41 Religious belief
44 *Genetic abbr.*
45 José or Mel
46 U. S. agency
47 Arab peasants
49 *Gershwin*
50 Taste
52 Part of *slet*
54 Inattentive ones
55 *British resort*
57 Choice food
60 Poet Moore, for short
61 Free of taboo, in Hawaii
62 Beware
66 English river
69 Attract
70 Campus org.
71 Uppity one
73 Lurch
76 Adult insect
78 Marmara, e.g.
80 Kick
81 Like rumblesome hair
83 Sourdough's 12 months
84 Enzyme
86 Direction: Abbr.
87 Cruelty
89 Refer to
90 Company abbr.
91 Hindu orders
92 Meal
94 Porter
97 Luke's hand
99 Unique thing
100 Kiln
104 London area
105 Part of *Greenland*
106 Height: Prefix
107 Anoint
108 Pithy
110 Elm fruit
112 Honeymooners
113 Moth, often
114 Studies
115 *Understand*
116 Young oyster
117 Undermine
118 Containers

DOWN

1 Horseshoe parts
2 Incomparable
3 Dart
4 Trouble
5 Equal
6 Unite
7 Attack
8 Gum
9 Thumb or Swift
10 Due
11 Statement for the press
12 Fish of Europe
13 Unimportant
14 Dills
15 Overwhelm
18 Period in French history
19 Residue
24 Ming item
26 Rock cavity
28 Rolling and gall
30 Light
32 Shelter
33 Kind of song
35 Minerals
37 Roses or oats
39 State in Malaya
40 Incensed
41 Cord
42 Ship passages
43 River in Miss.
45 Mendacity
46 Banks' go-between
48 Lots
51 Handle rudely
53 —— de France
56 Learned
58 Spread to dry
60 Asian *native*
63 Commoners
64 Beret
65 Earth metals: Abbr.
66 Inward
67 Bond
72 Gathering
73 River of Chile
74 Yarns
77 *Type of star*
77 Actress Rita
79 Suffers
81 Dam
82 Swiss purchase
85 Postpone
88 Quarantine
89 Imitative one
92 Reacted to a joke
93 Place inside
95 Shoddy
96 Artery
98 Tree animal
101 Mosquito genus
102 Succeed
103 Horseback, etc.
105 Three: Prefix
107 Kind of duke
109 Between ready and go
111 Bustle
113 Part of A.B.: Abbr.

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

A	S	S	A	M		A	L	I	D	A	I	S		S	O	U		L	A	M	M	A	S			
T	I	A	I	R	O		S	E	N	I	L	E		T	E	N		A	S	S	O	R	T			
C	L	I	F	F	S	I	D	E		D	O	V	E		R	O	W	I	T	H	F	U	R	Y		
A	L	I		F	O	O		E	I	T	A	N		I	M		I	D	I	E		N	I	T		
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A	T	H	O	S		M	A	G	I	C		C	O	R	K		N	I	G	H	T		B	E	E	
T	I	R	E	N	I	T		I	L	L	S		O	N	C	E		R	O	S	S	O				
T	I	S		A	I	L	I	T		A	I	N	E	W		P	A	T		A	Y	E	S			
A	C	I	U	S		T	I	C	K		C	O	R	S	M	I	T	H		O	S	L	O			
R	E	I	N	T		R	I	I	T		A	T	R	Y		A	I	S	I	F		O	S	U		
	S	I	A	T	L	I	N		S	K	I	S		A	R	C	I	A		S	I	T	I	R	I	P
A	I	N	E		E	I	E		F	H	I	A	N		T	O	R	G	I	N		L	A	I	E	S
B	O	T	A	N	Y		B	O	S	K	A	G	E					S	O	L	A					
C	H	I	O	P	S		L	I	A	M		R	O	A	S	I	T		T	W	E	I	R	P		
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B	I	R	D	O	F	H	A	P	P	I	N	E	S	S	O	R	P	E	R	I	O	D				
A	N	O	D	O	F		G	A	I	P		A	N	T	I	O	N	Y		D	O	O	N	E		
S	E	N	T	R	Y		E	G	O		S	T	E	N	S				S	I	N	A	'	S		

Boston Wins, 10-0

Cepeda, Fisk Homer to Beat Yankees

BOSTON, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Orlando Cepeda and Carlton Fisk both homered in the first inning last night to lead the Boston Red Sox to a 10-0 victory over the New York Yankees.

Rogelio Moret, 4-0, scattered four hits, striking out eight and walking two.

With two out in the first inning, Reggie Smith got an infield hit, Carl Yastrzemski walked and Cepeda hit his 16th homer of the season, and 384th of his career, to tie him for 18th place on the all-time list with Rocky Colavito.

Rico Petrocelli followed with a walk and Steve Kline, making his first start since June 24th, was lifted in favor of George Medich. Fisk greeted him with his 20th homer to left-center.

The loss foiled New York's bid to retake first place in the Eastern Division, since Baltimore lost. The victory moved the Red Sox to within 1 1/2 games of the Orioles.

Angels 3, Rangers 2

At Anaheim, Calif., Nolan Ryan won for the first time since he pitched his second no-hitter July 15 as California defeated Texas, 3-2.

Ryan, the major-league strikeout leader, boosted his total to 250 by fanning 11 while walking four and allowing eight hits. He has struck out 10 or more in a game 14 times this year. It was his 12th victory against 13 losses.

Royals 3, White Sox 1

At Chicago, Amos Otis drove in one run and scored another on Bill Melton's error in the first inning to help Kansas City beat the White Sox, 3-1.

Dick Drago and Gene Garber scattered nine White Sox hits as Drago got his 12th victory and Garber his 10th save. Drago left the game after five innings when his right elbow tightened up.

Twins 6, A's 3

At Oakland, Calif., Larry Hisle stroked three hits, including an RBI single in a four-run seventh inning, as Minnesota toppled Oakland, 6-3, from the Al-West lead.

The A's, who took over the division lead June 28, dropped one game in back of Kansas City. The Twins batted around off four Oakland pitchers in their big seventh, which started with Steve Brye's single. One out later, Oakland starter Paul Lindblad, 6-3, was lifted for Horacio Pina, who walked pinch-hitter Steve Braun.

Indians 6, Orioles 0

At Cleveland, Gaylord Perry tossed a five-hitter, pitching his 19th complete game of the season, and Chris Chambliss drove in two runs to lead the Indians to a 6-0 victory over Baltimore.

Perry, who picked up his 10th victory against 15 losses in posting his third shutout of the year, struck out six to run his career total to 2,000 and tied 24th spot on the all-time strike out list. Boog Powell became Perry's 2,000th victim in the ninth inning.

Brewers 6, Tigers 3

At Milwaukee, Darrel Porter and Bob Coluccio hit home runs to back Jerry Bell's 11-hit pitching and lead the Milwaukee Brewers to a 6-3 victory over the Detroit Tigers.

Phillies 4, Cubs 1

At Philadelphia, Greg Lusinski and Del Unser hit three singles apiece to lead the Phillies to a 4-1 victory over Chicago.

Dick Ruthven picked up the victory, his fifth against nine defeats, and Bill Bonham took the loss.

Expos 2, Cardinals 0

In the National League, at Montreal, Bakor Moore returned from the International League and shut out St. Louis on four hits as the Expos blanked the Cardinals, 2-0.

Moore, now 5-10, made his first appearance for the Expos since July 14, when he started and lost. He was optioned to the Peninsula Whips on July 16 and was recalled Wednesday.

Mets 5, Pirates 1

At New York, Cleon Jones' double, his 1,000 major-league hit, climaxed a three-run third inning and the Mets went on to defeat Pittsburgh, 5-1, behind the eight-hit pitching of Ray Sadecki and Tug McGraw.

Don Hahn started the Mets' rally off losing pitcher Jim Rooker, 4-4, with a one-out single to center and advanced to third on Felix Millan's single. Willie Mays beat out a hit down the third-base line and both runners scored. And Mays advanced to second when Rooker threw the ball into right field. Jones then followed with his double past first-baseman Bob Robertson to score Mays and become the first player to get 1,000 hits as a Met.

At Atlanta, Cincinnati sent 13 batters to the plate in a nine-run fourth inning and got four-hit pitching from Don Gullett while beating the Braves, 17-2.

The Reds had two doubles in that fourth-inning uprising, but they were the last two hits in a seven-hit, three-walk, one-error inning that boosted Cincinnati into a 13-0 lead.

Dodgers 4, Astros 2

At Houston, pinch-hitter Ken McMullen slammed a two-run double in the 11th inning to give Los Angeles a 4-2 victory over the Astros.

Ron Cey led off the 11th with a single and Von Joshua ran for him. Joshua advanced on Tom Paciorek's sacrifice. Reliever Juan Pizarro then intentionally walked Bill Russel, but McMullen batted for winning pitcher Don Sutton and lined his double to score Joshua and Russell.

Yankee Tryout Is Has-Been

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (AP).—Andy Lawson will never pitch for the New York Yankees. The young right-hander tried his best at the American League club's tryout Wednesday, but was labeled by coaches as a nonprospect.

Lawson had a "wide assortment of pitches," as he said later, but simply did not display a major league arm.

But Andy Lawson was not upset. He was Jim Bouton in disguise.

"I wanted to see what it would be like to start over again as a young phenom," said Bouton, who once won 21 games for the Yankees.

So, as Andy Lawson, he sneaked into the Yankees' tryout camp at Yankee Stadium. A dark wig covered his fair hair and a mustache was pasted on his familiar face.

"I really had no hopes of getting back into professional baseball," he said. Since his retirement in 1970, he has been a sportscaster with WABC-TV in New York.

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
St. Louis	58	49	.542	—
Chicago	55	53	.509	3 1/2
Pittsburgh	51	54	.486	6
Montreal	51	55	.481	6 1/2
Philadelphia	51	57	.472	7 1/2
New York	47	57	.452	9 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Los Angeles	67	41	.620	—
Cincinnati	64	45	.587	3 1/2
San Francisco	60	47	.561	6 1/2
Houston	56	54	.509	11
Atlanta	49	63	.438	20
San Diego	36	70	.340	30

Thursday's Results

Montreal 7, St. Louis 0.
New York 5, Pittsburgh 1.
Philadelphia 4, Chicago 1.
Cincinnati 17, Atlanta 2.
Los Angeles 4, Houston 2.

Friday's Games

Chicago at Montreal, night.
St. Louis at New York, night.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia, night.
San Diego at Atlanta, night.
Los Angeles at San Francisco, night.
Houston at Cincinnati, 2, twinight.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	56	46	.549	—
New York	56	50	.545	—
Detroit	57	48	.538	1
Boston	56	49	.533	1 1/2
Milwaukee	51	54	.486	6 1/2
Cleveland	39	69	.361	20

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Kansas City	62	48	.564	—
Oakland	60	48	.556	1
Minnesota	54	51	.514	5 1/2
Chicago	52	55	.486	8 1/2
California	51	54	.486	8 1/2
Texas	40	65	.381	19 1/2

Thursday's Results

Milwaukee 6, Detroit 3.
Cleveland 6, Baltimore 0.
Boston 10, New York 0.
Minnesota 6, Oakland 3.
California 5, Texas 2.
Kansas City 3, Chicago 1.

Friday's Games

Oakland at California, night.
Kansas City at Minnesota, night.
Texas at Chicago, night.
New York at Detroit, night.
Milwaukee at Cleveland, night.
Boston at Baltimore, 2, twinight.

Thursday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit 100 020 000—3 11 1
Milwaukee 001 004 10x—6 9 1
Strahler, Hiller (8), Farmer (7) and Sims; Ball (2-9) and Porter. L—Strahler (4-4). HR—Colavito (24th), Porter (12th).

Baltimore 000 000 000—0 5 3
Cleveland 214 000 00x—6 12 1
Hood, West (5) and E. Williams; Perry (10-14) and Ellis. L—Hood (2-2).

New York 000 000 000—0 4 3
Boston 500 021 01x—10 13 0
Kline, Medich (1) and Munson; Moret (4-0) and Fisk. L—Kline (4-7). HR—Cepeda (16th), Fisk (20th).

Texas 001 000 100—2 5 1
California 002 001 00x—3 5 1
Siebert, Durham (8) and Billings; Ryan (12-13) and Stephenson. L—Siebert (6-9).

Kansas City 200 000 001—3 8 0
Chicago 001 000 000—1 9 2
Drago, Garber (6) and Healy; Bahnsen (14-11) and Herrmann. W—Drago (12-10). L—Bahnsen (14-11).

Minnesota 001 021 400—6 10 0
Oakland 010 000 200—3 6 2
Decker, Hands (7), Hands (7) and Roof; Lindblad, Pina (7), Hamilton (7), Odom (8) and Pozas. W—Decker (6-5). L—Lindblad (6-3). HR—Darwin (14th).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis 000 000 000—0 4 2
Montreal 101 000 00x—2 5 0
Murphy (2-4) and Simmons; Moore (5-10) and Boccabella.

Chicago 000 001 000—1 5 1
Philadelphia 102 000 01x—4 11 0
Bonham, Aker (6) and Rudolph. Hundley (6); Ruthven (5-8) and Boone. L—Bonham (4-2).

Pittsburgh 000 000 001—1 3 3
New York 002 000 02x—3 6 0
Rooker, Lamb (8) and Sanguillen; Sadecki, McGraw (9) and Grote. W—Sadecki (3-1). L—Rooker (4-4).

Cincinnati 004 221 004—17 17 2
Atlanta 000 000 011—2 4 3
Gullett (12-8) and Bench; Plummer (5); Harrison, Panther (4), Priselle (4), House (6), Devine (8) and Casanova, Velasquez (6). L—Harrison (6-6). HR—Bench (21st), Dietz (2d), Kosco (3d).

Los Angeles 010 000 010 02—4 11 1
Houston 000 000 002 00—2 5 0
Sutton, Brewer (11) and Ferguson; Reuss, Ray (8), Pizarro (11), Upshaw (11) and Edwards. W—Sutton (13-7). L—Pizarro (2-3). HR—Davis (14th), Rader (18th), May (17th).

Stewart Drives Fastest Run In Practice for German Race

ADENAU, West Germany, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Scotsman Jackie Stewart set an unofficial Nürburgring lap record today in practice for Sunday's German Grand Prix, speeding his Tyrrell Ford around the 22.8-kilometer track in 7:07.8 minutes.

Stewart's best practice time, for an average speed of 192.2 kph, was almost six seconds below the official lap record of 7:13.6 minutes held by Belgium's Jacky Ickx, and made the flying Scot a favorite to win the Formula One race.

Ronnie Peterson of Sweden clocked second fastest in a Lotus Ford, followed by François Cevert of France in the second Tyrrell Ford.

Ickx, who left Ferrari earlier this week, lived up to his reputation as one of the masters of this difficult mountain course by taking the fourth fastest time in a McLaren Ford.

But the Belgian met his familiar bad luck on the fifth practice lap when a blown engine sidetracked him. He was testing the new car for the first time.

In previous seasons, including this year, the 29-year-old Ickx repeatedly has been forced out of competition because of mechanical failures, although he won last year's race here in a Ferrari.

"I left the Italian company without bad feelings," Ickx said. "Ferrari is still a piece of my heart, and if they come back with a competitive car, I may rejoin them.

"But now I am free, and whoever offers me a car for a race will find me a taker," he said.

McLaren racing manager Teddy Mayer said that he hired Ickx only for the German Grand Prix because of his great experience on the demanding course. "But only here, because we have other commitments for the races to come," Mayer said.

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United Press International.

NET RESPONSE—Bobby Riggs is unusually quiet as Billie Jean King responds to his comments over closed-circuit TV concerning their $100,000 match in Houston Sept. 20.

The Tennis Con Man Doesn't Shake Billie Jean

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (UPI).—Billie Jean King, looking quite pretty on closed-circuit color TV from Denver, said:

"Bobby Riggs is a great con man. He's good for tennis, but I hope to put him down; I hope they have to scrape him off the court."

Billie was referring to her match with male chauvinist Riggs, which is set for Sept. 20 in Houston's Astrodome, where she will seek to eradicate the harm done to women's lib by Riggs's victory in May over Margaret Court.

Riggs, 55, professing that he was appalled when he learned that his match with the 29-year-old Mrs. King would be the best three of five sets, nevertheless told Billie that he would have her "bewitched, bothered and bewildered" in short order.

Her Tactics

"She's going to serve," he said, "and try to come to the net, but the ball will go down the line, or over her head, or to her feet. So she'll retreat to the backcourt and she'll get flustered.

"I won't give her roses before the match, the way I did on Mother's Day for Margaret," he continued. "Maybe a box of candy."

Billie shrugged off the opening needle, then said that while she wasn't going to discuss tactics this early, she believed that her own all-court game would be more than enough to handle Riggs.

Prepare for Lobs

"I think I have an advantage over someone like Chris Evert," the Wimbledon queen said. "Chris is murder from the baseline, but to beat Bobby you have to be able to play the entire court."

Riggs remained unimpressed, and even this early in his conjob attempt told Billie to do nothing but prepare for his lobs, "so high you won't believe them," he said. "I'm glad I finally got her to come out of hiding. She would not budge for a mere $10,000, but $100,000 is something else. And you know anyone can play for ten grand. But 100 grand, that's different. That's when the pressure comes in, like putting five feet for the Masters championship."

Mrs. King remained unruffled. "I'm used to pressure," she said.

Contrast with Mrs. Court

It is Billie's ability to banter back and forth with Riggs that is in such marked contrast to the quiet, almost regal approach Margaret Court brought to her disaster in California last May.

"You've got the biggest mouth in women's tennis, and I've got the biggest mouth in men's tennis, and now we've got Howard Cosell, too," Riggs observed.

Through it all, Jerry Perenchio, who sold the national TV rights to ABC for about $750,000, smiled and contemplated what he could get for the international rights.

ABC, for its part, was happy, too. They outbid NBC, which dropped out when the figure reached $400,000 and chose to ignore CBS's claim that the match was rightfully theirs since they had telecast the Riggs-Court affair.

At 40, NFL's Unitas Feels His Age in San Diego

By William N. Wallace

IRVINE, Calif., Aug. 3 (NYT).—In his 19th summer training camp, John Unitas is feeling his age, 40. He has water on the knee and an aching back. It is unlikely that the New York Giants will see much of Unitas, pro football's legendary quarterback, when they play his new team, the Chargers, at San Diego tomorrow night.

Unitas hurt himself doing agility drills when camp opened two weeks ago, drills that he never had to do in Baltimore. "I wanted to do them," Unitas said as he lay on his bunk in a dormitory apartment at the University of California here. "I didn't want any special favors," he said. "I didn't want to be set apart from the rest of the team."

After a couple of days, his right knee began to swell. "It's the knee I had an operation on way back in 1964," he said. "There's an arthritic condition which gets a little worse each year. But I never had this kind of trouble with it before.

"In Baltimore, all I did was run straight ahead in the conditioning drills. Out here, I began to favor my knee and my sacroiliac began to bother me."

Unitas smiled as if the whole matter of growing old was a big joke. But his condition is no joke to Harland Svare, the Chargers' coach who wants Unitas to be the team's quarterback this year.

"I'd like him to play Saturday night," Svare said. "It depends on how he feels. What I really want is to have him and the other old guys ready in September when the season starts."

Svare is three years older than Unitas and played against him on two memorable occasions, in the 1958 and 1959 league-championship games, both won by Baltimore over the Giants. Svare was a Giant linebacker and is one of Unitas's strongest admirers.

"I couldn't keep him out of those agility drills," Svare said. "He just jumped right in there. He wants to work. He probably over the years has worked harder than any other quarterback. He is an admirable man. I wish he would take it easy. But it's hard to make him."

Staubach Ready as Cowboys Meet Rams in NFL Football

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (AP).—Quarterback Roger Staubach of the Dallas Cowboys probably gets pains in his right shoulder when he remembers last season's exhibition game against the Los Angeles Rams.

Staubach, scrambling about while looking for a receiver, collided with Ram linebacker Marlin McKeever and suffered a shoulder separation that sidelined him for most of the season.

He gets a chance for revenge against the Rams tonight when the two National Football League teams meet in a preseason game. McKeever is recovering from knee surgery and will not pose a problem for Staubach, who will receive a strong challenge from Craig Morton for the No. 1 quarterback assignment.

Morton, who guided the team last season when Staubach was injured, is back with the Cowboys following a contract dispute in which he reported late to camp.

The New York Jets play at Houston and Detroit is at Washington in two other contests as the NFL's preseason schedule gets under way.

New Los Angeles coach Chuck Knox leaves no doubt he wants to beat Dallas.

"We want to establish a winning attitude," he says. Veteran coach Tom Landry of the Cowboys wants to prove that reports of dissension at Dallas were exaggerated.

U.S. Record Set At Swim Meet

MISSION VIEJO, Calif., Aug. 3 (UPI).—Keena Rothhammer, 16, set an American record last night in the opening events of the Los Angeles Invitation Swim meet, clocking 4 minutes, 21.50 seconds in the women's 400-meter freestyle.

Rick Demont, who lost his Olympic gold medal at Munich because he used unauthorized medicine for his asthma, won the men's 400-meter freestyle in 4:02.29.

All-Pro End Jackson Cut by NFL Browns

HIRAM, Ohio, Aug. 3 (UPI).—The Cleveland Browns reduced their training camp roster to 64 yesterday by placing former all-pro defensive end Rich Jackson and rookie running back George Greenfield on waivers.

"We felt Jackson couldn't make the club under his present condition," said head coach Nick Skorich. "He couldn't compete and beat out the younger men on our team." Jackson, 32, is coming off knee surgery for removal of a torn cartilage.

Upsets Befall Top Seeds in Tennis Event

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 3 (UPI).—No. 2-seeded Tom Okker fell victim yesterday to Antonio Munoz in the third round of the National Tennis Classic here to cap a day of upsets.

Frustrated after falling behind three games in the first set, Okker of the Netherlands kicked a tennis ball into the gallery and then went on to lose to the Spaniard, 6-3, 6-4.

Earlier in the day, No. 5-seeded Marty Riessen was surprised by Australian Ross Case, 7-6, 6-4; favorite John Alexander was beaten by Guillermo Vilas, 6-2, 7-5, and Vitas Gerulaitis upset Dick Dell, 2-6, 7-5, 6-3.

With losses by Okker and Riessen, only three of the original eight seeded players in the 64-player tourney were left.

No. 3 seeded Nikki Pilic shook off a shakey first set to defeat Bob Carmichael, 7-5, 6-1; No. 4-seeded Manuel Orantes beat Georges Goven, 6-1, 6-2, and No. 6-seeded John Newcombe downed Ed Dibbs, 6-3, 6-3.

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Art Buchwald

Rock Around the Clock

WASHINGTON.—An estimated 600,000 young people showed up at Watkins Glen, N. Y., last weekend for a rock concert. That means there were 1,200,000 parents biting their nails and drinking booze to keep from thinking the worst about what was happening to their children.



Buchwald

I speak from personal experience because I donated a daughter to the concert. Actually I didn't give her to the concert. She gave herself. She announced in no uncertain terms that this concert was the most important thing in her life and if she missed it there would be nothing worth living for.

The fact that she had heard the same group, the Grateful Dead, three weeks earlier in RFK Stadium did not enter the picture. She hadn't, she pointed out, heard them at Watkins Glen—and if you didn't hear them at Watkins Glen then you just couldn't say you had heard them.

After my daughter departed in a Volkswagen with five other people, I had a lot of time to think about Watkins Glen—all night to be exact. Why would 600,000 youths drive hundreds of miles, wallow in the mud, bake in the sun and do without water and shelter to go to a rock concert that most of them couldn't even hear?

* * *

The answer is that all over this great country of ours there are millions of teen-agers aimlessly wandering around with *nothing to do and no place to go.*

Everyone needs a goal in life, and, when it was announced there was going to be a concert at Watkins Glen, it gave these rootless young people a place to head for.

In India, it would have been the Ganges; in the Middle East, it would have been Mecca. In the United States this year, it was Watkins Glen.

For the first time all summer, these 20th-century gypsies had a purpose in their traveling. They all turned and faced New York, some with cars, others with buses and many with nothing but their thumbs.

With a goal ahead of them, their lethargy left them and their spirits brightened. Now when they called their parents collect, they could say with pride that they were going *somewhere.*

What started out as a rock concert put on by a couple of smart promoters turned into a religious rite for which no sacrifice was too great to be where it was happening.

* * *

All over America bourgeois parents turned on their television sets to watch with trepidation as helicopters hired by the networks filmed the masses of humanity down below. There they were, 600,000 of our children, wall to wall, sitting on the hard ground, zonked out by bearded men screaming into electronic speakers that shattered the eardrums of anyone within 20 miles of the bandstand.

The big question every parent must have asked himself or herself was: "Where did we go wrong? You spent 18 years of your life seeing they got all their vitamins, making sure they did their homework, teaching them to brush their teeth, providing them with a security you never had. And the final result of it all was down below in some pasture land in New York State where they came to blow their minds."

But, as I have been told many times, it isn't for us to judge what our children do. Our only role in the summer of '73 is to accept their collect telephone calls so they can let us know they're still alive.

And so, as the sun came up over the Washington Monument, *I stood in my bathrobe on the* balcony facing New York State and the only thought I had was: "It could have been worse. We could have been living in Watkins Glen."

Fishing Festival

OSLO, Aug. 3 (Reuters).—Europe's deep-sea angling experts begin a two-day North Sea fishing festival off the west coast of Norway tomorrow, with *300 contestants.* Taking part in the festival, at the fishing port of Haudesund, are anglers from Britain, West Germany, the Netherlands and the Scandinavian countries.

Mary Blume

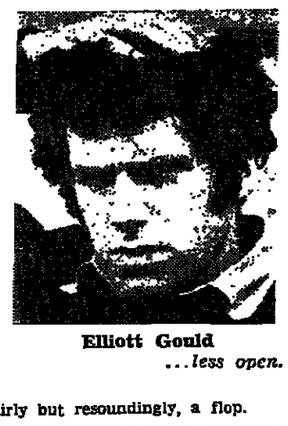
Elliott Gould: 'Seriousness Is Limitation'

PARIS (IHT).—Even before "Bob and Carol and Ted and Alice" came out, Elliott Gould was, according to the smart movie guys, the big coming star. He was. He had a Time cover, an article on his film production company in Fortune, an interminable interview in Playboy. The New York Times called him fantastically popular, the association of U.S. theater owners named him star of the year and, to his astonishment, the actor who doesn't know a wrinkle from a rumple but is a walking collection of both was named a Best-Dressed Man.

Then came consecration. Ingmar Bergman invited Gould to become his first non-Scandinavian star in "The Touch."

"He telephoned me and the minute I heard his voice on the telephone I knew I'd say yes," says Gould in Paris's L'Hôtel. He adds, "Mind you, a friend later said he talked to me on the phone like you talk to a dog but"—amiable shrug—"I talk to a dog the way I talk to my children."

Asked what he got from the Bergman experience, Gould replies simply and sincerely: "Everything." He left Stockholm full of plans to host Bergman's first visit to New York and take him to the Garden to see the Knicks. But Bergman never made the trip, in fact Gould has never seen Bergman again and "The Touch" was, unfairly but resoundingly, a flop.



Elliott Gould
...less open.

And then the bad times began. A film called "A Glimpse of Tiger" aborted in production amid rumors that Gould was nuts, was on drugs, had hit someone. Recently he told The New York Times *that Warner's then collected on an insurance policy,* saying Gould was crazy—a feat made possible, Gould explained, through some misunderstandings with his own lawyer. He was out of work for two years.

In order to return to the screen as Philip Marlowe in Robert Altman's version of the Raymond Chandler novel, "The Long Goodbye," Elliott had to pass a mental test.

He has made three pictures in a row: After "The Long Goodbye" he played, for the money, a vice cop in a film called "Busting" which will be out by Thanksgiving ("not that 'Busting' is anything to give thanks for," Gould observes), and he is now happily making "Wet Stuff" in Paris and London. He no longer has to have his sanity tested before filming starts.

"Now all they do is have me pee in a bottle and take my blood pressure," he says. How does it feel to be certified sane?

"It feels good," says Gould gently, "not that I had any doubts."

In "Wet Stuff," Gould and his "M.A.S.H." sidekick, Donald Sutherland, play CIA agents, each unaware of the other's identity (the repellent title is apparently spy slang for blood). The film is directed by Irvin Kershner, whose latest film, "Up the Sandbox," stars Gould's ex-wife Barbra Streisand doing, says Gould, her best work yet.

"Donald and I are very funny together," Gould says. "We're a sort of Laurel and Hardy gone straight. Or half straight. And Kershner is very serious. It makes a good balance."

Gould says he would like to buy a farm though he hasn't yet decided, he says, on which coast it will be. He'd also like to build an ark in Prospect Park. On the professional side, he has dropped out of his production company but thinks in the next decade he'll not only be producing and acting but also directing and designing sets.

By the time "Getting Straight" came out, Gould's early candor and goofy charm had atrophied into a standardized 1960s man-child—hairy, honest, baffling a whey-faced Establishment with hipster virtue. In "The Long Goodbye" this standard product has disappeared and Gould's Philip Marlowe has a new assurance and maturity. The key to the performance, Gould says, came from a line of Chandler's to the effect that in real life Marlowe would never have been a private eye. It is a beautifully judged performance.

These days, Gould is less open than he used to be, deep into metaphysics which has had very murky effects on his conversation though he can still spin a tidy aphorism ("Altman knows what, he doesn't know how. Kershner knows how, he doesn't know what"), and he has given Life with a capital L perhaps more attention than it deserves. He is a very scrupulous man. The view of existence that he is trying to have is essentially comic:

"Thought isn't necessary anymore," he says. "I don't think it ever was. As long as people keep thinking, I keep playing."

He plays on the "Wet Stuff" set every night at about 5 o'clock when everyone is cross and serious. "Seriousness is limitation. Authoritative inhibitions put on life limit life. Instead of being angry at 5 or 6 p.m. I get away with my jokes." His comic view of life *means resilience and adaptability: He has referred to himself as* a rubber man who keeps bouncing back.

"Donald said the other day he hadn't finished. Then, I said, I haven't started. Because in fact there are no ends. It's got to flip-flop."

The flop period of his life was, he now thinks, inevitable, hastened perhaps by working with Bergman. "After working with him I had some difficulties because things became transparent to me.

"Now," he laughs, "they have me making a comeback. I've never even been here before."

Gould says he wouldn't have missed his hard times for the world. "People seem to categorize dark periods as very prejudicial. It was very important, the most important time for me. I drew a mustache and a beauty mark on Bergman's picture. The mustache is like a cat's whiskers and the beauty mark is my own joke."

How else did he spent the two out-of-work years? "I fathered two kids and spent time in my neighborhood. I figured things out. I worried some of the time."

The two children, whose mother is Jennie Bogart, are called Molly Sapphire and Sam Bazooka. "Molly is a sapphire," Elliott explains. "Bazooka is just my little joke. He can call himself anything he wants." He also has a son, Jason Emmanuel, by Barbra Streisand.

"Jason's really maturing, or calming down," Gould says. Jason is 6. "He told me, I don't know what to do. I said, nobody does. Don't feel out of sorts if you have nothing to do for yourself, you can always find something to do for someone else. He heard me. He knows I have his number. One of my biggest accomplishments is getting back to him and getting his number."

Does he have yours? "I don't really have one. He knows his mother's. He knows mine whatever it is at the time.

"He's great, he makes pictures. I told him I would get him the best Super-8 equipment for his seventh birthday. He could probably make his first feature at 10.

"He made a deal. I gave him a cigar and he knows when we smoke cigars it's business. He got me for nine weeks for $121. He got me for one of the two leads."

Who's the other? "Guess who," says Gould discreetly.

A sudden whoosh of wings and one of L'Hôtel's caged birds flies by. "Hey a bird got out!" says Gould, beaming. "That's great."

PEOPLE: *San Francisco Pays Tribute to Cable Cars*

On Aug. 2, 1873, inventor **Andrew Hallidie** piloted San Francisco's first cable car down Nob Hill at 5 a.m.—there would be fewer people around if something went wrong. He was on time. Thursday, the Dinkie, as the car is called, made the early morning run again while bagpipes skirled, jazz bands played and firecrackers popped. It was 40 minutes late to its own birthday party in Portsmouth Square.

Crammed with dignitaries, the Dinkie traveled on the back of a flatbed truck since the underground cable has long since been removed from Clay Street where the first run took place. Forty of the 600 cable cars which once plied San Francisco streets are still in service.

"We even have the same kind of fog Hallidie had," noted Mayor **Joseph L. Alioto.** One of the speakers at the street party afterwards was Larry Lewis, 106, the former waiter who jogs in Golden Gate Park every morning. He was 6 years old when the Dinkie first came down Nob Hill.

There are no reports on how Portsmouth Square residents reacted to the early morning din. But everyone on the street got a souvenir certificate.

* * *

Johnnie Lee Fegion is suing **Solomon Fegion,** her husband of 28 years, for divorce because he "spends all his money on other women." She is 100 years old and he, 103. "I wanted to stay with him," she said, "but he wouldn't stop chasing after women." Each has been married and divorced once before. They live in Stockton, Calif. Mrs. Fegion has no intention of marrying again: "No sir, I don't want no husband now. I just want to live happy and go to church when I feel good."

* * *

Jacqueline Onassis made her annual shopping tour of Athens Thursday, buying dresses, hats and Greek handicrafts. She was accompanied by her children **John,** 12, and **Caroline,** 16, from her marriage to the late President Kennedy. Mrs. Onassis and her husband, shipping tycoon Aristotle Onassis, sailed into Athens Wednesday aboard their yacht, the Christina.

* * *

Queen Elizabeth has chosen a replacement for her gelding Burmese from five horses offered to her in Ottawa by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to mark the force's centennial. Her pick is Jerry, a 3-year-old black gelding, 16 hands high, sired by Alpon, a grandsire of *Man O' War.* The queen will ride Jerry in parades and ceremonies. The horse had been given to the Mounties in 1969 by the New York State Jockey Club.

* * *

Kenichi Horie, who 11 years ago became the first man to sail the Pacific alone, has slipped out of a small port near Osaka in a second attempt to make a solo voyage around the world. Reports say that the 34-year-old adventurer left Japan Wednesday on the 31,000-mile voyage aboard Mermaid III, a 34-foot, single-masted boat. He is said to have enough food for 280 to 290 days. Horie's first round-the-world attempt last November ended in near disaster: he was rescued after drifting for eight days in the Pacific with broken masts. Two Britons have previously made the round-the-world voyage, Chay Blyth in the record time of 292 days in 1971.

* * *

INDUCTED: Bandleader **Lawrence Welk** into the golfing hall of fame in his native state of North Dakota Thursday by the North Dakota Golf Association. CELEBRATING: Cellist **Pablo Casals** and his wife **Martita,** their 16th wedding anniversary. The 97-year-old musician and his *36-year-old wife marked the* anniversary Thursday at a dinner with old friends in New York. A BAD JOKE: **Manoucine's** (Germaine Germain) engagement to a Corsican shepherd by the name of **Pascal Temburini.** Seems no bans have been published in Bastia and that no one in Corsica knows a shepherd by the name of Pascal. Friends say that the rumor was started by a young Corsican filmmaker.

* * *

At first, composer **Gian Carlo Menotti** thought it was a joke. But when he found out that the Congress of Anthropological and Ethnological Sciences was serious, he wrote the opera they had asked for, "Tamu-Tamu," a two-act work. The first performance will be at the congress's ninth international meeting in Chicago during the first week of September. "As far as I know, this is the first time a group of scientists have commissioned an opera," Menotti said.

—SAMUEL JUSTICE

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